



LAND IS LIFE

Boletín de noticias sobre pueblos indígenas y COVID 19

Del 2 al 8 de mayo 2020

1. America Latina

Opi denuncia: em meio à pandemia de COVID-19, Funai põe em curso processo de desmonte do trabalho com índios isolados no Mato Grosso

Em meio à grave crise de saúde, econômica e política que assola o Brasil, o Observatório dos Direitos Humanos dos Povos Indígenas Isolados e de Recente Contato (*Opi*) vem a público repudiar a Portaria nº 555/PRES da Funai, publicada ontem (04/05) no Diário Oficial da União, a qual exonera o servidor Marco Antônio Fagundes de Paula Oliveira e nomeia Francisco das Chagas Lopes da Rocha para exercer o cargo em comissão de Chefe de Serviço da Frente de Proteção Etnoambiental Madeirinha-Juruena (FPEMJ), no estado do Mato Grosso.

<https://povosisolados.com/2020/05/05/opi-denuncia-em-meio-a-pandemia-de-covid-19-funai-poe-em-curso-processo-de-desmonte-do-trabalho-com-indios-isolados-no-mato-grosso-mt/>

We are on the eve of a genocide': Brazil urged to save Amazon tribes from Covid-19

Brazilian photographer Sebastiao Salgado and his wife Lélia Wanick launched an online petition, signed by thousands of people, including celebrities from around the world, to demand urgent measures from their country's public powers to protect the

indigenous people of the Amazon from the coronavirus. in one of the most affected nations in Latin America.

[https://www.theguardian.com/world/2020/may/03/eve-of-genocide-brazil-urged-save-amazon-tribes-covid-19-sebastiao-salgado?
fbclid=IwAR27VglpwtzpZ7FuPv9XvV0XXZwzifXPmyoGc5GkvcsI2b6fcXKfI105RKc](https://www.theguardian.com/world/2020/may/03/eve-of-genocide-brazil-urged-save-amazon-tribes-covid-19-sebastiao-salgado?fbclid=IwAR27VglpwtzpZ7FuPv9XvV0XXZwzifXPmyoGc5GkvcsI2b6fcXKfI105RKc)

Brazil's Indigenous People Call for WHO Emergency Fund to Fight Coronavirus

Indigenous leaders in Brazil asked the World Health Organization (WHO) to set up an emergency fund to help protect their communities from the threat of the coronavirus pandemic.

In a letter to WHO head Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus they asked for help to provide personal protective equipment that is unavailable to health workers in tribal reservations and villages.

"It is a real emergency," Joenia Wapichana, the leader of the appeal to the WHO and the first indigenous woman elected to Brazil's Congress, told Reuters.

"Indigenous people are vulnerable and have no protection."

<https://www.nytimes.com/reuters/2020/05/05/world/americas/05reuters-health-coronavirus-brazil-indigenous.html>

Amazon indigenous groups launch international fund to fight coronavirus

Indigenous groups from nine countries in the Amazon basin called on Wednesday for donations to help protect 3 million rainforest inhabitants who are vulnerable to the spread of the novel coronavirus because they lack adequate access to healthcare.

[https://in.reuters.com/article/health-coronavirus-amazon-indigenous/amazon-indigenous-groups-launch-international-fund-to-fight-coronavirus-idINKBN22J0CQ?
utm_campaign=Hot
%20News&utm_medium=email&_hsmi=87567112&_hsenc=p2ANqtz-
9Q0h2Li7JK1gVVwjAMHIdLEvuGHvTXhu_1XWZ9qsoHSI3ZQf9w9wqHw6-
Mx4cqhatXBhJN&utm_content=87567112&utm_source=hs_email](https://in.reuters.com/article/health-coronavirus-amazon-indigenous/amazon-indigenous-groups-launch-international-fund-to-fight-coronavirus-idINKBN22J0CQ?utm_campaign=Hot%20News&utm_medium=email&_hsmi=87567112&_hsenc=p2ANqtz-9Q0h2Li7JK1gVVwjAMHIdLEvuGHvTXhu_1XWZ9qsoHSI3ZQf9w9wqHw6-Mx4cqhatXBhJN&utm_content=87567112&utm_source=hs_email)

Índios protestam em frente a hospital do AM durante visita de Nelson Teich

Representantes da comunidade indígena Witoto aproveitaram a visita da comitiva do Ministro da Saúde em Manaus protestaram por melhores atendimentos e atenção à saúde para os índios do Alto Solimões.

<https://g1.globo.com/am/amazonas/noticia/2020/05/04/com-mais-de-100-infectados-indios-acompanham-visita-do-ministerio-da-saude-a-manaus-e-pedem-atencao-vidas-indigenas-importam.ghtml>

Garimpeiros, grileiros e madeireiros não fazem quarentena e avançam sobre a floresta e povos indígenas. Entrevista especial com Dom Roque Paloschi

Enquanto o mundo se recolhe e segue as recomendações dos órgãos de saúde para manter o distanciamento social como forma de conter o avanço do novo coronavírus, a quarentena parece não ter o mesmo efeito sobre quem pratica ações ilegais na região amazônica. denuncia O arcebispo de Porto Velho, Dom Roque Paloschi denuncia que não é só a quarentena que faz crescer os ataques a povos indígenas, havendo um agravante ainda maior: “os contínuos discursos do governo do Brasil em incentivar as invasões, com sua retórica desenvolvimentista”.

<http://www.ihu.unisinos.br/159-noticias/entrevistas/598636-garimpeiros-grileiros-e-madeireiros-nao-fazem-quarentena-e-avancam-sobre-a-floresta-e-povos-indigenas-entrevista-especial-com-dom-roque-paloschi>

Coronavirus en Brasil: Manaus, la ciudad azotada por la pandemia que cava fosas comunes y reclama ayuda

Amazonas tiene una de las tasas de infección más altas de Brasil. Y también uno de los sistemas de salud con menos fondos, una combinación que ha llevado el caos al corazón de la selva. En abril, Manaus registró un aumento del 578% en el número de personas que murieron por problemas respiratorios.

Las comunidades indígenas de las zonas urbanas denuncian el estado de abandono que sufren, y el subregistro de casos de contagios.

<https://www.bbc.com/mundo/noticias-america-latina-52530718>

Sebastião Salgado lanza manifiesto por protección de indígenas contra COVID-19

O fotógrafo brasileiro Sebastião Salgado enviou uma carta aberta ao presidente Jair Bolsonaro, assinada por celebridades como Brad Pitt e Madonna, pedindo "medidas urgentes" para salvar os povos indígenas da Amazônia da pandemia de coronavírus.

<https://www.otempo.com.br/diversao/sebastiao-salgado-lanca-manifesto-por-protecao-de-indigenas-contra-covid-19-1.2332681>

Difunden microserie animada sobre Covid-19 y pueblos indígenas

Con el objetivo de difundir y reforzar la información mínima necesaria sobre el Covid-19 en los pueblos indígenas de la Amazonía; un equipo de intérpretes, comunicadores y educadores bilingües estrenan una microserie animada sobre los impactos del virus en las comunidades. El material consta de 4 capítulos que responden a la realidad de las comunidades amazónicas.

<http://www.servindi.org/actualidad-noticias/05/05/2020/edicion-difunden-microserie-animada-sobre-covid-19-y-pueblos>

El coronavirus en la Amazonía peruana: entre la inacción estatal y las respuestas de los pueblos indígenas en defensa de la vida

A más de 50 días de haberse decretado un Estado de Emergencia Nacional en Perú, no existe un marco operativo claro, intercultural, intersectorial, multinivel y con enfoque en los derechos humanos, que dirija las acciones estatales para los pueblos indígenas frente a la pandemia. Hoy estamos ante un peligro flagrante a la vida, como han advertido los pueblos indígenas amazónicos ante Naciones Unidas. Y han sido las propias organizaciones indígenas quienes han empujado orgánicamente las acciones de contingencias al avance del COVID-19, con reclamos y denuncias, pero también con propuestas activas contundentes de abajo hacia arriba.

<https://www.forestpeoples.org/es/coronavirus-en-la-amazonia-peruana-y-la-respuesta-indigena-a-la-inaccion-estatal>



Ecuador Indigenous Community Fears Extinction From COVID-19

The Siekopai nation along the border between Ecuador and Peru, with some 744 members, has 15 confirmed cases of the virus and two elderly leaders died in the last two weeks after showing symptoms of COVID-19, the group said.

"There are barely 700 of us. In the past we were victims of this type of disease and today we don't want history to be repeated," President Justino Piaguaje said in a meeting held via social media the last 4h may.

<https://www.nytimes.com/reuters/2020/05/05/world/americas/05reuters-health-coronavirus-ecuador-indigenous.html>

Deforestation of Amazon rainforest accelerates amid COVID-19 pandemic

An historic assault is being waged on the Amazon rainforest and the indigenous people who have called it home for thousands of years as the world's population takes shelter from the COVID-19 pandemic. Deforestation in the Brazilian Amazon rose more than 50% in the first three months of 2020 compared to the same three-month period last year, according to [preliminary satellite data](#) released by the Brazilian Space Agency's deforestation monitoring system.

<https://abcnews.go.com/International/deforestation-amazon-rainforest-accelerates-amid-covid-19-pandemic/story?id=70526188>

Saberes ancestrales de los adultos mayores, en riesgo de desaparecer por el covid-19

Dos adultos mayores y fuentes de conocimiento para la Nación Siekopai, han fallecido en el mes de abril por problemas respiratorios, debido a un posible contagio con el covid-19. Uno era un gran conocedor de la arquitectura ancestral siekopai e ideador de varias infraestructuras que siguen en pie en la comunidad de Wa'iyá. El otro, un experto en la medicina tradicional y uno de los últimos bebedores del yagé. La llegada del virus en las comunidades Siekopai alerta sobre la posible pérdida de todos los conocimientos ancestrales que no tienen ningún registro escrito y que constan únicamente en la memoria de los abuelos de cada comunidad.



<https://www.elcomercio.com/tendencias/saberes-ancestrales-riesgo-covid19-coronavirus.html>

Colombia's former president says COVID-19 shows the importance of listening to indigenous peoples on how we treat the planet

Former President of Colombia Juan Manuel Santos implores world leaders to listen to indigenous peoples, especially on the environment. The coronavirus pandemic is yet another global threat requiring us to reimagine our relationship with nature.

<https://www.weforum.org/agenda/2020/05/juan-manuel-santos-colombia-indigenous-peoples-coronavirus-pandemic-climate-change-environment-nature/>

Perú: veinte comunidades indígenas expuestas al COVID-19 tras llegada de once casos positivos a su territorio

Once de las 21 personas de la comitiva de la Municipalidad de Trompeteros (Loreto, Peru) que viajaban en la embarcación Tocache para entregar víveres a por lo menos 20 comunidades nativas del río Corrientes, han dado positivo a la enfermedad causada por el coronavirus.

La fuerte preocupación de las comunidades para el riesgo real de contagio; la denuncia por la falta de medidas de prevención y la crítica situación de Loreto, una de las regiones en Perú más golpeadas por el coronavirus.

<https://es.mongabay.com/2020/05/peru-covid19-comunidades-indigenas/>

Pandemia de los pueblos olvidados

Casos de violencias y contagio en comunidades del pueblo Qom; En Río Negro, comunidades originarias conformaron la Mesa de Emergencia Territorial Mapuche de Río Negro; el llamado de la comunidad mbya guaraní Takuapí Mirí.

<https://www.pagina12.com.ar/263653-pandemia-de-los-pueblos-olvidados>

2. America del Norte

Irish Return an Old Favor, Helping Native Americans Battling the Virus

In 1847 the Choctaw people sent \$170 to help during the potato famine. Irish donors are citing that gesture as they help two tribes during the Covid-19 pandemic.

<https://www.nytimes.com/2020/05/05/world/coronavirus-ireland-native-american-tribes.html?smid=tw-share>

Health center targets Albuquerque Native population for COVID testing

Statewide, Native Americans account for 56% of those who've tested positive for the virus, while making up just 11% of the state population. Reported data from the Navajo Nation, as well as Zuni, Zia, San Felipe, and Kewa Pueblos, provides some data about which tribal communities are grappling with virus outbreaks. But those reports only represent about 28% of the known cases in the state.

<http://nmindepth.com/2020/05/08/health-center-targets-albuquerque-native-population-for-covid-testing/>

Urban Indigenous Response to COVID-19

The Indigenous peoples of Canada contend with unique and heightened challenges in the face of the mounting COVID-19 pandemic.

<http://nationtalk.ca/story/urban-indigenous-response-to-covid-%e2%80%8b19>

Data gaps exist on COVID-19 cases in Indigenous communities, says research fellow

Leaders and academics have concerns the data being collected and reported on COVID-19 cases in Indigenous communities isn't presenting a full picture. The number of cases of COVID-19 in First Nations reserves continues to rise this week, according to data reported by Indigenous Services Canada.

<https://www.cbc.ca/news/indigenous/coronavirus-indigenous-data-gap-1.5556676>



Lessons learned during H1N1 guide Ottawa's response to COVID-19 in First Nations

The federal government is looking to hire paramedics who can fly up to remote First Nations in case there's a surge of COVID-19 cases — evidence, officials say, of a different approach to Indigenous health care than during the H1N1 outbreak.

<https://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/manitoba/h1n1-lesson-covid-19-response-first-nations-1.5559948>

COVID-19 numbers from provincial, First Nations data sharing agreement won't be made public without consent

Manitoba health officials have struck what they say is a first-of-its-kind agreement with First Nations leaders to track and share COVID-19 data, but the public may not see specifics of what the unique agreement yields.

<https://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/manitoba/manitoba-first-nations-data-covid-19-1.5560706>

3. Africa

The challenge with African countries promoting traditional cures for Covid-19 without research

After seeing traditional Zulu healers using the medicinal plant *Sutherlandia Frutescens* or Cancer bush to treat HIV/AIDS patients during the height of the South African epidemic in the late 1990s it would take a health authorities a full year before the efficacy of the herbs could even be fully tested by scientists.

<https://qz.com/africa/1852069/african-countries-want-to-boost-traditional-cures-for-covid-19/>

Is Lengana the Cure? Healers association back Madagascar for Covid-19 cure.

The African National Healers Association (ANHA) on Wednesday said it was eagerly awaiting the outcome of an African Union study of the Madagascar COVID-19 tonic named Covid-Organics. The ANHA has congratulated Madagascar for trusting its indigenous medicine, saying it was disappointed when South Africa turned down its suggestion to research and use the herb.

<https://ewn.co.za/2020/05/07/is-lengana-the-cure-healers-association-back-madagascar-for-covid-19-cure>

4. Asia

Lockdown Lessons: 4 Reasons Why India's North-east is Winning the Fight Against COVID-19

The total population of North-east India is 46 million, which is about four per cent of the national population. With only about 0.26 per cent of the reported COVID-19 positive cases across the country so far, the region seems to have done well in containing the spread of the virus.


This statistic especially stands out in the light of several reported cases of racial discrimination towards its people, who are being targeted as suspected carriers of the virus in many Indian cities.

https://www.thebetterindia.com/225425/fight-against-covid-19-coronavirus-post-lockdown-north-east-states-pandemic-india/amp/?__twitter_impression=true

Indigenous people more at risk during coronavirus pandemic

Indigenous communities are more at risk of contracting coronavirus due to a higher prevalence of chronic health conditions, health experts say.

When cases of COVID-19 began spreading across NSW there was fear and misunderstanding, Western NSW Local Health District (LHD) executive director Aboriginal health and wellbeing Brendon Cutmore said.



<https://www.standard.net.au/story/6749806/we-are-worried-i-think-everyone-is-worried-about-indigenous-communities/?cs=7>

Why self-determination is vital for Indigenous communities to beat coronavirus

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people know very well the challenges of dealing with infectious diseases introduced from overseas to which the people have no immunity. Historically, epidemics have brought a double threat: first to Indigenous health, then to Indigenous self-determination. Compared to the past, this time Indigenous people have been more able to take measures to protect their communities from disease. Nevertheless, history shows community-controlled responses must remain a priority. To beat COVID-19, Indigenous self-determination is vital.

<https://theconversation.com/why-self-determination-is-vital-for-indigenous-communities-to-beat-coronavirus-137611>


We don't know how long Covid-19 will impact Meeanjin Markets but we're ready for business.

The South-East Queensland Indigenous Chamber of Commerce is made up of business owners running small to large operations. In the past few years the chamber has seen a growth in First Nations people wanting to start a business. There is a remarkable pool of creativity out there. Indigenous people of all ages, business ideas and skillsets are wanting to take the leap.

<https://www.theguardian.com/commentisfree/2020/may/07/we-dont-know-how-long-covid-19-will-impact-the-market-scene-but-were-ready-for-business>

NT Indigenous rangers take to skies to care for country during coronavirus

Aboriginal communities in the Northern Territory were declared bio-security controlled zones under the Biosecurity Act 2015 to prevent the spread of COVID-19, making crucial fire management in those remote areas almost impossible to conduct on foot. But ranger Mohammed Douglas said they had developed a solution to ensure they could continue to care for country. "Because we can't get out on country, on the ground, we have to do it from the air," he said.



<https://www.abc.net.au/news/2020-05-08/coronavirus-restrictions-indigenous-rangers-fire-management/12214714>

Aboriginal Australians Take Music to The World During COVID-19 Lockdown

Locked down in COVID-19 biosecurity zones, thousands of kilometers from Australia's big cities, aboriginal artists are performing online to global audiences for the first time. Musicians from northeast Arnhem Land in the Northern Territory are joining the worldwide trend of artists in lockdown performing from home.

<https://www.voanews.com/covid-19-pandemic/aboriginal-australians-take-music-world-during-covid-19-lockdown>

Coronavirus threatens first residents of India's Andaman Islands

After 33 coronavirus cases were reported in India's Andaman and Nicobar Islands, a remote crescent of 572 islands in the Bay of Bengal, experts began worrying about the indigenous people who live there.

<https://asia.nikkei.com/Spotlight/Coronavirus/Coronavirus-threatens-first-residents-of-India-s-Andaman-Islands>

Pandemic poses special threat to indigenous health, culture

In Indonesia's easternmost province, felled trees are stacked to block a road that leads to Papuan villages. On the Thai-Myanmar border, the Karen people have also made makeshift barricades and marked them with signs warning visitors away. Across the globe, the coronavirus pandemic has left indigenous peoples at particular risk because so many have poorer health and less access to health care than their non-indigenous peers.

<https://wtop.com/asia/2020/05/pandemic-poses-special-threat-to-indigenous-health-culture/>

5. Organizaciones Regionales/ Internacionales

CIDH pide a Estados tomar medidas ante vulnerabilidad de PP. II.

La Comisión Interamericana de Derechos Humanos (CIDH) urge a los Estados a enfrentar el grave riesgo en el que se encuentran los pueblos indígenas y a adoptar medidas urgentes para proteger el derecho a la salud de esta población. En particular, la Comisión hace una advertencia sobre la situación de especial vulnerabilidad en la que se encuentran los pueblos indígenas, particularmente aquellos en aislamiento voluntario y contacto inicial, y resalta la necesidad de elaborar respuestas específicas para este colectivo, que sean respetuosas de su cosmovisión y diversidad cultural.

Retomando la Resolución Nro. 1/2020 la Comisión adiciona algunas nuevas recomendaciones en cuanto a la protección de los derechos de los pueblos indígenas.

<http://www.servindi.org/actualidad-noticias/07/05/2020/alertan-sobre-la-vulnerabilidad-de-los-pueblos-y-llaman-los-estados>

Texto completo: <http://www.oas.org/es/cidh/prensa/comunicados/2020/103.asp>

Filac: los pueblos indígenas, en grave riesgo frente a la pandemia del coronavirus

El Fondo para el Desarrollo de los Pueblos Indígenas de América Latina y el Caribe (FILAC) y el Foro Indígena del Abya Yala (FIAY) presentan un primer informe regional titulado "Los Pueblos Indígenas ante la pandemia del COVID-19".

El documento de 48 páginas ofrece datos relevantes de la pandemia en la región, pues la enfermedad del COVID-19 ha puesto en manifiesto las desigualdades en las que viven muchos pueblos indígenas, desde épocas coloniales, y que se han agudizado actualmente en salud, pobreza, marginación y otras amenazas.

<https://www.france24.com/es/20200507-pueblos-indigenas-pandemia-covid19-latinoamericano>

Informe completo: http://indigenascovid19.red/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/FILAC_FIAY_primer-informe-PI_COVID19.pdf

África subsahariana: Las respuestas gubernamentales a la COVID-19 deben garantizar la protección de los derechos de las mujeres y las niñas

“Las autoridades del África subsahariana deben garantizar que sus respuestas a la pandemia de COVID-19 incluyen protecciones específicas para los derechos de las mujeres y las niñas”, afirman Amnistía Internacional, Women's Link Worldwide y la Federación Internacional de Planificación de la Familia Región de África (IPPFAR) en un informe publicado hoy.

<https://www.amnesty.org/es/latest/news/2020/05/subsaharan-africa-government-responses-to-covid-should-guarantee-the-protection-of-women/>

6. Reflexiones

Jane Goodall: COVID-19 Is a Product of Our Unhealthy Relationship With Animals and the Environment

We need to assure that local people, whose lives directly depend on and are impacted by the health of the environment, own and drive good conservation decisions in their own communities as they work to improve their lives. Finally, we need to connect our brains with our hearts and appropriately use our indigenous knowledge, science and innovative technologies to make wiser decisions about people, animals and our shared environment.

<https://www.ecowatch.com/jane-goodall-covid19-2645922488.html?rebelltitem=7#rebelltitem7>

Coronavírus: O que podemos aprender com um xamã da Amazônia? Parte 2: Criação do mundo e a mitologia Yanomami

Aproximaciones a la cosmovisión Yanomami en época de pandemia: segunda parte de una serie de artículos basada en el libro "La caída del cielo: palabras de un chamán yanomami" de Davi Kopenawa y el antropólogo francés Bruce Albert .

<https://amazoniareal.com.br/coronavirus-o-que-podemos-aprender-com-um-xama-da-amazonia-parte-2-criacao-do-mundo-e-a-mitologia-yanomami/>

¿Reactivación con infección? El plan de reactivación económica contrapone lo económico a la salud de la población indígena

Hace unos días, el Presidente peruano Martín Vizcarra anunció los avances en el Plan de Reactivación Económica del país, una vez finalizada la cuarentena nacional. Entre los primeros sectores en reactivarse, estarían las industrias extractivas, particularmente la gran minería, los hidrocarburos y los proyectos de interés nacional.

Hace 50 días se inició la cuarentena nacional y todavía no se cuenta con un plan de atención a los pueblos indígenas amazónicos.

Está el país listo para este paso? En la selva, donde se desarrollan las principales actividades de hidrocarburos del país, la actividad forestal y algunos de los proyectos prioritarios, la situación no está bajo control.

Hace 50 días se inició la cuarentena nacional y todavía no se cuenta con un plan de atención a los pueblos indígenas amazónicos.

<https://ibrehaut.lamula.pe/2020/05/05/reactivacion-con-infeccion/ibrehaut/>

“Diante da pandemia, primeira medida que devemos exigir é a demarcação de todos os territórios indígenas”

“Diante a pandemia, a primeira medida que devemos exigir de imediato é a demarcação de todas das terras indígenas. Não há condição deles viverem nessa situação de vulnerabilidade permanente”, lembrou Roberto Liebgott, coordenador do Conselho Indigenista Missionário (Cimi) Regional Sul durante mesa no Acampamento Terra Livre 2020, que ocorreu online na última semana.

<https://cimi.org.br/2020/05/diante-pandemia-primeira-medida-que-devemos-exigir-e-a-demarcacao-de-todos-os-territorios-indigenas/>

BOLSONARISMO E A COVID-19: Um cenário que atualiza uma política estatal de extermínio dos indígenas

O governo Bolsonaro é o protagonista deste atual momento histórico e com ele, vem uma avalanche de problemas, além da pandemia da Covid-19 que, até o momento da escrita deste texto, ceifou a vida de sete indígenas, todos da região amazônica: seis deles em Manaus (Amazonas) e um jovem Yanomami em Boa Vista (Roraima), que foi enterrado em um cemitério urbano sem que seus familiares soubessem e

autorizassem.

<https://diplomatie.org.br/um-cenario-que-atualiza-uma-politica-estatal-de-extermínio-dos-indigenas/>

The indigenous communities that predicted Covid-19

For hundreds of years, indigenous groups have warned that destroying the environment leads to disease and adversely affects lives and culture. Is the world now ready to listen?

<http://www.bbc.com/travel/story/20200503-the-indigenous-communities-that-predicted-covid-19?ocid=ww.social.link.twitter>

7. Boletines específicos sobre contagio de los PPII

Colombia

Boletín 022 del 7 de mayo 2020:

- 13 pueblos indígenas afectados;
- 45 casos confirmados;
- registra un total de 315.724 familias indígenas en alerta por probabilidad de contagio;
- 137 resguardos con comunidades en riesgo y que suman 80.944 familias al interior de resguardos (25.6%) y 232.641 familias que habitan sus territorios ancestrales (73.6%), Comunidades en contexto de ciudad 2139 (0,67%);
- Recomienda implementar sin más dilaciones una campaña de detección temprana de casos sintomáticos y asintomáticos a nivel de los pueblos y naciones indígenas.

<https://www.onic.org.co/boletines-osv/3846-boletin-022-sistema-de-monitoreo-territorial-smt-onic-informacion-para-proteger-la-vida-y-los-territorios>

Alerta en el departamento de Amazonas - Colombia por la inminente amenaza de la pandemia Covid-19 a los Pueblos Indígenas

<https://www.onic.org.co/comunicados-regionales/3825-alerta-en-el-departamento-de-amazonas-colombia-por-la-inminente-amenaza-de-la-pandemia-covid-19-a-los-pueblos-indigenas>

Brasil

Boletín del ISA (Instituto SocioAmbiental):

<https://covid19.socioambiental.org/>

Boletín Epidemiológico del SESAI (Secretaria Especial de Salud Indígena de Brasil):

<http://www.saudeindigena.net.br/coronavirus/mapaEp.php>

Para ambos boletines, la información deriva de los 34 Distritos Sanitários Especiais Indígenas (DSEI), validados por el Departamento de Atenção à Saúde Indígena (DASI).

El Boletín del 7 de mayo reporta **176** casos confirmados en áreas rurales y 14 fallecidos.

Los DSEI más afectados son Alto Río de Solimoes, Manaus y Parintins.

#13 Povo que teve primeiro caso de Covid-19 confirmado no Brasil, os Kokama agora registram o maior número de mortes

O primeiro caso confirmado de contaminação por Covid-19 entre indígenas brasileiros foi de uma jovem de 20 anos do povo Kokama, no dia 25 de março, no município amazonense Santo Antônio do Içá. O descaso do Governo Federal e da Secretaria Especial de Saúde Indígena (SESAI) fez com que a região seja, atualmente, o território com a maior quantidade de casos confirmados de indígenas com o novo coronavírus no Brasil e que o povo Kokama seja a população indígena com mais mortos até este momento.

<http://apib.info/2020/05/04/13-povo-que-teve-primeiro-caso-de-covid-19-confirmado-no-brasil-os-kokama-agora-registram-o-maior-numero-de-mortes/>

8. Casos Especiales

Indígenas sufren por agua, en medio de emergencia sanitaria, tras derrame de crudo en la Amazonía

El pasado 7 de abril la destrucción de tres ductos ha provocado la fuga de unos 15.000 barriles de petróleo y combustibles, según cifras oficiales, que se vertieron en ríos como el Napo, uno de los principales afluentes del Amazonas.

unos 27 000 personas de la nacionalidad kichwa y shuar asentados en las riberas de los ríos Coca y Napo, el cual atraviesa territorio peruano, se vieron afectados por la contaminación, que casi un mes después aún persiste.

<https://www.elcomercio.com/actualidad/indigenas-emergencia-derrame-crudo-amazonia.html>

Ecuador: la rotura del oleoducto OCP revela el impacto de construir en zonas de alto riesgo

El Oleoducto de Crudos Pesados (OCP) inició sus operaciones en 2003. En ese entonces, fue cuestionado por los peligros de atravesar una zona de alto riesgo geológico y de compartir la ruta con el Sistema de Oleoductos Trans Ecuatorianos (SOTE). A pesar de las advertencias, el oleoducto se construyó y 17 años después se agudizan los problemas que se previeron.

<https://es.mongabay.com/2020/05/ecuador-rotura-oleoducto-ocp-petroleo/>