



INDIGENOUS PEOPLES INDIGENOUS VOICES

Training of Trainers on Indigenous Peoples' Issues ILO International Training Centre, Turin 8-11 June 2009

Guiding Principles for Effective Participation by Indigenous Peoples





Overview

- Including indigenous peoples' issues in country analysis
- Guiding principles
- What exactly does FPIC involve?

Include indigenous peoples' issues in country or situation analysis!

- Are indigenous peoples adequately included in the country analysis and strategies for poverty reduction and in the MDG Report?
- Are indigenous peoples' rights included in the general discussion on human rights issues?
- Has the country ratified any human rights or other treaties of specific relevance to indigenous peoples? If so, which ones?
- If so, are indigenous peoples included in the reporting processes and in the implementation of recommendations of human rights treaty bodies or the ILO supervisory bodies?

Include indigenous peoples' issues in country or situation analysis!

- Are indigenous peoples involved in other human rights monitoring mechanisms (e.g., visits by Special Rapporteurs of the Human Rights Council)?
- Are there any public institutions (including national human rights commissions or statutory bodies responsible for indigenous affairs etc) or civil society organizations with a track record for facilitating indigenous peoples' participation and development?

Guiding principles for effective participation

- Mutual respect and consent, transparency and accountability among partners
- Convergence and common understanding of substantial objectives, strategies, activities, outputs and expected impacts between and among the partners rather than separate institutional objectives
- Focus on strengthening indigenous peoples' participation and influence in policy and decision-making processes
- Focus on capacity development, its conceptualization and design as a long-term process with clear progression and benchmarks

Guiding principles for effective participation (cont.)

- Capacity development is most effective when it involves all parties, e.g. indigenous peoples, UN system, government officials, other relevant actors, public in general;
- Joint planning, implementation and evaluation with partners: understand partnerships as shared learning processes, document the experiences and lessons learned and share with other partners, across countries and regions
- Make UN more accessible; more proactive outreach by UN

Key elements of FPIC: Free and Prior

- Consent #consultation!
- Free: No coercion, intimidation of manipulation

Prior:

- Sufficiently in advance of any authorization or commencement of activities
- Respects time requirements of indigenous consultation/consensus processes

Key elements of FPIC: Informed

- Information provided and properly discussed on (at least) the following aspects:
 - The nature, size, pace, reversibility and scope of any proposed project or activity
 - The reasons or purpose of the project/activity
 - The duration
 - The locality of areas that will be affected
 - Preliminary assessment of likely economic, social, cultural and environmental impact
 - Personnel likely to be involved in the execution of the project
 - Procedures that the project may entail

Key elements of FPIC: Consent

- Consultation and participation are crucial components of a consent process
- Consultation should be undertaken in good faith, in an atmosphere of mutual respect
- Full and equitable participation
- Right to say "no"

Thank you very much!

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