

The Social Assistance Reform in China:

Towards a Fair and Inclusive Social Safety Net

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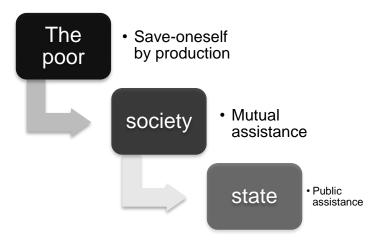


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1. Social Assistance in Planned Economic Period(1949-1980s)

- Assistance is the government's statutory duty
 - The poor should save-oneself by-production
 - Mutual assistance
 - government provide appropriate support
- Urban-rural divided social assistance
 - "state-enterprise" delivery system(urban)
 - "collective-family " delivery system(rural)



The relationship of the poor, society and state



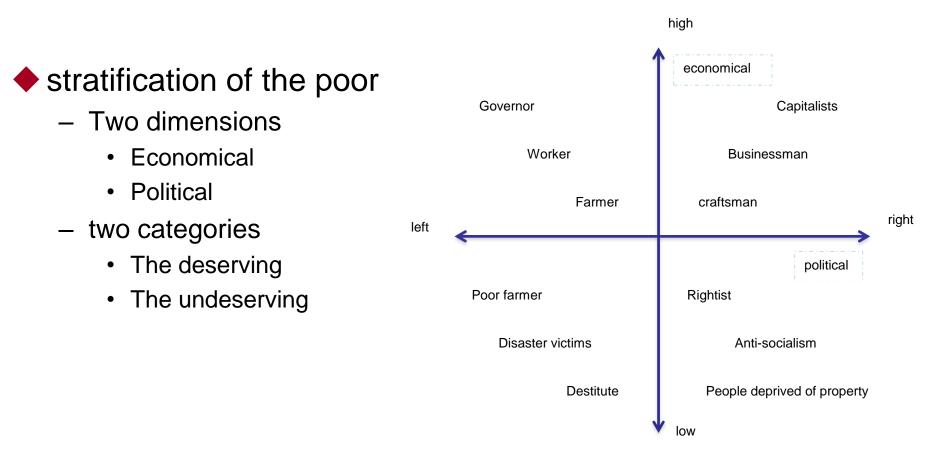
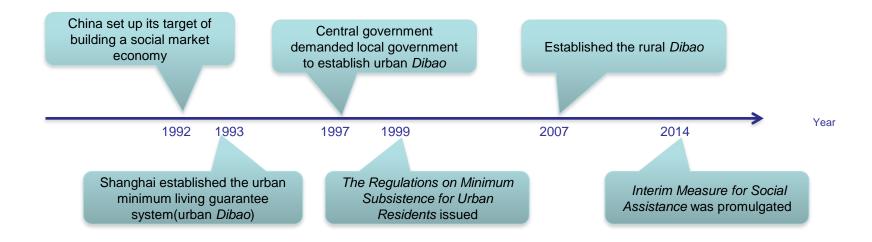


Figure: social assistance base on ideological-income in the period of planned economy



2. Social Assistance Reform Since 1990s

Dibao Program



The development of Dibao since 1993



Dibao integrates the fragmented safety net as a whole safety net

- People have right to assistance, and government have a statutory duty to provide support
- It is a means-test program, the families below the official poverty line have right to application for cash compensation
- It is a national social assistance program, but managed by local government, the gap of official poverty lines is very large

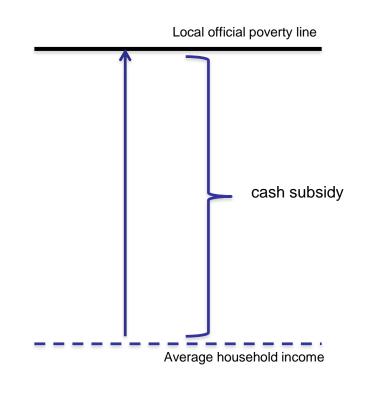


Figure: The structure of Dibao



The number of Dibao beneficiaries increase fast

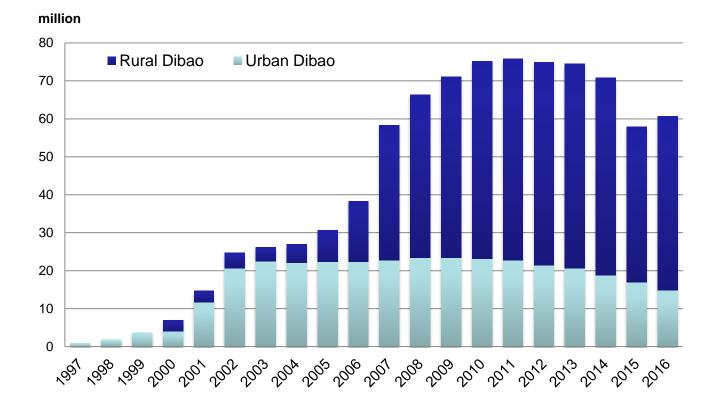


Figure: The trends of Dibao beneficiaries (1997-2016)



The expenditure of Dibao program increase rapidly

trillion yuan

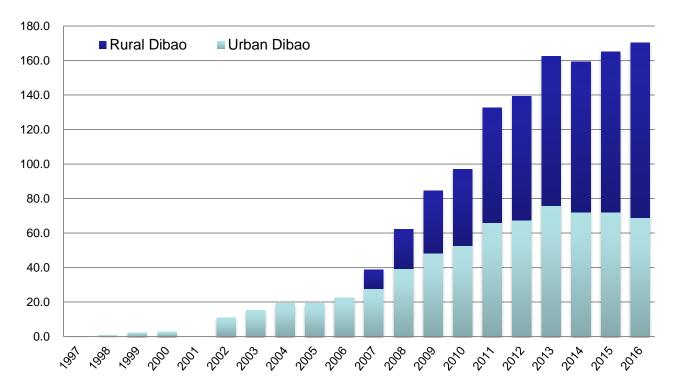


Figure: The trends of Dibao expenditure (1997-2016)



The standard of poverty line steady increase

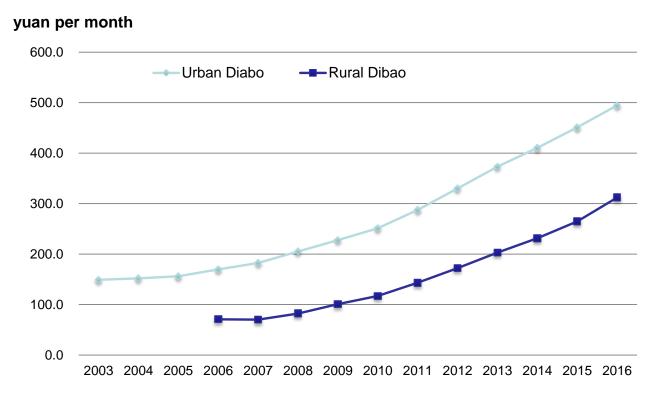


Figure: The trend of average *Dibao* poverty lines (2003-2016)



In-kind Programs

- Educational Assistance
 - student grant
 - tuition waiver
- Medicaid
 - Medical expenses reduction
 - Exemption
- Housing Assistance
 - Public rental housing
 - Grant rental subsides
 - Renovate dilapidated houses
- Temporary Assistance
 - Family
 - individual



Fugure: The dilapidated house transforming Source: http://www.people.com.cn/





- Pension
 - Basic pension (minimum pension, support by central and local government)
 - Individual account
- Needy Children Assistance
 - Basic living
 - Basic medical services
 - Basic nursing
 - Education
- Vagrants and Beggars Assistance.
 - Homeless Minors
 - Vagrants and beggars
- Disabilities assistance
 - Living subsidies
 - Nursing subsidies
 - Rehabilitation assistance for children



China social safety net

General (means-tested)		Category
Cash	In-kinds	
	Medicaid	Minimum Pension for Elderly
Dibao	Housing Assistance	Needy Children Assistance
	Educational Assistance	Vagrant and Beggar Assistance
	Temporary Assistance	Disability Assistance



3. Improvement of the Social Safety Net

- Deficiencies in fairness of social safety net
 - Inequality between groups
 - Inequality between regions

Reform suggestions

- Establish the national minimum
 Dibao poverty line
- Reduce *Dibao* poverty lines at province level
- Unify the urban and rural social assistance system

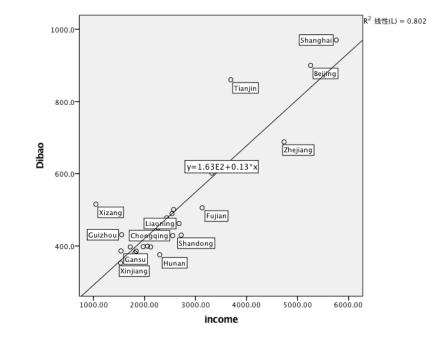
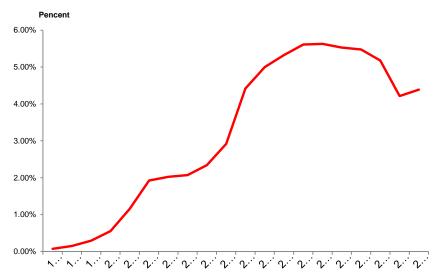
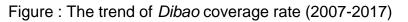


Figure: Dibao poverty lines and incomes in province level (first quarter of 2018)



- Deficiencies in inclusiveness of social safety net
 - Low coverage rate
 - Migrant worker and family are excluded
 - Reform suggestions
 - Raise poverty lines, and rename Dibao as "Basic Living Assistance"
 - reform the social safety net based on *Hukou* to based on citizenship
 - Inclusive migrant workers and families







- The Challenges to the Social Safety Net
 - Dibao beneficiaries decreasing by poverty reduction program
 - Medicaid and temporary assistance beneficiaries increasing fast
 - target methods need reform
- The trends of reform
 - Integrate the relationship between social assistance and targeted poverty alleviation
 - Improve social insurance system to play s greater role in poverty prevention
 - Set up a poor family database and income information verify system nationwide

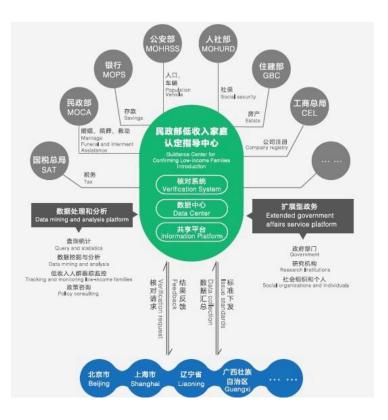


Figure: Family Income Information Verification System (FIIVS)



Thank you