

Bulletin No. 73

Law of the Sea



*Division for Ocean Affairs
and the Law of the Sea*

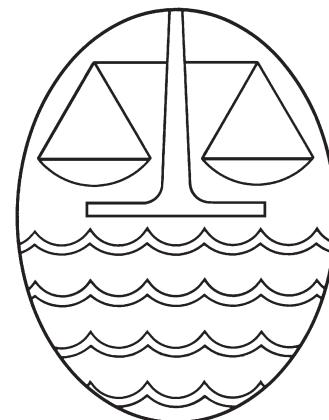
Office of Legal Affairs



United Nations

Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea
Office of Legal Affairs

Law *of* *the* Sea



Bulletin No. 73



United Nations
New York, 2010

NOTE

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Furthermore, publication in the *Bulletin* of information concerning developments relating to the law of the sea emanating from actions and decisions taken by States does not imply recognition by the United Nations of the validity of the actions and decisions in question.

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DUE ACKNOWLEDGEMENT SHOULD BE GIVEN.

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I. UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

Status of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, of the Agreement relating to the Implementation of Part XI of the Convention and of the Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the Convention relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks¹

1. Table recapitulating the status of the Convention and of the related Agreements, as at 31 July 2010

This consolidated table, prepared by the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of the Legal Affairs, provides unofficial, quick reference information related to the participation in UNCLOS and the two implementing Agreements. For official information on the status of these treaties, please refer to the publication entitled “*Multilateral Treaties deposited with the Secretary-General*” (<http://untreaty.un.org/>). The symbol “” indicates that a declaration or statement was made at the time of signature; at the time of ratification/accession or anytime thereafter or declarations confirmed upon succession. A double icon () indicates that two declarations were made by the State. The abbreviation (fc) indicates a formal confirmation; (a) an accession; (s) a succession; (ds) a definitive signature; (p) the consent to be bound; (sp) a simplified procedure. Names of States in *italics* indicate non-members of the United Nations; shaded rows indicate landlocked States.

State or entity	UNCLOS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy
TOTALS	157 (<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34)	160	72	79	138	77
Afghanistan	18/03/83				59 (<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5)	33
Albania		23/06/03(a)		23/06/03(p)		
Algeria	10/12/82 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	11/06/96	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 29/07/94	11/06/96(p)		
Andorra						
Angola	10/12/82 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	05/12/90				
Antigua and Barbuda	07/02/83	02/02/89				
Argentina	05/10/84 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	01/12/95	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 29/07/94	01/12/95	04/12/95	
Armenia		09/12/02(a)		09/12/02(a)		
Australia	10/12/82	05/10/94	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 29/07/94	05/10/94	04/12/95	23/12/99
Austria	10/12/82	14/07/95	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 29/07/94	14/07/95	27/06/96	19/12/03 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

¹ Source: Chapter XXI.6 of the publication entitled “*Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General*” at <http://treaties.un.org/>.

State or entity	UNCLoS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy
Azerbaijan						
Bahamas	10/12/82	29/07/83	29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)		16/01/97(a)
Bahrain	10/12/82	30/05/85				
Bangladesh	10/12/82	27/07/01	□	27/07/01(a)	04/12/95	
Barbados	10/12/82	12/10/93	□	28/07/95(sp)		22/09/00(a)
Belarus	10/12/82	30/08/06	□	30/08/06(a)		
Belgium	05/12/84	13/11/98	□	29/07/94	13/11/98(p)	03/10/96
Belize	10/12/82	13/08/83			21/10/94(ds)	04/12/95
Benin	30/08/83	16/10/97			16/10/97(p)	14/07/05
Bhutan	10/12/82					
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	27/11/84	28/04/95			28/04/95(p)	
Bosnia and Herzegovina		12/01/94(s)				
Botswana	05/12/84	02/05/90		31/01/05(a)		
Brazil	10/12/82	22/12/88	□	29/07/94	25/11/07	08/03/00
Brunei Darussalam	05/12/84	05/11/96			05/11/96(p)	
Bulgaria	10/12/82	15/05/96			15/05/96(a)	13/12/06(a)
Burkina Faso	10/12/82	25/01/05		30/11/94	25/01/05(p)	15/10/96
Burundi	10/12/82					
Cambodia	01/07/83					
Cameroon	10/12/82	19/11/85		24/05/95	28/08/02	
Canada	10/12/82	07/11/03	□	29/07/94	07/11/03	03/08/99
Cape Verde	10/12/82	10/08/87	□	29/07/94	23/04/08	
Central African Republic	04/12/84					
Chad	10/12/82	14/08/09			14/08/09(p)	
Chile	10/12/82	25/08/97	□		25/08/97(a)	
China	10/12/82	07/06/96	□	29/07/94	07/06/96(p)	06/11/96
Colombia	10/12/82					
Comoros	06/12/84	21/06/94				

State or entity	UNCLoS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy
Congo	10/12/82	09/07/08		09/07/08(p)		01/04/99(a)
Cook Islands	10/12/82	15/02/95		15/02/95(a)		18/06/01(a)
Costa Rica	10/12/82	21/09/92		20/09/01(a)		
Côte d'Ivoire	10/12/82	26/03/84	25/11/94	28/07/95(sp)	24/01/96	
Croatia		05/04/95(s)	□	05/04/95(p)		
Cuba	10/12/82	15/08/84	□	17/10/02(a)		
Cyprus	10/12/82	12/12/88		01/11/94	27/07/95	25/09/02(a)
Czech Republic	22/02/93	21/06/96	□	16/11/94	21/06/96	19/03/07(a)
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	10/12/82					
Democratic Republic of the Congo	22/08/83	17/02/89				
Denmark	10/12/82	16/11/04	□	29/07/94	16/11/04	27/06/96
Djibouti	10/12/82	08/10/91				19/12/03
Dominica	28/03/83	24/10/91				
Dominican Republic	10/12/82	10/07/09		10/07/09(p)		
Ecuador						
Egypt	10/12/82	26/08/83	□	22/03/95	05/12/95	
El Salvador	05/12/84					
Equatorial Guinea	30/01/84	21/07/97	□	21/07/97(p)		
Eritrea						
Estonia		26/08/05(a)	□	26/08/05(a)		07/08/06(a)
Ethiopia	10/12/82					
European Union	07/12/84	01/04/98(fc)	□	01/04/98(fc)	27/06/96	19/12/03
Fiji	10/12/82	10/12/82	29/07/94	28/07/95	04/12/95	12/12/96
Finland	10/12/82	21/06/96	□	29/07/94	21/06/96	27/06/96
France	10/12/82	11/04/96	□	29/07/94	11/04/96	04/12/96
Gabon	10/12/82	11/03/98	□	04/04/95	11/03/98(p)	07/10/96
Gambia	10/12/82	22/05/84				
Georgia		21/03/96(a)		21/03/96(p)		
Germany		14/10/94(a)	□	29/07/94	14/10/94	28/08/96
						19/12/03

State or entity	UNCLoS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy
Ghana	10/12/82	7/06/83	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	21/07/95	27/06/96
Greece	10/12/82	21/07/95	<input type="checkbox"/>	28/07/95(sp)		19/12/03
Grenada	10/12/82	25/04/91	<input type="checkbox"/>	14/11/94	11/02/97(p)	
Guatemala	08/07/83	11/02/97	<input type="checkbox"/>	26/08/94	28/07/95(sp)	16/09/05(a)
Guinea	04/10/84	06/09/85	<input type="checkbox"/>			04/12/95
Guinea-Bissau	10/12/82	25/08/86	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Guyana	10/12/82	16/11/93	<input type="checkbox"/>	25/09/08(a)		
Haiti	10/12/82	31/07/96	<input type="checkbox"/>	31/07/96(p)		
Holy See			<input type="checkbox"/>	28/07/03(a)		
Honduras	10/12/82	05/10/93	<input type="checkbox"/>	05/02/02(a)	16/05/08(a)	
Hungary	10/12/82	05/02/02	<input type="checkbox"/>	28/07/95(sp)	04/12/95	
Iceland	10/12/82	21/06/85	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	29/06/95	14/02/97
India	10/12/82	29/06/95	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94		19/08/03(a)
Indonesia	10/12/82	03/02/86	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	02/06/00	28/09/09
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	10/12/82					17/04/98(a)
Iraq	10/12/82	30/07/85	<input type="checkbox"/>			
Ireland	10/12/82	21/06/96	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	21/06/96	27/06/96
Israel					04/12/95	19/12/03
Italy	07/12/84	13/01/95	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	13/01/95	27/06/96
Jamaica	10/12/82	21/03/83	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)	04/12/95
Japan	07/02/83	20/06/96	<input type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	20/06/96	19/11/96
Jordan		27/11/95(a)			27/11/95(p)	
Kazakhstan						
Kenya	10/12/82	02/03/89			29/07/94(ds)	13/07/04(a)
Kiribati		24/02/03(a)	<input type="checkbox"/>		24/02/03(p)	15/09/05(a)
Kuwait	10/12/82	02/05/86	<input type="checkbox"/>		02/08/02(a)	
Kyrgyzstan						
Lao People's Democratic Republic	10/12/82	05/06/98		27/10/94	05/06/98(p)	

State or entity	UNCLoS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy
Latvia	23/12/04(a)	□		23/12/04(a)		05/02/07(a) □
Lebanon	05/01/95			05/01/95(p)		
Lesotho	31/05/07			31/05/07(p)		
Liberia	25/09/08			25/09/08(p)		16/09/05(a)
Libyan Arab Jamaahiriya	03/12/84					
Liechtenstein	30/11/84					
Lithuania	12/11/03(a)	□		12/11/03(a)		01/03/07(a) □
Luxembourg	05/12/84 □	05/10/00	29/07/94	05/10/00	27/06/96	19/12/03 □
Madagascar	25/02/83	22/08/01			22/08/01(p)	
Malawi	07/12/84					
Malaysia	14/10/96	□	02/08/94	14/10/96(p)		
Maldives	07/09/00		10/10/94	07/09/00(p)	08/10/96	30/12/98
Mali	19/10/83 □	16/07/85				
Malta	20/05/93	□	29/07/94	26/06/96		11/11/01(a) □
Marshall Islands	09/08/91(a)				04/12/95	19/03/03
Mauritania	17/07/96		02/08/94	17/07/96(p)	21/12/95	
Mauritius	04/11/94			04/11/94(p)		25/03/97(a) □
Mexico	18/03/83	□		10/04/03(a)		
Micronesia (Federated States of)	29/04/91(a)		10/08/94	06/09/95	04/12/95	23/05/97
Monaco	20/03/96		30/11/94	20/03/96(p)		09/06/99(a)
Mongolia	13/08/96	□	17/08/94	13/08/96(p)		
Montenegro	23/10/06(d)	□		23/10/06(d)		
Morocco	31/05/07	□	19/10/94	31/05/07	04/12/95	
Mozambique	13/03/97			13/03/97(a)		10/12/08(a)
Myanmar	21/05/96	□		21/05/96(a)		
Namibia	18/04/83		29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)	19/04/96	08/04/98
Nauru	23/01/96			23/01/96(p)		10/01/97(a)
Nepal	02/11/98			02/11/98(p)		
Netherlands	28/06/96	□	29/07/94	28/06/96 □	28/06/96	19/12/03

State or entity	UNCLoS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration/ accession; dd/mm/yy
New Zealand	10/12/82	19/07/96		29/07/94	19/07/96	04/12/95
Nicaragua	09/12/84	03/05/00	□		03/05/00(p)	18/04/01
Niger	10/12/82					
Nigeria	10/12/82	14/08/86		25/10/94	28/07/95(sp)	02/11/09(a)
Niue	05/12/84	11/10/06			11/10/06(p)	04/12/95
Norway	10/12/82	24/06/96	□		24/06/96(a)	04/12/95
Oman	01/07/83	17/08/89	□		26/02/97(a)	14/05/08(a)
Pakistan	10/12/82	26/02/97	□	10/08/94	26/02/97(p)	15/02/96
Palau		30/09/96(a)	□		30/09/96(p)	26/03/08(a)
Panama	10/12/82	01/07/96	□		01/07/96(p)	16/12/08(a)
Papua New Guinea	10/12/82	14/01/97			14/01/97(p)	04/12/95
Paraguay	10/12/82	26/09/86		29/07/94	10/07/95	04/06/99
Peru						
Philippines	10/12/82	08/05/84	□	15/11/94	23/07/97	30/08/96
Poland	10/12/82	13/11/98		29/07/94	13/11/98(p)	14/03/06(a)
Portugal	10/12/82	03/11/97	□	29/07/94	03/11/97	27/06/96
Qatar	27/11/84	09/12/02			09/12/02(p)	19/12/03
Republic of Korea	14/03/83	29/01/96	□	07/11/94	29/01/96	26/11/96
Republic of Moldova		06/02/07(a)	□		06/02/07(p)	
Romania	10/12/82	17/12/96	□		17/12/96(a)	16/07/07(a)
Russian Federation	10/12/82	12/03/97	□		12/03/97(a)	04/12/95
Rwanda	10/12/82					01/02/08
Saint Kitts and Nevis	07/12/84	07/01/93				
Saint Lucia	10/12/82	27/03/85				
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	10/12/82	01/10/93				
Samoa	28/09/84	14/08/95		07/07/95	14/08/95(p)	04/12/95
San Marino						25/10/96
Sao Tome and Principe	13/07/83	03/11/87				
Saudi Arabia	07/12/84	24/04/96	□		24/04/96(p)	

State or entity	UNCLoS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy
Senegal	10/12/82	25/10/84	09/08/94	25/07/95	04/12/95	30/01/97
Serbia	2	12/03/01(s)	□	28/07/95(sp) ¹		
Seychelles	10/12/82	16/09/91	29/07/94	15/12/94	04/12/96	20/03/98
Sierra Leone	10/12/82	12/12/94		12/12/94(p)		
Singapore	10/12/82	17/11/94		17/11/94(p)		
Slovakia	28/05/93	08/05/96	14/11/94	08/05/96	06/11/08(a)	□
Slovenia		16/06/95(s)	□	19/01/95	16/06/95	15/06/06(a) □
Solomon Islands	10/12/82	23/06/97		23/06/97(p)		13/02/97(a)
Somalia	10/12/82	24/07/89				
South Africa	05/12/84	23/12/97	□	03/10/94	23/12/97	14/08/03(a)
Spain	04/12/84	15/01/97	□	29/07/94	15/01/97	03/12/96 19/12/03
Sri Lanka	10/12/82	19/07/94		29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)	09/10/96 24/10/96
Sudan	10/12/82	23/01/85		29/07/94		
Suriname	10/12/82	09/07/98			09/07/98(p)	
Swaziland	18/01/84			12/10/94		
Sweden	10/12/82	25/06/96	□	29/07/94	25/06/96	27/06/96 19/12/03
Switzerland	17/10/84	01/05/09	□	26/10/94	01/05/09	
Syrian Arab Republic						
Tajikistan						
Thailand	10/12/82					
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		19/08/94 (s)			19/08/94(p)	
Timor-Leste						
Togo	10/12/82	16/04/85	03/08/94	28/07/95(sp)		
Tonga		02/08/95(a)		2/08/95(p)	04/12/95	31/07/96
Trinidad and Tobago	10/12/82	25/04/86	□	10/10/94	28/07/95(sp)	13/09/06(a)

² For further details, see Chapter XXI.6 of the publication entitled "Multilateral Treaties deposited with the Secretary-General"

State or entity	UNCLoS (in force as from 16/11/1994)		Agreement on Part XI (in force as from 28/07/1996)		UN Fish Stocks Agreement (in force as from 11/12/2001)	
	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy	Signature dd/mm/yy	Ratification/ accession; dd/mm/yy	Declaration dd/mm/yy
Tunisia	10/12/82	24/04/85	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	15/05/95	24/05/02	
Turkey						
Turkmenistan						
Tuvalu	10/12/82	09/12/02		09/12/02(p)		02/02/09(a)
Uganda	10/12/82	09/11/90		28/07/95(sp)	10/10/96	
Ukraine	10/12/82	26/07/99	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	28/02/95	26/07/99	04/12/95
United Arab Emirates	10/12/82					27/02/03
United Kingdom		25/07/97(a)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	25/07/97	04/12/95
United Republic of Tanzania	10/12/82	30/09/85	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	07/10/94	25/06/98	
United States of America				29/07/94		04/12/95
Uruguay	10/12/82	10/12/92	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	29/07/94	07/08/07	16/01/96
Uzbekistan						10/09/99
Vanuatu	10/12/82	10/08/99		29/07/94	10/08/99(p)	23/07/96
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)						
Viet Nam	10/12/82	25/07/94	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		27/04/06(a)	
Yemen	10/12/82	21/07/87	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Zambia	10/12/82	07/03/83		13/10/94	28/07/95(sp)	
Zimbabwe	10/12/82	24/02/93		28/10/94	28/07/95(sp)	
TOTALS	157 (<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 34)	160	72	79	138	59(5) 77 33

2. Chronological lists of ratifications, accessions and successions to the Convention and the related Agreements, as at 31 July 2010

(a) The Convention

- 1. Fiji (10 December 1982)
- 2. Zambia (7 March 1983)
- 3. Mexico (18 March 1983)
- 4. Jamaica (21 March 1983)
- 5. Namibia (18 April 1983)
- 6. Ghana (7 June 1983)
- 7. Bahamas (29 July 1983)
- 8. Belize (13 August 1983)
- 9. Egypt (26 August 1983)
- 10. Côte d'Ivoire (26 March 1984)
- 11. Philippines (8 May 1984)
- 12. Gambia (22 May 1984)
- 13. Cuba (15 August 1984)
- 14. Senegal (25 October 1984)
- 15. Sudan (23 January 1985)
- 16. Saint Lucia (27 March 1985)
- 17. Togo (16 April 1985)
- 18. Tunisia (24 April 1985)
- 19. Bahrain (30 May 1985)
- 20. Iceland (21 June 1985)
- 21. Mali (16 July 1985)
- 22. Iraq (30 July 1985)
- 23. Guinea (6 September 1985)
- 24. United Republic of Tanzania
(30 September 1985)
- 25. Cameroon (19 November 1985)
- 26. Indonesia (3 February 1986)
- 27. Trinidad and Tobago (25 April 1986)
- 28. Kuwait (2 May 1986)
- 29. Nigeria (14 August 1986)
- 30. Guinea-Bissau (25 August 1986)
- 31. Paraguay (26 September 1986)
- 32. Yemen (21 July 1987)
- 33. Cape Verde (10 August 1987)
- 34. São Tomé and Príncipe
(3 November 1987)
- 35. Cyprus (12 December 1988)
- 36. Brazil (22 December 1988)
- 37. Antigua and Barbuda (2 February 1989)
- 38. Democratic Republic of the Congo
(17 February 1989)
- 39. Kenya (2 March 1989)
- 40. Somalia (24 July 1989)
- 41. Oman (17 August 1989)
- 42. Botswana (2 May 1990)
- 43. Uganda (9 November 1990)
- 44. Angola (5 December 1990)
- 45. Grenada (25 April 1991)
- 46. Micronesia (Federated States of)
(29 April 1991)
- 47. Marshall Islands (9 August 1991)
- 48. Seychelles (16 September 1991)
- 49. Djibouti (8 October 1991)
- 50. Dominica (24 October 1991)
- 51. Costa Rica (21 September 1992)
- 52. Uruguay (10 December 1992)
- 53. Saint Kitts and Nevis (7 January 1993)
- 54. Zimbabwe (24 February 1993)
- 55. Malta (20 May 1993)
- 56. Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
(1 October 1993)
- 57. Honduras (5 October 1993)
- 58. Barbados (12 October 1993)
- 59. Guyana (16 November 1993)
- 60. Bosnia and Herzegovina
(12 January 1994)
- 61. Comoros (21 June 1994)
- 62. Sri Lanka (19 July 1994)
- 63. Viet Nam (25 July 1994)
- 64. The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia
(19 August 1994)
- 65. Australia (5 October 1994)
- 66. Germany (14 October 1994)
- 67. Mauritius (4 November 1994)
- 68. Singapore (17 November 1994)
- 69. Sierra Leone (12 December 1994)
- 70. Lebanon (5 January 1995)
- 71. Italy (13 January 1995)
- 72. Cook Islands (15 February 1995)
- 73. Croatia (5 April 1995)
- 74. Bolivia (Plurinational State of) (28 April 1995)
- 75. Slovenia (16 June 1995)
- 76. India (29 June 1995)
- 77. Austria (14 July 1995)
- 78. Greece (21 July 1995)
- 79. Tonga (2 August 1995)
- 80. Samoa (14 August 1995)
- 81. Jordan (27 November 1995)
- 82. Argentina (1 December 1995)
- 83. Nauru (23 January 1996)
- 84. Republic of Korea (29 January 1996)
- 85. Monaco (20 March 1996)
- 86. Georgia (21 March 1996)
- 87. France (11 April 1996)

- 88. Saudi Arabia (24 April 1996)
- 89. Slovakia (8 May 1996)
- 90. Bulgaria (15 May 1996)
- 91. Myanmar (21 May 1996)
- 92. China (7 June 1996)
- 93. Algeria (11 June 1996)
- 94. Japan (20 June 1996)
- 95. Czech Republic (21 June 1996)
- 96. Finland (21 June 1996)
- 97. Ireland (21 June 1996)
- 98. Norway (24 June 1996)
- 99. Sweden (25 June 1996)
- 100. Netherlands (28 June 1996)
- 101. Panama (1 July 1996)
- 102. Mauritania (17 July 1996)
- 103. New Zealand (19 July 1996)
- 104. Haiti (31 July 1996)
- 105. Mongolia (13 August 1996)
- 106. Palau (30 September 1996)
- 107. Malaysia (14 October 1996)
- 108. Brunei Darussalam (5 November 1996)
- 109. Romania (17 December 1996)
- 110. Papua New Guinea (14 January 1997)
- 111. Spain (15 January 1997)
- 112. Guatemala (11 February 1997)
- 113. Pakistan (26 February 1997)
- 114. Russian Federation (12 March 1997)
- 115. Mozambique (13 March 1997)
- 116. Solomon Islands (23 June 1997)
- 117. Equatorial Guinea (21 July 1997)
- 118. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (25 July 1997)
- 119. Chile (25 August 1997)
- 120. Benin (16 October 1997)
- 121. Portugal (3 November 1997)
- 122. South Africa (23 December 1997)
- 123. Gabon (11 March 1998)
- 124. European Union (1 April 1998)
- 125. Lao People's Democratic Republic (5 June 1998)
- 126. Suriname (9 July 1998)
- 127. Nepal (2 November 1998)
- 128. Belgium (13 November 1998)
- 129. Poland (13 November 1998)
- 130. Ukraine (26 July 1999)
- 131. Vanuatu (10 August 1999)
- 132. Nicaragua (3 May 2000)
- 133. Maldives (7 September 2000)
- 134. Luxembourg (5 October 2000)
- 135. Serbia (12 March 2001)
- 136. Bangladesh (27 July 2001)
- 137. Madagascar (22 August 2001)
- 138. Hungary (5 February 2002)
- 139. Armenia (9 December 2002)
- 140. Qatar (9 December 2002)
- 141. Tuvalu (9 December 2002)
- 142. Kiribati (24 February 2003)
- 143. Albania (23 June 2003)
- 144. Canada (7 November 2003)
- 145. Lithuania (12 November 2003)
- 146. Denmark (16 November 2004)
- 147. Latvia (23 December 2004)
- 148. Burkina Faso (25 January 2005)
- 149. Estonia (26 August 2005)
- 150. Belarus (30 August 2006)
- 151. Niue (11 October 2006)
- 152. Montenegro (23 October 2006)
- 153. Republic of Moldova (6 February 2007)
- 154. Lesotho (31 May 2007)
- 155. Morocco (31 May 2007)
- 156. Congo (9 July 2008)
- 157. Liberia (25 September 2008)
- 158. Switzerland (1 May 2009)
- 159. Dominican Republic (10 July 2009)
- 160. Chad (14 August 2009)

(b) Agreement relating to the Implementation of Part XI of the Convention

- 1. Kenya (29 July 1994)
- 2. The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (19 August 1994)
- 3. Australia (5 October 1994)
- 4. Germany (14 October 1994)
- 5. Belize (21 October 1994)
- 6. Mauritius (4 November 1994)
- 7. Singapore (17 November 1994)
- 8. Sierra Leone (12 December 1994)
- 9. Seychelles (15 December 1994)
- 10. Lebanon (5 January 1995)
- 11. Italy (13 January 1995)
- 12. Cook Islands (15 February 1995)
- 13. Croatia (5 April 1995)
- 14. Bolivia (Plurinational State of) (28 April 1995)
- 15. Slovenia (16 June 1995)
- 16. India (29 June 1995)
- 17. Paraguay (10 July 1995)
- 18. Austria (14 July 1995)
- 19. Greece (21 July 1995)
- 20. Senegal (25 July 1995)
- 21. Cyprus (27 July 1995)
- 22. Bahamas (28 July 1995)
- 23. Barbados (28 July 1995)

- 24. Côte d'Ivoire (28 July 1995)
- 25. Fiji (28 July 1995)
- 26. Grenada (28 July 1995)
- 27. Guinea (28 July 1995)
- 28. Iceland (28 July 1995)
- 29. Jamaica (28 July 1995)
- 30. Namibia (28 July 1995)
- 31. Nigeria (28 July 1995)
- 32. Sri Lanka (28 July 1995)
- 33. Togo (28 July 1995)
- 34. Trinidad and Tobago (28 July 1995)
- 35. Uganda (28 July 1995)
- 36. Serbia (28 July 1995)¹
- 37. Zambia (28 July 1995)
- 38. Zimbabwe (28 July 1995)
- 39. Tonga (2 August 1995)
- 40. Samoa (14 August 1995)
- 41. Micronesia (Federated States of) (6 September 1995)
- 42. Jordan (27 November 1995)
- 43. Argentina (1 December 1995)
- 44. Nauru (23 January 1996)
- 45. Republic of Korea (29 January 1996)
- 46. Monaco (20 March 1996)
- 47. Georgia (21 March 1996)
- 48. France (11 April 1996)
- 49. Saudi Arabia (24 April 1996)
- 50. Slovakia (8 May 1996)
- 51. Bulgaria (15 May 1996)
- 52. Myanmar (21 May 1996)
- 53. China (7 June 1996)
- 54. Algeria (11 June 1996)
- 55. Japan (20 June 1996)
- 56. Czech Republic (21 June 1996)
- 57. Finland (21 June 1996)
- 58. Ireland (21 June 1996)
- 59. Norway (24 June 1996)
- 60. Sweden (25 June 1996)
- 61. Malta (26 June 1996)
- 62. Netherlands (28 June 1996)
- 63. Panama (1 July 1996)
- 64. Mauritania (17 July 1996)
- 65. New Zealand (19 July 1996)
- 66. Haiti (31 July 1996)
- 67. Mongolia (13 August 1996)
- 68. Palau (30 September 1996)
- 69. Malaysia (14 October 1996)
- 70. Brunei Darussalam (5 November 1996)
- 71. Romania (17 December 1996)
- 72. Papua New Guinea (14 January 1997)
- 73. Spain (15 January 1997)
- 74. Guatemala (11 February 1997)
- 75. Oman (26 February 1997)
- 76. Pakistan (26 February 1997)
- 77. Russian Federation (12 March 1997)
- 78. Mozambique (13 March 1997)
- 79. Solomon Islands (23 June 1997)
- 80. Equatorial Guinea (21 July 1997)
- 81. Philippines (23 July 1997)
- 82. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (25 July 1997)
- 83. Chile (25 August 1997)
- 84. Benin (16 October 1997)
- 85. Portugal (3 November 1997)
- 86. South Africa (23 December 1997)
- 87. Gabon (11 March 1998)
- 88. European Union (1 April 1998)
- 89. Lao People's Democratic Republic (5 June 1998)
- 90. United Republic of Tanzania (25 June 1998)
- 91. Suriname (9 July 1998)
- 92. Nepal (2 November 1998)
- 93. Belgium (13 November 1998)
- 94. Poland (13 November 1998)
- 95. Ukraine (26 July 1999)
- 96. Vanuatu (10 August 1999)
- 97. Nicaragua (3 May 2000)
- 98. Indonesia (2 June 2000)
- 99. Maldives (7 September 2000)
- 100. Luxembourg (5 October 2000)
- 101. Bangladesh (27 July 2001)
- 102. Madagascar (22 August 2001)
- 103. Costa Rica (20 September 2001)
- 104. Hungary (5 February 2002)
- 105. Tunisia (24 May 2002)
- 106. Cameroon (28 August 2002)
- 107. Kuwait (2 August 2002)
- 108. Cuba (17 October 2002)
- 109. Armenia (9 December 2002)
- 110. Qatar (9 December 2002)
- 111. Tuvalu (9 December 2002)
- 112. Kiribati (24 February 2003)
- 113. Mexico (10 April 2003)
- 114. Albania (23 June 2003)
- 115. Honduras (28 July 2003)
- 116. Canada (7 November 2003)
- 117. Lithuania (12 November 2003)
- 118. Denmark (16 November 2004)
- 119. Latvia (23 December 2004)
- 120. Botswana (31 January 2005)
- 121. Burkina Faso (25 January 2005)
- 122. Estonia (26 August 2005)
- 123. Viet Nam (27 April 2006)
- 124. Belarus (30 August 2006)
- 125. Niue (11 October 2006)
- 126. Montenegro (23 October 2006)

¹ For further details, see Chapter XXI.6 of the publication entitled "Multilateral Treaties deposited with the Secretary-General"

127. Republic of Moldova (6 February 2007)
128. Lesotho (31 May 2007)
129. Morocco (31 May 2007)
130. Uruguay (7 August 2007)
131. Brazil (25 October 2007)
132. Cape Verde (23 April 2008)

133. Congo (9 July 2008)
134. Liberia (25 September 2008)
135. Guyana (25 September 2008)
136. Switzerland (1 May 2009)
137. Dominican Republic (10 July 2009)
138. Chad (14 August 2009)

(c) Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention
on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management
of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Tonga (31 July 1996) | 39. Belgium (19 December 2003) |
| 2. Saint Lucia (9 August 1996) | 40. Denmark (19 December 2003) |
| 3. United States of America (21 August 1996) | 41. Finland (19 December 2003) |
| 4. Sri Lanka (24 October 1996) | 42. France (19 December 2003) |
| 5. Samoa (25 October 1996) | 43. Germany (19 December 2003) |
| 6. Fiji (12 December 1996) | 44. Greece (19 December 2003) |
| 7. Norway (30 December 1996) | 45. Ireland (19 December 2003) |
| 8. Nauru (10 January 1997) | 46. Italy (19 December 2003) |
| 9. Bahamas (16 January 1997) | 47. Luxembourg (19 December 2003) |
| 10. Senegal (30 January 1997) | 48. Netherlands (19 December 2003) |
| 11. Solomon Islands (13 February 1997) | 49. Portugal (19 December 2003) |
| 12. Iceland (14 February 1997) | 50. Spain (19 December 2003) |
| 13. Mauritius (25 March 1997) | 51. Sweden (19 December 2003) |
| 14. Micronesia (Federated States of) (23 May 1997) | 52. Kenya (13 July 2004) |
| 15. Russian Federation (4 August 1997) | 53. Belize (14 July 2005) |
| 16. Seychelles (20 March 1998) | 54. Kiribati (15 September 2005) |
| 17. Namibia (8 April 1998) | 55. Guinea (16 September 2005) |
| 18. Iran (Islamic Republic of) (17 April 1998) | 56. Liberia (16 September 2005) |
| 19. Maldives (30 December 1998) | 57. Poland (14 March 2006) |
| 20. Cook Islands (1 April 1999) | 58. Slovenia (15 June 2006) |
| 21. Papua New Guinea (4 June 1999) | 59. Estonia (7 August 2006) |
| 22. Monaco (9 June 1999) | 60. Japan (7 August 2006) |
| 23. Canada (3 August 1999) | 61. Trinidad and Tobago (13 September 2006) |
| 24. Uruguay (10 September 1999) | 62. Niue (11 October 2006) |
| 25. Australia (23 December 1999) | 63. Bulgaria (13 December 2006) |
| 26. Brazil (8 March 2000) | 64. Latvia (5 February 2007) |
| 27. Barbados (22 September 2000) | 65. Lithuania (1 March 2007) |
| 28. New Zealand (18 April 2001) | 66. Czech Republic (19 March 2007) |
| 29. Costa Rica (18 June 2001) | 67. Romania (16 July 2007) |
| 30. Malta (11 November 2001) | 68. Republic of Korea (1 February 2008) |
| 31. United Kingdom (10 December 2001),
(19 December 2003) ¹ | 69. Palau (26 March 2008) |
| 32. Cyprus (25 September 2002) | 70. Oman (14 May 2008) |
| 33. Ukraine (27 February 2003) | 71. Hungary (16 May 2008) |
| 34. Marshall Islands (19 March 2003) | 72. Slovakia (6 November 2008) |
| 35. South Africa (14 August 2003) | 73. Mozambique (10 December 2008) |
| 36. India (19 August 2003) | 74. Panama (16 December 2008) |
| 37. European Union (19 December 2003) | 75. Tuvalu (2 February 2009) |
| 38. Austria (19 December 2003) | 76. Indonesia (28 September 2009) |
| | 77. Nigeria (2 November 2009) |

¹ For further details, see Chapter XXI.7 of the publication entitled “*Multilateral Treaties deposited with the Secretary-General*”

**II. LEGAL INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE UNITED NATIONS
CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA**

A. National Legislation

1. Republic of Vanuatu

(a) Maritime Zones Act No. 06 of 2010¹

An Act to provide for the delimitation of the maritime zones and for other related matters

Be it enacted by the President and Parliament as follows-

PART I PRELIMINARY MATTERS

I Interpretation

In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears:

Bay means an indentation of the coast with an area of not less than that of the semicircle, the diameter of which is a line drawn across the mouth of the indentation;

Convention means the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 1982;

Foreign vessel means any vessel other than a local vessel;

Island means a naturally formed area of land, surrounded by water, which is above water at high tide;

Minister means the Minister responsible for the Maritime Zones;

Nautical mile means an international nautical mile of 1,852 metres;

Ship or vessel includes any kind of ship, vessel, boat or craft designed, used or capable of being used solely or partly for marine navigation without regard to method or lack of propulsion;

Warship means a ship belonging to:

- (a) The armed forces of a State bearing the external marks distinguishing such ships of its nationality; and
- (b) Is under the command of an officer duly commissioned by the government of the State; and
- (c) Has its name appears in the appropriate service list of the State or its equivalent; and
- (d) Is manned by a crew which is under regular armed forces discipline.

¹ Transmitted through a note verbale dated 1 July 2010 from the Permanent Mission of Vanuatu to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

PART 2 INTERNAL WATERS AND ARCHIPELAGIC WATERS

2 Sovereignty of Vanuatu

The Sovereignty of Vanuatu comprises of:

- (a) All islands within the archipelago including Mathew (Umaenupne) and Hunter (Leka) islands; and
- (b) Any islands or reefs forming or formed within the Exclusive Economic Zone of Vanuatu.

3 Internal waters

The internal waters of Vanuatu form part of the national territory of Vanuatu and consist of:

- (a) The waters on the landward side of the baselines from which the territorial sea of Vanuatu is measured; and
- (b) For areas enclosed by archipelagic baselines- all waters that are contained within the innermost limits of the archipelagic waters.

4 Archipelagic waters

(1) In this section:

Low-water line means:

- (a) The relevant low water datum line shown on the latest relevant British Admiralty charts or where there is no such datum, the lowest astronomical tide line; or
- (b) If there is doubt on the relevant British Admiralty chart, the Minister may by order establish a chart for the purpose of this definition.
- (2) The sovereignty of Vanuatu extends to the archipelagic waters, including the airspace over them as well as the seabed, subsoil and all resources contained in them and enclosed by the archipelagic baselines points 1:59 as prescribed by the Minister.
- (3) The innermost limits of the archipelagic waters comprise of:

- (a) The low water line; or
- (b) In the case of the sea adjacent to a bay if:
 - (i) The bay has only one mouth and the distance between the low water line of the natural entrance points of the bay does not exceed 24 nautical miles- along a closing line joining those low water lines; or
 - (ii) Because of the presence of islands, the bay has more than one mouth and the distance between the low waterlines of the natural entrance points of each mouth added together do not exceed 24 nautical miles- along a series of closing lines across each of the mouths so as to join those low water lines; or
 - (iii) Neither paragraph (i) or (ii) applies- along a closing line 24 nautical miles in length drawn from low water line to low water line within the bay in such a manner as to enclose the maximum area of water that is possible with a line of that length; or

(c) In the case of the mouth or each mouth of a river which flows into the sea- a closing line across the river mouth between points on the low water line of its banks.

5 Innocent passage

(1) In this section:

Innocent passage means navigation through the territorial sea and archipelagic waters for the purpose of:

(a) Traversing the territorial sea or archipelagic waters without entering the internal waters of Vanuatu or calling at a roadstead or port facility outside internal waters; or

(b) Proceeding to or from internal waters or a call at such roadstead or Port facility.

(2) Subject to this Act, a foreign vessel, warship or submarine may enjoy the right of innocent passage.

(3) The right of innocent passage by a foreign vessel, submarine or warship must be:

(a) Continuous, expeditious, and in conformity with the Convention and other rules of international law; and

(b) In a manner that is not prejudicial to the peace, good order or security of Vanuatu.

(4) A foreign vessel, submarine or warship that exercises the right of innocent passage may be allowed to stop and anchor if:

(a) Such activities are incidental to the ordinary navigation of the foreign vessel, submarine or warship; or

(b) It is necessary because of natural disaster or distress; or

(c) It is necessary to provide assistance to a person, foreign vessel, submarine, warship or aircraft that is in danger or distress.

(5) A foreign vessel, submarine or warship that exercises the right of innocent passage must not engage in all or any of the following activity:

(a) Causing any threat or use of force against the sovereignty, territorial integrity or political independence of Vanuatu or acts in any other manner in violation of the principles of international law embodied in the Charter of the United Nations; or

(b) Engaging in any exercise or practice using weapons of any kind; or

(c) Being involved in any act aimed at collecting information to the prejudice of the defence or security of Vanuatu; or

(d) Taking part in any act of propaganda aimed at affecting the defence or security of Vanuatu; or

(e) Being involved in the launching, landing or taking on board of any aircraft.

(6) For the purpose of this section, a foreign vessel, submarine or warship may engage in any exercise if it has obtained a prior written approval of the Minister to carry out that exercise.

(7) The captain of a foreign vessel, warship or submarine that contravenes paragraph (5) (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding VT30, 000,000.

(8) The Minister may by Order prescribe the sea lanes or traffic separation scheme for foreign vessels, submarine or warships exercising the right of innocent passage for the purpose of the safety of the navigation and regulation of the passage of such foreign vessels, submarine or warship.

(9) A submarine that enjoys the right of innocent passage must navigate on the surface and display its flag in a prominent place.

(10) The following foreign vessels, or warship are to enjoy the right of innocent passage, subject to the prior written approval of the Minister:

(a) A foreign warship; or

(b) A foreign nuclear- powered ship; or

(c) A foreign vessel or ship carrying any nuclear substance or any other dangerous or noxious substance; or

(d) A submarine.

(11) A foreign vessel or foreign warship that exercises the right of innocent passage through the territorial sea or archipelagic waters, must carry necessary documents and observe special precautionary measures established by the international agreements.

(12) The Minister may:

(a) Take any steps necessary to prevent any passage which is not innocent; or

(b) Take any steps to prevent any breach of the conditions upon which ships proceeding to internal waters or call at a port facility are to be admitted;

(c) Suspend temporarily the right of innocent passage in such areas of the territorial sea or archipelagic waters if it is necessary to do so for the protection of the security of Vanuatu.

(13) A suspension made under paragraph (12) (c) takes effect on the date on which it is made.

PART 3

TERRITORIAL SEA AND CONTIGUOUS ZONE ROADSTEADS, TERRITORIAL SEA AND CONTIGUOUS ZONE,

6 Roadsteads

For the purposes of this Act, roadsteads which are used for the loading, unloading and anchoring of ships, and which are situated wholly or partly outside the outer limit of the territorial sea of Vanuatu, are taken to be included in the territorial sea of Vanuatu.

7 Territorial Sea

(1) The sovereignty of Vanuatu extends beyond its land territory, internal waters, and archipelagic waters, to an adjacent belt of sea, described as the territorial sea and to the airspace over it and its seabed and subsoil.

(2) The territorial sea of Vanuatu comprises:

- (a) Those areas of the sea having as their inner limits the baselines described in subsection 4(2), and as their outer limits a line established seaward from those baselines every point of which is at a distance of 12 nautical miles, from the nearest point of the relevant baseline; and
- (b) Those areas of the sea having as their inner limits the low water line of the coasts of Matthew (Umaenupne) and Hunter (Leka) Islands enclosed by basepoints 1:249 for Mathew (Umaenupne) and basepoints 1:255 for Hunter (Leka) Islands and as their outer limits a line established seaward from those baselines every point of which is at a distance of 12 nautical miles.

(3) If the Minister is satisfied that Vanuatu has historic or other title of sovereignty over a bay, waters or any other area, he or she may, by Order, declare a title to that bay, waters or other area and define the seaward limits of such bay, waters or other area.

8 Contiguous Zone

The contiguous zone of Vanuatu comprises the maritime zone contiguous to the territorial sea which extends to a distance of 24 nautical miles from the baseline from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured.

PART 4 DELIMITATION OF THE EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE

9 Establishment of an exclusive economic zone

- (1) An exclusive economic zone of the Republic of Vanuatu is established beyond and adjacent to the territorial sea of Vanuatu.
- (2) The exclusive economic zone comprises the maritime zone contiguous to the territorial sea which extends to a distance of 200 nautical miles from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured.
- (3) The boundaries of the exclusive economic zone are to be resolved as follows:
 - (a) The exclusive economic zone boundaries with other States is to be effected by agreement on the basis of international law as referred to in Article 38 of the Statute of the International Court of Justice, in order to achieve an equitable solution; or
 - (b) If there is any dispute between Vanuatu and another State concerning the delimitation of the boundaries of the exclusive economic zone of Vanuatu and such other State, the dispute is to be resolved by an agreement; or
 - (c) If, however, the dispute cannot be resolved by an agreement under paragraph (3)(b), the dispute is to be resolved by:
 - (i) The Conciliation procedures under Part XV of the Convention; or
 - (ii) By any other procedure authorized by international law.

10 Rights and jurisdiction of Vanuatu in its exclusive economic zone

- (1) Vanuatu has sovereign rights in the exclusive economic zone, in respect of:
 - (a) The exploration, exploitation, conservation and management of the natural resources, whether living or non-living, of the waters superjacent to the seabed and of the seabed and its subsoil; and
 - (b) All other activities for the economic exploitation and exploration within the exclusive economic zone, including production of energy from currents and winds; and
 - (c) All other rights as are recognized by the Convention or otherwise by international law.
- (2) Vanuatu has jurisdiction and control in the exclusive economic zone, in respect of:
 - (a) The establishment and use of artificial islands, installations and structures; and
 - (b) The authorization, regulation and control of scientific research and the recovery of archaeological or historical objects; and
 - (c) The preservation and protection of the marine environment and the prevention and control of marine pollution; and
 - (d) All other areas of jurisdiction as are recognized by the Convention or otherwise by international law.

PART 5 DELIMITATION OF THE CONTINENTAL SHELF

11 Continental Shelf

- (1) The continental shelf of Vanuatu comprises of the sea-bed and subsoil of the submarine areas that extend:
 - (a) Beyond its territorial sea throughout the natural prolongation of its land territory to the outer edge of the continental margin; or
 - (b) To a distance of 200 nautical miles from the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured where the outer edge of the continental margin does not extend up to that distance.
- (2) If the continental margin referred to in section (1) extends beyond 200 nautical miles from the nearest point of the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial sea is measured, the outer limits of the continental shelf is to be established in accordance with Article 76 of the Convention.
- (3) The boundaries of the continental shelf of Vanuatu are to be resolved as follows:
 - (a) The continental shelf boundaries with other States is to be effected by agreement on the basis of international law- as referred to in Article 38 of the Statute of the International Court of Justice, in order to achieve an equitable solution; or
 - (b) If there is any dispute between Vanuatu and another State concerning the delimitation of the boundaries of the continental shelf of Vanuatu and such other State, the dispute is to be resolved by an agreement; or

(c) If, however, the dispute cannot be resolved by an agreement under paragraph (3)(b), the dispute is to be resolved by:

- (i) The Conciliation procedures under Part XV of the Convention; or
- (ii) Any other procedure authorized by international law.

12 Rights in Jurisdiction over Continental Shelf

(1) Vanuatu has the following exclusive rights in the continental shelf:

- (a) Rights for the purpose of exploring and exploiting its natural resources; and
- (b) Rights to authorize and regulate drilling for all purposes; and
- (c) Rights to construct, operate, maintain and use of artificial islands, installations and structures; and
- (d) Rights to prevent, reduce or control pollution from pipelines; and
- (e) Rights to exploit the subsoil by means of tunnelling, irrespective of the depth of the water above the subsoil.

(2) A person must not exercise any of the rights under paragraph 1 (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e), unless the person has obtained a prior written approval of the Council of the Ministers to do so.

(3) The natural resources referred to in paragraph (1)(a) consists of:

- (a) The mineral and other non-living resources of the seabed and subsoil together with living organisms belonging to sedentary species, and
- (b) Organisms which, at the harvestable stage, either are immobile on or under the seabed or are unable to move except in constant physical contact with the seabed or the subsoil.

(4) To avoid doubt, the rights of Vanuatu over the continental shelf do not depend:

- (a) On Vanuatu's occupation of the continental shelf; or
- (b) On the notion of occupation of the continental shelf; or
- (c) By any express order.

13 Artificial islands, installations and structures

(1) Vanuatu has the exclusive right in its exclusive economic zone and continental shelf to regulate the construction, operation and use of, artificial islands, installation and structures.

(2) Vanuatu has the exclusive jurisdiction and control over artificial islands, installations and structures, including with respect to customs, fiscal, health, safety and immigration laws and regulations.

(3) The Minister may with the prior approval of the Council of Ministers, by order:

- (a) Establish safety zones around artificial islands, installations and structures to ensure the safety of navigation and of the artificial islands, installations and structures; or

(b) Determine the breadth of safety zones, taking into account applicable international standards:

(i) To ensure that they are reasonably related to the nature and function of the artificial islands, installations or structures; and

(ii) that they do not exceed a distance of 500 metres around them, measured from each point of their outer edge, except as authorized by generally accepted international standards or as recommended by the competent international organization; or

(c) Determine the depth, position and dimensions of the artificial islands, installation and structure; or

(d) Determine the depth, position and dimensions of the safety zones.

(4) The Minister is responsible to ensure that permanent means for giving warning of artificial islands, installations and structures is established and maintained.

(5) A local or foreign vessel must observe and respect the safety zones and must comply with generally accepted international standards regarding navigation in the vicinity of artificial islands, installations, structures and safety zones.

(6) The laws and regulations of Vanuatu apply:

(a) To any marine installation or structure from the time it is attached or anchored to the continental shelf of Vanuatu for:

(i) The exploration of that shelf; or

(ii) The exploitation of its mineral; or

(iii) The exploitation of other non-living resources, until the marine installation or structure is removed from the waters above the continental shelf of Vanuatu; or

(b) To any artificial island constructed, erected or placed on the continental shelf of Vanuatu; or

(c) Within such safety zone surrounding any marine installation or structure or artificial island referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) as determined by the Regulations.

(7) In this section, marine installation or structure includes:

(a) any ship or ship wreck, anchor, anchor cable or rig pad; and (b) any offshore drilling unit, production platform, sub-sea installation, pumping station, living accommodation, storage structure, loading or landing platform, dredge, floating crane, pipe laying or other barge or pipeline and any anchor, anchor cable or rig pad.

PART 6 MISCELLANEOUS

14 Definition

In this Part:

Research means a marine scientific research.

15 Research in the Seas of Vanuatu

- (1) The State has the exclusive right to regulate, authorize and conduct a research in its territorial seas and archipelagic waters.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of the Convention, the State may in the exercise of its jurisdiction:
 - (a) Regulate, authorize and conduct a research in its:
 - (i) Exclusive economic zone; and
 - (ii) On its continental shelf.
 - (3) A person other than the State must not carry on a research in the continental shelf unless the person has obtained a prior written approval of the Minister after consultation with other relevant agencies to do so.
 - (4) A person who contravenes subsection (3) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding VT20, 000,000.
 - (5) The Minister may impose conditions for his or her decision made under subsection (3).
 - (6) A copy of the report of findings of the research must be submitted to the Minister within 3 months after the completion of the report.
 - (7) A person who conducts a research must declare to the Minister, any data or sample taken or anything that is of a unique feature found during the course of the research within Vanuatu's sovereign boundary.
 - (8) To avoid doubt, any data or sample taken and any unique feature found during the course of the research remains the property of the State.
 - (9) A person who fails to comply with subsection (7) commits an offence and is liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding VT10, 000,000.

16 Minister to regulate matters in relation to research

- (1) The Minister may make Regulations prescribing matters in relation to the research and may provide for all or any of the following:
 - (a) Collection of data and carrying out of investigations for the purpose of understanding oceans and their ecosystems and living and non-living resources;
 - (b) Conducting of hydrographic and oceanographic surveys of the seas and internal waters of Vanuatu;
 - (c) Conducting of maritime scientific surveys relating to fisheries resources and their supporting habitat and ecosystems;
 - (d) Conducting of basic and applied research relating to hydrography, oceanography and other marine sciences, including the study of fish and their supporting habitat and ecosystems;
 - (e) Preparation and publication of data, reports, statistics, charts, maps, plans, sections and other documents relating to the seas and internal waters of Vanuatu;
 - (f) Authorization and distribution or sale of data, reports, statistics, charts, maps, plans, sections and other documents;

(g) Preparation and publication of charts delineating, consistent with the nature and scale of the charts, all or part of the territorial sea, archipelagic waters, contiguous zone, exclusive economic zone and continental shelf of Vanuatu and adjacent waters; and

(h) Participation in ocean technology development.

(2) In addition to subsections (1), the Minister may regulate:

(a) The coordination, promotion and recommendation of national policies and programs with respect to fisheries science, hydrography, oceanography and other marine sciences;

(b) The conduct, and cooperation of persons conducting, applied and basic research programs, investigations and economic studies for the purpose of understanding oceans and their living resources and ecosystems;

(c) The maintenance and operation of ships, research institutes, laboratories and other facilities for research, surveying and monitoring for the purpose of understanding oceans and their living resources and ecosystems;

(d) The provision of scientific advice, services and support to the ministries and departments of the Government of Vanuatu and, on behalf of the Government of Vanuatu, to other States, international organizations and to other persons, regarding marine and maritime matters.

17 Regulations

(1) The Minister may make Regulations prescribing matters:

(a) Required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed; or

(b) That are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for the carrying out or giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

(2) Without limiting subsection (2), the Minister may make Regulations to:

(a) Regulate the use of the internal waters, territorial sea, archipelagic waters, contiguous zone, exclusive economic zone, and continental shelf;

(b) Set, and collect the fees to be paid in relation to any activity other than fishing, pleasure boats, exploration and exploitation of nonliving resources taking place in the internal waters, territorial sea, archipelagic waters, contiguous zone, exclusive economic zone, and continental shelf;

(c) Prescribe any other matter authorized to be prescribed by this Act, the Convention, or international law pertaining to internal waters or the seas.

18 Charts and Geographical Coordinates

(1) The Minister may by Order publish charts or lists of geographical coordinates specifying the geodetic data showing the following:

(a) The baselines, low-water lines, straight baselines, and any closing lines; and

(b) The seaward limits of the territorial sea, the archipelagic waters, the contiguous zone, the exclusive economic zone and the continental shelf; and

(c) Any sea lanes, air routes or traffic separation schemes.

(2) The data prepared under subsection (1) may be provided to the United Nations and other authorities as required by the Convention.

19 Reservation of Rights

To avoid doubt, all rights and powers of the State that are provided in the Convention but are not expressly provided in this Act, are reserved to the State.

20 Saving of orders

An Order made under paragraph 13 (a) of the Maritime Zones Act [CAP 138] that was in force immediately before commencement of this Act continues in force, on and after commencement of this Act, as if it had been made under this Act.

21 Repeal

The Maritime Zones Act [CAP 138] is repealed.

22 Commencement

This Act commences on the date on which it is published on the Gazette.

(b) Maritime Zones Act [CAP 138]
Amendments of the Schedule
Order No. 81 of 2009²

In exercise of the powers conferred on me by paragraph 13(a) of the Maritime Act [CAP 138], I Honorable Patrick Crowby Manarewo, Minister of Internal Affairs, make the following Order.

1 Amendment

The Schedule of the Maritime Act [CAP 138] is amended as set out in the Schedule.

2 Commencement

This order commences on the day on which it is made.

Made at Port Vila this 29 day of July of 2009.

Amendments of the Schedule of the Maritime Act [CAP 138]

1 Repeal

Repeal Schedule inserted by Order No. 49 of 2009, substitute

“SCHEDULE

(Section 4)

ARCHIPELAGIC BASELINE

An archipelagic baseline commencing at the outermost point of the low-water line on the reef off Vot Tande island coordinate 167°38' 39.2244" East 13° 15' 18.4248" South, and, except where the contrary intention appears, following the geodesic lines successfully linking the outermost points on the low-water line of the land area specified below—

COORDINATES (WGS84)

Point Nº	Land Area	Longitude (DMS)	Latitude (DMS)	
1	Vot Tandé Island	167° 38' 39.2244"	E 13° 15' 18.4248"	S
2	Vewoag Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 53.1564"	E 13° 4' 19.884"	S
3	Vewoag Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 51.81"	E 13° 4' 19.7796"	S
And thence along the low-water line to Point 4				
4	Vewoag Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 50.784" E	E 13° 4' 19.812"	S
5	Vewoag Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 45.5352"	E 13° 4' 21.6156"	S
6	Vewoag Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 43.1268"	E 13° 4' 25.986"	s
And thence along the low-water line to Point 7				
7	Vewoag Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 41.2584"	E 13° 4' 34.9464"	s
8	Repemutu Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 33.2016"	E 13° 8' 28.7016"	s
9	Nremoyof Point on Hiu Is.	166° 32' 34.7244"	E 13° 10' 8.0184"	s
10	Latsmagabe Point	166° 32' 55.7808"	E 14° 47' 11.1048"	s
11	Lovia Point on Santo Is.	166° 32' 29.3568"	E 14° 50' 45.9456"	s
And thence along the low-water line to Point 12				
12	Pointe Lovia sur l'île Santo	166° 32' 29.5908"	E 14° 50' 49.02"	S

² Refer to Article 20 “Saving of Orders” of Maritime Zones Act No. 06 of 2010 above.

Point	Land Area	Longitude (DMS)	Latitude (DMS)	
13	Linduri Village, Wusi	166° 38' 48.318"	E 15° 23' 45.5316"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to Point 14			
14	Linduri Village, Wusi	166° 38' 50.7156"	E 15° 23' 51.0828"	S
15	Lavusvo, Santo Is.	166° 46' 21.4212"	E 15° 39' 4.3056"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to Point 16			
16	Lavusvo, Santo Is	166° 46' 23.502"	E 15° 39' 7.4232"	S
17	Toman (Urur) Is.	167° 27' 43.5636"	E 16° 35' 21.786"	S
18	Leinamaia Point, SW Efate	168° 9' 24.246"	E 17° 42' 43.596"	S
19	Leinamaia Point, SW Efate	168° 9' 27.6012"	E 17° 42' 48.8988"	S
20	Tukutuku Point, SW Efate	168° 10' 13.2024"	E 17° 43' 57.36"	S
21	Tukutuku Point, SW Efate	168° 10' 14.6136"	E 17° 43' 59.4516"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to Point 22			
22	Tukutuku Point, SW Efate	168° 10' 14.8584"	E 17° 43' 59.8404"	S
23	Tukutuku Point, SW Efate	168° 10' 16.392"	E 17° 44' 1.932"	S
24	Toven Kasau Point, Erromaango Is.	168° 59' 29.0652"	E 18° 52' 33.15"	S
25	SW Imanaka	169° 13' 29.8488"	E 19° 28' 18.2532"	S
26	SW Imanaka	169° 13' 30.8352"	E 19° 28' 20.6148"	S
27	Lenus, Lekapo, Louteth (Tanna)	169° 14' 12.012"	E 19° 29' 48.5736"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to 28			
28	Lenus, Lekapo, Louteth (Tanna)	169° 14' 18.5928"	E 19° 30' 1.7532"	S
29	Itunga (Tanna)	169° 14' 40.0416"	E 19° 30' 50.274"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to Point 30			
30	Itunga (Tanna)	169° 14' 46.4064"	E 19° 31' 1.5564"	S
Nº				
31	Lenuvula (Tanna)	169° 15' 0.9756"	E 19° 31' 29.6796"	S
32	Ikiyo, SW Tanna (Tanna)	169° 17' 12.2172"	E 19° 34' 35.7348"	S
33	Mystery Is.	169° 45' 37.5012"	E 20° 15' 36.6984"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to Point 34			
34	Mystery Is.	169° 45' 44.874"	E 20° 15' 41.2632"	S
35	Mystery Is.	169° 45' 59.0832"	E 20° 15' 43.6644"	S
36	Niav Point	169° 51' 1.35"	E 20° 15' 16.2792"	S
37	SE Anietyum	169° 52' 8.7348"	E 20° 14' 55.4604"	S
38	SE Anietyum	169° 52' 15.4812"	E 20° 14' 52.1124"	S
39	SE Anietyum	169° 52' 28.218"	E 20° 14' 44.0988"	S
40	SE Anietyum	169° 52' 37.4484"	E 20° 14' 36.7224"	S
41	SE Anietyum	169° 52' 40.9944"	E 20° 14' 33.3492"	S
42	SE Anietyum	169° 53' 10.968"	E 20° 13' 56.8092"	S
43	SE Anietyum	169° 53' 29.4216"	E 20° 13' 27.6528"	S
44	SE Anietyum	169° 53' 56.6196"	E 20° 12' 45.216"	S
45	Imari Point, Futuna Is.	170° 14' 9.7764"	E 19° 32' 23.2008"	S
46	Sinow Point, Futuna Is.	170° 14' 17.6028"	E 19° 30' 41.8248"	S
47	Sinow Point, Futuna Is.	170° 14' 17.7864"	E 19° 30' 36.0288"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to Point 48			
48	Sinow Point, Futuna Is.	170° 14' 17.3256"	E 19° 30' 33.984"	S
49	Sinow Point, Futuna Is.	170° 14' 15.432"	E 19° 30' 30.294"	S
	And thence along the low-water line to Point 50			
50	Sinow Point, Futuna Is.	170° 14' 14.1936"	E 19° 30' 28.8468"	S
51	Vetemanu Is.	169° 18' 16.6212"	E 18° 41' 49.7832"	S
52	Manuro Point, SE sur Efate	168° 35' 43.71"	E 17° 41' 21.9912"	S
53	Initatam Point, Tongariki Is.	168° 38' 56.382"	E 17° 0' 24.0156"	S
54	Initatam Point, Tongariki Is.	168° 38' 56.1588"	E 17° 0' 18.8352"	S
55	Initatam Point, Tongariki Is.	168° 38' 55.662"	E 17° 0' 16.7256"	S
56	Pantayal Point	168° 16' 58.3608"	E 15° 55' 20.2656"	S
57	Vot Totlav Is.	168° 4' 11.0712"	E 14° 26' 32.028"	S

58	Vot Tande Is.	167° 38' 45.3948"	E	13° 15' 24.75"	S
And thence along the low-water line to Point 59					
59	Vot Tande Is.	167° 38' 44.5704"	E	13° 15' 23.6952"	S

Geographic Coordinates (WGS84) for Mathew Island, Normal Baseline

Point Nº	Longitude (DMS)				Latitude (DMS)			
1	171°	21'	1.77"	E	22°	20'	35.62"	S
2	171°	21'	0.78"	E	22°	20'	36.47"	S
3	171°	21'	0.33"	E	22°	20'	37.28"	S
4	171°	21'	0.34"	E	22°	20'	38.18"	S
5	171°	21'	0.51"	E	22°	20'	39.20"	S
6	171°	21'	0.99"	E	22°	20'	39.79"	S
7	171°	21'	1.42"	E	22°	20'	40.69"	S
8	171°	21'	1.75"	E	22°	20'	41.77"	S
9	171°	21'	1.72"	E	22°	20'	42.64"	S
10	171°	21'	2.15"	E	22°	20'	43.68"	S
11	171°	21'	2.51"	E	22°	20'	44.49"	S
12	171°	21'	2.77"	E	22°	20'	45.27"	S
13	171°	21'	3.16"	E	22°	20'	45.99"	S
14	171°	21'	3.93"	E	22°	20'	46.67"	S
15	171°	21'	4.71"	E	22°	20'	46.94"	S
16	171°	21'	5.39"	E	22°	20'	47.29"	S
17	171°	21'	5.88"	E	22°	20'	47.89"	S
18	171°	21'	5.72"	E	22°	20'	48.09"	S
19	171°	21'	5.53"	E	22°	20'	48.45"	S
20	171°	21'	5.56"	E	22°	20'	49.14"	S
21	171°	21'	6.47"	E	22°	20'	49.65"	S
22	171°	21'	7.08"	E	22°	20'	50.22"	S
23	171°	21'	8.11"	E	22°	20'	50.33"	S
24	171°	21'	9.34"	E	22°	20'	50.42"	S
25	171°	21'	11.43"	E	22°	20'	50.46"	S
26	171°	21'	11.88"	E	22°	20'	50.60"	S
27	171°	21'	12.43"	E	22°	20'	51.06"	S
28	171°	21'	13.01"	E	22°	20'	51.33"	S
29	171°	21'	13.61"	E	22°	20'	51.07"	S
30	171°	21'	13.96"	E	22°	20'	50.79"	S
31	171°	21'	14.81"	E	22°	20'	50.65"	S
32	171°	21'	15.62"	E	22°	20'	50.29"	S
33	171°	21'	17.00"	E	22°	20'	49.98"	S
34	171°	21'	17.83"	E	22°	20'	50.04"	S
35	171°	21'	18.87"	E	22°	20'	50.18"	S
36	171°	21'	19.67"	E	22°	20'	50.18"	S
37	171°	21'	20.41"	E	22°	20'	49.96"	S
38	171°	21'	21.19"	E	22°	20'	49.99"	S
39	171°	21'	21.48"	E	22°	20'	50.50"	S
40	171°	21'	22.54"	E	22°	20'	50.70"	S
41	171°	21'	23.31"	E	22°	20'	50.72"	S
42	171°	21'	23.86"	E	22°	20'	50.63"	S
43	171°	21'	24.28"	E	22°	20'	50.24"	S
44	171°	21'	25.08"	E	22°	20'	50.11"	S
45	171°	21'	26.24"	E	22°	20'	50.29"	S
46	171°	21'	27.21"	E	22°	20'	50.85"	S
47	171°	21'	28.89"	E	22°	20'	51.43"	S
48	171°	21'	29.44"	E	22°	20'	52.09"	S

49	171°	21'	30.48"	E	22°	20'	52.83"	S
50	171°	21'	31.31"	E	22°	20'	52.81"	S
51	171°	21'	32.50"	E	22°	20'	52.62"	S
52	171°	21'	32.85"	E	22°	20'	51.72"	S
53	171°	21'	32.88"	E	22°	20'	50.46"	S
54	171°	21'	32.55"	E	22°	20'	49.68"	S
55	171°	21'	32.80"	E	22°	20'	49.05"	S
56	171°	21'	33.48"	E	22°	20'	48.81"	S
57	171°	21'	34.35"	E	22°	20'	48.83"	S
58	171°	21'	34.96"	E	22°	20'	48.86"	S
59	171°	21'	35.15"	E	22°	20'	48.11"	S
60	171°	21'	35.14"	E	22°	20'	47.06"	S
61	171°	21'	34.98"	E	22°	20'	46.46"	S
62	171°	21'	34.84"	E	22°	20'	45.98"	S
63	171°	21'	35.00 "	E	22°	20'	45.47"	S
64	171°	21'	35.49"	E	22°	20'	45.38"	S
65	171°	21'	36.29"	E	22°	20'	45.55"	S
66	171°	21'	37.03"	E	22°	20'	45.55"	S
67	171°	21'	37.61"	E	22°	20'	45.46	S
68	171°	21'	38.32"	E	22°	20'	45.42"	S
69	171°	21'	39.03"	E	22°	20'	45.24"	S
70	171°	21'	39.80"	E	22°	20'	45.02"	S
71	171°	21'	40.31"	E	22°	20'	44.84"	S
72	171°	21'	40.95"	E	22°	20'	44.60"	S
73	171°	21'	41.50"	E	22°	20'	44.38"	S
74	171°	21'	41.72"	E	22°	20'	43.96"	S
75	171°	21'	41.98"	E	22°	20'	43.51"	S
76	171°	21'	42.20"	E	22°	20'	42.85"	S
77	171°	21'	42.68"	E	22°	20'	42.70"	S
78	171°	21'	42.74"	E	22°	20'	42.19"	S
79	171°	21'	42.58"	E	22°	20'	41.68"	S
80	171°	21'	42.96"	E	22°	20'	41.17"	S
81	171°	21'	43.34"	E	22°	20'	40.71"	S
82	171°	21'	43.79"	E	22°	20'	40.29"	S
83	171°	21'	43.95"	E	22°	20'	39.93"	S
84	171°	21'	44.47"	E	22°	20'	39.81"	S
85	171°	21'	45.43"	E	22°	20'	39.80"	S
86	171°	21'	46.46"	E	22°	20'	39.80"	S
87	171°	21'	46.98"	E	22°	20'	39.31"	S
88	171°	21'	47.36"	E	22°	20'	38.53"	S
89	171°	21'	47.84"	E	22°	20'	37.96"	S
90	171°	21'	48.02"	E	22°	20'	37.27"	S
91	171°	21'	48.09"	E	22°	20'	36.46"	S
92	171°	21'	48.11"	E	22°	20'	35.59"	S
93	171°	21'	48.11"	E	22°	20'	34.81"	S
94	171°	21'	48.23"	E	22°	20'	34.24"	S
95	171°	21'	48.68"	E	22°	20'	33.88"	S
96	171°	21'	49.09"	E	22°	20'	33.22"	S
97	171°	21'	49.31"	E	22°	20'	32.02"	S
98	171°	21'	49.05"	E	22°	20'	31.57"	S
99	171°	21'	48.54"	E	22°	20'	31.21"	S
100	171°	21'	47.92"	E	22°	20'	31.07"	S
101	171°	21'	47.47"	E	22°	20'	31.07"	S
102	171°	21'	46.99"	E	22°	20'	31.16"	S
103	171°	21'	46.57"	E	22°	20'	31.50"	S
104	171°	21'	46.12"	E	22°	20'	31.83"	S

105	171°	21'	45.54"	E	22°	20'	31.77"	S
106	171°	21'	45.09"	E	22°	20'	31.53"	S
107	171°	21'	44.64"	E	22°	20'	31.53"	S
108	171°	21'	43.74"	E	22°	20'	31.27"	S
109	171°	21'	43.19"	E	22°	20'	31.33"	S
110	171°	21'	42.42"	E	22°	20'	31.40"	S
111	171°	21'	41.77"	E	22°	20'	31.49"	S
112	171°	21'	41.23"	E	22°	20'	31.88"	S
113	171°	21'	40.84"	E	22°	20'	31.95"	S
114	171°	21'	40.27"	E	22°	20'	32.10"	S
115	171°	21'	39.78"	E	22°	20'	32.46"	S
116	171°	21'	39.17"	E	22°	20'	32.23"	S
117	171°	21'	38.88"	E	22°	20'	31.99"	S
118	171°	21'	38.59"	E	22°	20'	32.02"	S
119	171°	21'	38.37"	E	22°	20'	32.02"	S
120	171°	21'	37.91"	E	22°	20'	32.00 "	S
121	171°	21'	37.34"	E	22°	20'	32.12"	S
122	171°	21'	37.05"	E	22°	20'	32.42"	S
123	171°	21'	36.63"	E	22°	20'	32.48"	S
124	171°	21'	36.01"	E	22°	20'	32.24"	S
125	171°	21'	35.24"	E	22°	20'	31.74"	S
126	171°	21'	34.66"	E	22°	20'	31.38"	S
127	171°	21'	34.17"	E	22°	20'	30.99"	S
128	171°	21'	33.75"	E	22°	20'	30.58"	S
129	171°	21'	33.33"	E	22°	20'	30.04"	S
130	171°	21'	33.33"	E	22°	20'	29.53"	S
131	171°	21'	33.00"	E	22°	20'	29.14"	S
132	171°	21'	32.71"	E	22°	20'	29.06"	S
133	171°	21'	32.26"	E	22°	20'	29.09"	S
134	171°	21'	32.07"	E	22°	20'	28.88"	S
135	171°	21'	32.00"	E	22°	20'	28.31"	S
136	171°	21'	31.96"	E	22°	20'	27.89"	S
137	171°	21'	31.67"	E	22°	20'	27.63"	S
138	171°	21'	31.67"	E	22°	20'	27.09"	S
139	171°	21'	31.86"	E	22°	20'	26.63"	S
140	171°	21'	31.89"	E	22°	20'	26.19"	S
141	171°	21'	31.60"	E	22°	20'	25.83"	S
142	171°	21'	31.30"	E	22°	20'	25.47"	S
143	171°	21'	31.11"	E	22°	20'	25.26"	S
144	171°	21'	30.85"	E	22°	20'	25.05"	S
145	171°	21'	30.53"	E	22°	20'	24.93"	S
146	171°	21'	30.37"	E	22°	20'	24.93"	S
147	171°	21'	29.98"	E	22°	20'	24.94"	S
148	171°	21'	29.72"	E	22°	20'	25.06"	S
149	171°	21'	29.76"	E	22°	20'	25.41"	S
150	171°	21'	30.05"	E	22°	20'	25.68"	S
151	171°	21'	30.02"	E	22°	20'	25.93"	S
152	171°	21'	29.73"	E	22°	20'	26.11"	S
153	171°	21'	29.44"	E	22°	20'	26.35"	S
154	171°	21'	29.41"	E	22°	20'	26.68"	S
155	171°	21'	29.41"	E	22°	20'	26.95"	S
156	171°	21'	29.61"	E	22°	20'	27.19"	S
157	171°	21'	29.67"	E	22°	20'	27.39"	S
158	171°	21'	29.77"	E	22°	20'	27.75"	S
159	171°	21'	29.87"	E	22°	20'	28.14"	S
160	171°	21'	30.03"	E	22°	20'	28.41"	S

161	171°	21'	30.39"	E	22°	20'	28.95"	S
162	171°	21'	30.23"	E	22°	20'	29.07"	S
163	171°	21'	29.88"	E	22°	20'	28.98"	S
164	171°	21'	29.46"	E	22°	20'	28.83"	S
165	171°	21'	28.94"	E	22°	20'	28.66"	S
166	171°	21'	28.58"	E	22°	20'	28.57"	S
167	171°	21'	28.13"	E	22°	20'	28.18"	S
168	171°	21'	27.75"	E	22°	20'	28.22"	S
169	171°	21'	27.36"	E	22°	20'	28.22"	S
170	171°	21'	27.23"	E	22°	20'	27.80"	S
171	171°	21'	27.26"	E	22°	20'	27.47"	S
172	171°	21'	27.00"	E	22°	20'	27.17"	S
173	171°	21'	26.77"	E	22°	20'	27.11"	S
174	171°	21'	26.49"	E	22°	20'	27.11"	S
175	171°	21'	26.10"	E	22°	20'	27.15"	S
176	171°	21'	25.97"	E	22°	20'	26.67"	S
177	171°	21'	25.96"	E	22°	20'	26.10"	S
178	171°	21'	25.83"	E	22°	20'	26.07"	S
179	171°	21'	25.42"	E	22°	20'	26.25"	S
180	171°	21'	25.03"	E	22°	20'	26.49"	S
181	171°	21'	24.93"	E	22°	20'	26.37"	S
182	171°	21'	24.70"	E	22°	20'	25.75"	S
183	171°	21'	24.57"	E	22°	20'	25.45"	S
184	171°	21'	24.25"	E	22°	20'	25.21"	S
185	171°	21'	23.89"	E	22°	20'	24.85"	S
186	171°	21'	23.57"	E	22°	20'	24.55"	S
187	171°	21'	23.25"	E	22°	20'	24.35"	S
188	171°	21'	22.38"	E	22°	20'	24.23"	S
189	171°	21'	21.76"	E	22°	20'	23.99"	S
190	171°	21'	21.18"	E	22°	20'	23.85"	S
191	171°	21'	20.86"	E	22°	20'	23.31"	S
192	171°	21'	20.21"	E	22°	20'	22.77"	S
193	171°	21'	19.31"	E	22°	20'	22.66"	S
194	171°	21'	18.76"	E	22°	20'	22.57"	S
195	171°	21'	18.27"	E	22°	20'	22.46"	S
196	171°	21'	17.86"	E	22°	20'	22.31"	S
197	171°	21'	17.53"	E	22°	20'	22.19"	S
198	171°	21'	17.11"	E	22°	20'	22.04"	S
199	171°	21'	16.63"	E	22°	20'	21.75"	S
200	171°	21'	16.05"	E	22°	20'	21.75"	S
201	171°	21'	15.53"	E	22°	20'	21.75"	S
202	171°	21'	14.63"	E	22°	20'	21.73"	S
203	171°	21'	13.86"	E	22°	20'	21.70"	S
204	171°	21'	12.67"	E	22°	20'	21.77"	S
205	171°	21'	11.99"	E	22°	20'	21.95"	S
206	171°	21'	11.70"	E	22°	20'	22.23"	S
207	171°	21'	11.58"	E	22°	20'	22.52"	S
208	171°	21'	11.06"	E	22°	20'	22.74"	S
209	171°	21'	11.13"	E	22°	20'	23.49"	S
210	171°	21'	11.01"	E	22°	20'	23.79"	S
211	171°	21'	10.75"	E	22°	20'	23.85"	S
212	171°	21'	10.42"	E	22°	20'	23.31"	S
213	171°	21'	10.13"	E	22°	20'	22.68"	S
214	171°	21'	9.61"	E	22°	20'	22.26"	S
215	171°	21'	9.03"	E	22°	20'	22.09"	S
216	171°	21'	8.06"	E	22°	20'	22.03"	S

217	171°	21'	6.78"	E	22°	20'	22.19"	S
218	171°	21'	6.04"	E	22°	20'	22.41"	S
219	171°	21'	5.27"	E	22°	20'	22.92"	S
220	171°	21'	4.56"	E	22°	20'	23.70"	S
221	171°	21'	3.93"	E	22°	20'	24.43"	S
222	171°	21'	3.29"	E	22°	20'	25.69"	S
223	171°	21'	3.04"	E	22°	20'	26.56"	S
224	171°	21'	3.07"	E	22°	20'	27.22"	S
225	171°	21'	3.18"	E	22°	20'	27.85"	S
226	171°	21'	3.60"	E	22°	20'	28.65"	S
227	171°	21'	3.99"	E	22°	20'	28.95"	S
228	171°	21'	4.54"	E	22°	20'	29.16"	S
229	171°	21'	5.18"	E	22°	20'	29.37"	S
230	171°	21'	4.89"	E	22°	20'	29.55"	S
231	171°	21'	3.44"	E	22°	20'	29.62"	S
232	171°	21'	2.38"	E	22°	20'	29.74"	S
233	171°	21'	1.74"	E	22°	20'	30.02"	S
234	171°	21'	1.81"	E	22°	20'	30.38"	S
235	171°	21'	2.00"	E	22°	20'	31.00"	S
236	171°	21'	2.39"	E	22°	20'	31.51"	S
237	171°	21'	2.65"	E	22°	20'	31.93"	S
238	171°	21'	2.66"	E	22°	20'	32.32"	S
239	171°	21'	2.46"	E	22°	20'	32.68"	S
240	171°	21'	1.98"	E	22°	20'	32.77"	S
241	171°	21'	1.43"	E	22°	20'	32.81"	S
242	171°	21'	1.21"	E	22°	20'	33.11"	S
243	171°	21'	1.21"	E	22°	20'	33.50"	S
244	171°	21'	1.38"	E	22°	20'	33.80"	S
245	171°	21'	1.73"	E	22°	20'	34.06"	S
246	171°	21'	2.09"	E	22°	20'	34.48"	S
247	171°	21'	2.09"	E	22°	20'	34.87"	S
248	171°	21'	1.97"	E	22°	20'	35.23"	S
249	171°	21'	1.77"	E	22°	20'	35.62"	S

**Geographical Coordinates (WGS84) for Rocks
above lowest astronomical tide around Mathew Island**

Feature	Longitude (DMS)	Latitude (DMS)
Rock NW	171° 21' 0.27" E	22° 20' 32.55" S
Rock N	171° 21' 11.18" E	22° 20' 20.82" S
Rock NE	171° 21' 33.99" E	22° 20' 28.19" S

Geographical Coordinates (WGS84) for Hunter Island, Normal baseline

Point	Longitude (DMS)	Latitude (DMS)
Nº		
1	172° 5' 16.57" E	22° 23' 23.45" S
2	172° 5' 16.18" E	22° 23' 23.81" S
3	172° 5' 15.95" E	22° 23' 23.99" S
4	172° 5' 15.52" E	22° 23' 23.83" S
5	172° 5' 15.03" E	22° 23' 24.33" S
6	172° 5' 14.54" E	22° 23' 24.87" S
7	172° 5' 14.24" E	22° 23' 25.28" S
8	172° 5' 14.14" E	22° 23' 25.46" S
9	172° 5' 13.82" E	22° 23' 25.26" S
10	172° 5' 13.56" E	22° 23' 25.26" S

11	172°	5'	13.20"	E	22°	23'	26.08"	S
12	172°	5'	13.10"	E	22°	23'	26.74"	S
13	172°	5'	12.78"	E	22°	23'	26.88"	S
14	172°	5'	12.58"	E	22°	23'	26.73"	S
15	172°	5'	12.58"	E	22°	23'	26.12"	S
16	172°	5'	12.08"	E	22°	23'	25.97"	S
17	172°	5'	11.87"	E	22°	23'	25.95"	S
18	172°	5'	11.48"	E	22°	23'	25.55"	S
19	172°	5'	11.12"	E	22°	23'	25.15"	S
20	172°	5'	10.92"	E	22°	23'	25.13"	S
21	172°	5'	10.56"	E	22°	23'	25.33"	S
22	172°	5'	10.37"	E	22°	23'	25.59"	S
23	172°	5'	10.24 "	E	22°	23'	25.59"	S
24	172°	5'	9.90"	E	22°	23'	25.36"	S
25	172°	5'	9.68"	E	22°	23'	25.18"	S
26	172°	5'	9.27"	E	22°	23'	25.28"	S
27	172°	5'	9.04"	E	22°	23'	25.44"	S
28	172°	5'	8.57"	E	22°	23'	25.44"	S
29	172°	5'	8.20"	E	22°	23'	25.44"	S
30	172°	5'	7.80"	E	22°	23'	25.67"	S
31	172°	5'	7.57"	E	22°	23'	26.19"	S
32	172°	5'	7.22"	E	22°	23'	26.39"	S
33	172°	5'	6.82"	E	22°	23'	26.93"	S
34	172°	5'	6.54"	E	22°	23'	27.15"	S
35	172°	5'	6.20"	E	22°	23'	27.01"	S
36	172°	5'	5.86"	E	22°	23'	26.84"	S
37	172°	5'	5.45"	E	22°	23'	27.08"	S
38	172°	5'	5.28"	E	22°	23'	27.60"	S
39	172°	5'	5.41"	E	22°	23'	27.88"	S
40	172°	5'	5.84"	E	22°	23'	28.22"	S
41	172°	5'	5.59"	E	22°	23'	28.56"	S
42	172°	5'	5.27"	E	22°	23'	28.66"	S
43	172°	5'	4.71"	E	22°	23'	28.66"	S
44	172°	5'	4.17"	E	22°	23'	28.50"	S
45	172°	5'	3.81"	E	22°	23'	28.51"	S
46	172°	5'	3.57"	E	22°	23'	28.61"	S
47	172°	5'	3.39"	E	22°	23'	29.05"	S
48	172°	5'	3.08"	E	22°	23'	29.05"	S
49	172°	5'	3.04"	E	22°	23'	28.69"	S
50	172°	5'	2.99"	E	22°	23'	28.21"	S
51	172°	5'	2.73"	E	22°	23'	28.07"	S
52	172°	5'	2.33"	E	22°	23'	28.13"	S
53	172°	5'	2.20"	E	22°	23'	28.53"	S
54	172°	5'	2.25"	E	22°	23'	28.95"	S
55	172°	5'	2.21"	E	22°	23'	29.17"	S
56	172°	5'	1.82"	E	22°	23'	29.18"	S
57	172°	5'	1.50"	E	22°	23'	29.18"	S
58	172°	5'	1.18"	E	22°	23'	29.44"	S
59	172°	5'	0.92"	E	22°	23'	29.66"	S
60	172°	5'	0.75"	E	22°	23'	29.82"	S
61	172°	5'	0.56"	E	22°	23'	29.82"	S
62	172°	5'	0.22"	E	22°	23'	29.58"	S
63	172°	4'	59.92"	E	22°	23'	29.08"	S
64	172°	4'	59.68"	E	22°	23'	29.03"	S
65	172°	4'	59.53"	E	22°	23'	29.35"	S
66	172°	4'	59.66"	E	22°	23'	29.91"	S

67	172°	4'	59.19"	E	22°	23'	29.85"	S
68	172°	4'	58.83"	E	22°	23'	29.85"	S
69	172°	4'	58.53"	E	22°	23'	30.05"	S
70	172°	4'	58.53"	E	22°	23'	30.53"	S
71	172°	4'	57.93"	E	22°	23'	30.45"	S
72	172°	4'	57.44"	E	22°	23'	30.74"	S
73	172°	4'	57.23"	E	22°	23'	31.30"	S
74	172°	4'	57.28"	E	22°	23'	32.24"	S
75	172°	4'	57.37"	E	22°	23'	33.16"	S
76	172°	4'	57.65"	E	22°	23'	33.74"	S
77	172°	4'	58.17"	E	22°	23'	34.20"	S
78	172°	4'	58.54"	E	22°	23'	34.52"	S
79	172°	4'	58.86"	E	22°	23'	34.65"	S
80	172°	4'	59.22"	E	22°	23'	34.71"	S
81	172°	4'	59.93"	E	22°	23'	34.67"	S
82	172°	5'	0.48"	E	22°	23'	34.65"	S
83	172°	5'	0.89"	E	22°	23'	34.68"	S
84	172°	5'	1.05"	E	22°	23'	35.10"	S
85	172°	5'	0.99"	E	22°	23'	36.16"	S
86	172°	5'	1.04"	E	22°	23'	36.95"	S
87	172°	5'	0.83"	E	22°	23'	37.55"	S
88	172°	5'	0.42"	E	22°	23'	37.97"	S
89	172°	5'	0.23"	E	22°	23'	38.51"	S
90	172°	5'	0.39"	E	22°	23'	39.83"	S
91	172°	5'	0.52"	E	22°	23'	40.85"	S
92	172°	5'	0.23"	E	22°	23'	41.85"	S
93	172°	5'	0.32"	E	22°	23'	42.95"	S
94	172°	5'	0.35"	E	22°	23'	44.05"	S
95	172°	5'	0.65"	E	22°	23'	44.55"	S
96	172°	5'	0.91"	E	22°	23'	44.95"	S
97	172°	5'	1.32"	E	22°	23'	45.51"	S
98	172°	5'	1.50"	E	22°	23'	46.05"	S
99	172°	5'	1.50"	E	22°	23'	46.81"	S
100	172°	5'	0.99"	E	22°	23'	47.31"	S
101	172°	5'	0.70"	E	22°	23'	47.66"	S
102	172°	5'	0.64"	E	22°	23'	48.26"	S
103	172°	5'	0.85"	E	22°	23'	48.74"	S
104	172°	5'	0.86"	E	22°	23'	49.35"	S
105	172°	5'	0.80"	E	22°	23'	49.96"	S
106	172°	5'	0.52"	E	22°	23'	50.58"	S
107	172°	5'	0.27"	E	22°	23'	51.32"	S
108	172°	5'	0.05"	E	22°	23'	51.60"	S
109	172°	5'	0.06"	E	22°	23'	52.16"	S
110	172°	4'	59.87"	E	22°	23'	52.44"	S
111	172°	4'	59.64"	E	22°	23'	52.64"	S
112	172°	4'	59.68"	E	22°	23'	52.84"	S
113	172°	4'	59.94"	E	22°	23'	53.08"	S
114	172°	5'	0.02"	E	22°	23'	53.42"	S
115	172°	4'	59.94"	E	22°	23'	53.74"	S
116	172°	4'	59.71"	E	22°	23'	54.09"	S
117	172°	4'	59.86"	E	22°	23'	54.58"	S
118	172°	5'	0.01"	E	22°	23'	54.70"	S
119	172°	5'	0.44"	E	22°	23'	54.70"	S
120	172°	5'	0.78"	E	22°	23'	54.92"	S
121	172°	5'	1.07"	E	22°	23'	55.54"	S
122	172°	5'	1.18"	E	22°	23'	55.96"	S

123	172°	5'	1.31"	E	22°	23'	56.22"	S
124	172°	5'	1.69"	E	22°	23'	56.30"	S
125	172°	5'	2.27"	E	22°	23'	56.01"	S
126	172°	5'	2.89"	E	22°	23'	55.85"	S
127	172°	5'	3.27"	E	22°	23'	55.93"	S
128	172°	5'	3.58"	E	22°	23'	56.17"	S
129	172°	5'	3.75"	E	22°	23'	56.35"	S
130	172°	5'	3.84"	E	22°	23'	56.71"	S
131	172°	5'	3.29"	E	22°	23'	57.27"	S
132	172°	5'	3.20"	E	22°	23'	57.55"	S
133	172°	5'	3.37"	E	22°	23'	57.81"	S
134	172°	5'	3.72"	E	22°	23'	57.99"	S
135	172°	5'	4.25"	E	22°	23'	58.03"	S
136	172°	5'	4.88"	E	22°	23'	58.10"	S
137	172°	5'	5.09"	E	22°	23'	58.30"	S
138	172°	5'	5.31"	E	22°	23'	58.72"	S
139	172°	5'	5.35"	E	22°	23'	58.96"	S
140	172°	5'	5.65"	E	22°	23'	58.98"	S
141	172°	5'	5.93"	E	22°	23'	58.78"	S
142	172°	5'	6.12"	E	22°	23'	58.38"	S
143	172°	5'	6.48"	E	22°	23'	57.98"	S
144	172°	5'	6.87"	E	22°	23'	58.03"	S
145	172°	5'	7.11"	E	22°	23'	58.17"	S
146	172°	5'	7.56"	E	22°	23'	58.37"	S
147	172°	5'	7.64"	E	22°	23'	58.55"	S
148	172°	5'	7.98"	E	22°	23'	58.51"	S
149	172°	5'	8.26"	E	22°	23'	58.47"	S
150	172°	5'	8.52"	E	22°	23'	58.51"	S
151	172°	5'	8.69"	E	22°	23'	58.75"	S
152	172°	5'	9.01"	E	22°	23'	58.74"	S
153	172°	5'	9.81"	E	22°	23'	58.84"	S
154	172°	5'	11.12"	E	22°	23'	58.89"	S
155	172°	5'	11.89"	E	22°	23'	58.83"	S
156	172°	5'	12.25"	E	22°	23'	58.69"	S
157	172°	5'	12.69"	E	22°	23'	58.11"	S
158	172°	5'	13.01"	E	22°	23'	57.53"	S
159	172°	5'	13.16"	E	22°	23'	57.26"	S
160	172°	5'	13.42"	E	22°	23'	56.98"	S
161	172°	5'	13.99"	E	22°	23'	56.98"	S
162	172°	5'	14.55"	E	22°	23'	57.28"	S
163	172°	5'	14.81"	E	22°	23'	57.72"	S
164	172°	5'	14.90"	E	22°	23'	57.98"	S
165	172°	5'	15.09"	E	22°	23'	58.17"	S
166	172°	5'	15.61"	E	22°	23'	58.21"	S
167	172°	5'	16.27"	E	22°	23'	58.37"	S
168	172°	5'	16.64"	E	22°	23'	58.61"	S
169	172°	5'	17.24"	E	22°	23'	58.63"	S
170	172°	5'	17.45"	E	22°	23'	58.07"	S
171	172°	5'	17.64"	E	22°	23'	57.93"	S
172	172°	5'	17.88"	E	22°	23'	58.10"	S
173	172°	5'	18.12"	E	22°	23'	58.42"	S
174	172°	5'	18.44"	E	22°	23'	58.62"	S
175	172°	5'	18.74"	E	22°	23'	58.58"	S
176	172°	5'	18.82"	E	22°	23'	58.30"	S
177	172°	5'	18.73"	E	22°	23'	57.86"	S
178	172°	5'	18.86"	E	22°	23'	57.56"	S

179	172°	5'	19.37"	E	22°	23'	57.54"	S
180	172°	5'	20.06"	E	22°	23'	57.09"	S
181	172°	5'	20.63"	E	22°	23'	56.35"	S
182	172°	5'	21.03"	E	22°	23'	56.01"	S
183	172°	5'	21.51"	E	22°	23'	55.77"	S
184	172°	5'	21.63"	E	22°	23'	55.53"	S
185	172°	5'	21.80"	E	22°	23'	55.04"	S
186	172°	5'	21.73"	E	22°	23'	54.56"	S
187	172°	5'	21.94"	E	22°	23'	54.12"	S
188	172°	5'	22.28"	E	22°	23'	53.62"	S
189	172°	5'	22.37"	E	22°	23'	52.98"	S
190	172°	5'	22.45"	E	22°	23'	52.36"	S
191	172°	5'	22.34"	E	22°	23'	51.94"	S
192	172°	5'	22.25"	E	22°	23'	51.68"	S
193	172°	5'	22.01"	E	22°	23'	51.40"	S
194	172°	5'	21.75"	E	22°	23'	51.04"	S
195	172°	5'	21.66"	E	22°	23'	50.50"	S
196	172°	5'	21.85"	E	22°	23'	49.92"	S
197	172°	5'	22.04"	E	22°	23'	49.34"	S
198	172°	5'	22.15"	E	22°	23'	49.02"	S
199	172°	5'	22.44"	E	22°	23'	48.70"	S
200	172°	5'	22.48"	E	22°	23'	48.34"	S
201	172°	5'	22.59"	E	22°	23'	47.84"	S
202	172°	5'	22.78"	E	22°	23'	47.43"	S
203	172°	5'	22.93"	E	22°	23'	46.91"	S
204	172°	5'	23.12"	E	22°	23'	46.41"	S
205	172°	5'	23.14"	E	22°	23'	45.95"	S
206	172°	5'	23.17"	E	22°	23'	44.91"	S
207	172°	5'	23.17"	E	22°	23'	44.65"	S
208	172°	5'	23.42"	E	22°	23'	44.21"	S
209	172°	5'	23.29"	E	22°	23'	43.69"	S
210	172°	5'	22.84"	E	22°	23'	43.27"	S
211	172°	5'	22.86"	E	22°	23'	42.77"	S
212	172°	5'	22.71"	E	22°	23'	42.51"	S
213	172°	5'	22.38"	E	22°	23'	42.13"	S
214	172°	5'	22.38"	E	22°	23'	41.49"	S
215	172°	5'	22.25"	E	22°	23'	41.13"	S
216	172°	5'	21.99"	E	22°	23'	40.75"	S
217	172°	5'	22.01"	E	22°	23'	40.31"	S
218	172°	5'	22.11"	E	22°	23'	39.71"	S
219	172°	5'	22.24"	E	22°	23'	39.33"	S
220	172°	5'	22.28"	E	22°	23'	38.75"	S
221	172°	5'	22.23"	E	22°	23'	38.37"	S
222	172°	5'	21.91"	E	22°	23'	38.07"	S
223	172°	5'	21.42"	E	22°	23'	38.01"	S
224	172°	5'	21.00"	E	22°	23'	37.69"	S
225	172°	5'	20.29"	E	22°	23'	36.76"	S
226	172°	5'	19.86"	E	22°	23'	36.26"	S
227	172°	5'	19.60"	E	22°	23'	35.48"	S
228	172°	5'	19.25"	E	22°	23'	34.90"	S
229	172°	5'	18.78"	E	22°	23'	34.00"	S
230	172°	5'	18.37"	E	22°	23'	33.50"	S
231	172°	5'	18.08"	E	22°	23'	32.68"	S
232	172°	5'	17.78"	E	22°	23'	31.88"	S
233	172°	5'	17.62"	E	22°	23'	31.08"	S
234	172°	5'	17.62"	E	22°	23'	30.43"	S

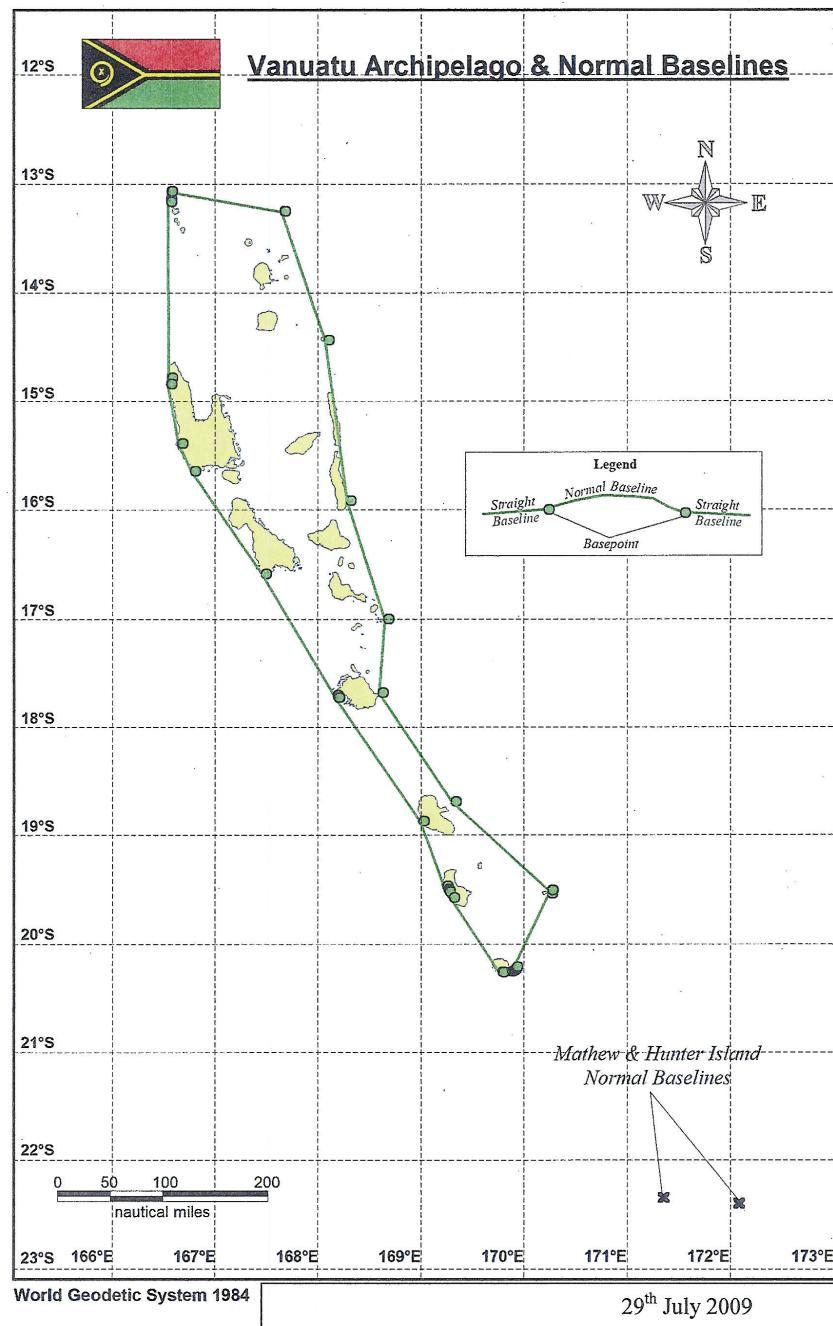
235	172°	5'	17.61"	E	22°	23'	30.08"	S
236	172°	5'	17.27"	E	22°	23'	29.77"	S
237	172°	5'	16.75"	E	22°	23'	29.61"	S
238	172°	5'	16.22"	E	22°	23'	29.11"	S
239	172°	5'	16.00"	E	22°	23'	28.83"	S
240	172°	5'	15.95"	E	22°	23'	28.45"	S
241	172°	5'	16.17"	E	22°	23'	28.03"	S
242	172°	5'	16.57"	E	22°	23'	27.87"	S
243	172°	5'	16.83"	E	22°	23'	27.71"	S
244	172°	5'	17.04"	E	22°	23'	27.27"	S
245	172°	5'	17.27"	E	22°	23'	26.80"	S
246	172°	5'	17.46"	E	22°	23'	26.30"	S
247	172°	5'	17.37"	E	22°	23'	25.82"	S
248	172°	5'	17.07"	E	22°	23'	25.44"	S
249	172°	5'	17.13"	E	22°	23'	24.88"	S
250	172°	5'	17.17"	E	22°	23'	24.48"	S
251	172°	5'	17.17"	E	22°	23'	24.22"	S
252	172°	5'	17.15"	E	22°	23'	23.86"	S
253	172°	5'	17.02"	E	22°	23'	23.64"	S
254	172°	5'	16.84"	E	22°	23'	23.50"	S
255	172°	5'	16.57"	E	22°	23'	23.45"	S

**Geographical Coordinates (WGS84) for the Unnamed Island,
Normal Baseline on the North East of Hunter Island**

Point N°	Longitude (DMS)				Latitude (DMS)			
1	172°	5'	19.04"	E	22°	23'	27.74"	S
2	172°	5'	18.61"	E	22°	23'	28.30"	S
3	172°	5'	18.33"	E	22°	23'	28.70"	S
4	172°	5'	18.34"	E	22°	23'	29.18"	S
5	172°	5'	18.36"	E	22°	23'	29.46"	S
6	172°	5'	18.49"	E	22°	23'	29.72"	S
7	172°	5'	18.73"	E	22°	23'	29.88"	S
8	172°	5'	19.09"	E	22°	23'	29.88"	S
9	172°	5'	19.41"	E	22°	23'	29.72"	S
10	172°	5'	19.65"	E	22°	23'	29.73"	S
11	172°	5'	20.01"	E	22°	23'	29.95"	S
12	172°	5'	20.40"	E	22°	23'	29.97"	S
13	172°	5'	20.68"	E	22°	23'	29.81"	S
14	172°	5'	21.19"	E	22°	23'	29.59"	S
15	172°	5'	21.44"	E	22°	23'	29.35"	S
16	172°	5'	21.70"	E	22°	23'	29.04"	S
17	172°	5'	22.06"	E	22°	23'	28.62"	S
18	172°	5'	22.02"	E	22°	23'	28.22"	S
19	172°	5'	21.97"	E	22°	23'	28.08"	S
20	172°	5'	21.52"	E	22°	23'	28.17"	S
21	172°	5'	21.50"	E	22°	23'	27.74"	S
22	172°	5'	21.54"	E	22°	23'	27.42"	S
23	172°	5'	21.52"	E	22°	23'	27.20"	S
24	172°	5'	21.13"	E	22°	23'	27.05"	S
25	172°	5'	20.59"	E	22°	23'	27.09"	S
26	172°	5'	20.00"	E	22°	23'	27.27"	S
27	172°	5'	19.50"	E	22°	23'	27.43"	S
28	172°	5'	19.16"	E	22°	23'	27.61"	S
29	172°	5'	19.04"	E	22°	23'	27.74"	S

**Geographical Coordinates (WGS84) for Rocks
above lowest astronomical tide around Hunter Island**

Feature	Longitude (DMS)	Latitude (DMS)
Rock NE	172° 5' 12.62" E	22° 23' 23.48" S
Rock N	172° 5' 5.19" E	22° 23' 26.04" S
Rock NW	172° 4' 58.21" E	22° 23' 27.47" S
Rock SW	172° 4' 58.69" E	22° 23' 55.17" S
Rock SE	172° 5' 23.22" E	22° 23' 53.02" S



2. Lebanon

Report concerning the delimitation of the southern limit of Lebanon's
exclusive economic zone, 2010³

In accordance with the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, to which Lebanon acceded by virtue of Law No. 295 of 22 February 1994, and in particular the following articles on the delimitation of exclusive economic zones, the text of which is contained in annex 1⁴:

- Article 5 concerning the normal baseline;
- Article 7 concerning straight baselines;
- Article 14 concerning the combination of methods for determining baselines;
- Article 15 concerning the delimitation of the territorial sea between States with opposite or adjacent coasts;
- Article 16 concerning charts and lists of geographical coordinates;
- Article 55 concerning the specific legal regime of the exclusive economic zone;
- Article 56 concerning the rights, jurisdiction and duties of the coastal State in the exclusive economic zone;
- Article 57 concerning the breadth of the exclusive economic zone;
- Article 58 concerning the rights and duties of other States in the exclusive economic zone;
- Article 59 concerning the basis for the resolution of conflicts regarding the attribution of rights and jurisdiction in the exclusive economic zone;
- Article 60 concerning artificial islands, installations and structures in the exclusive economic zone;
- Article 63 concerning stocks occurring within the exclusive economic zones of two or more coastal States or both within the exclusive economic zone and in an area beyond and adjacent to it;
- Article 73 concerning the enforcement of laws and regulations of the coastal State;
- Article 74 concerning the delimitation of the exclusive economic zone between States with opposite or adjacent coasts;

In accordance with the provisions of the Paulet-Newcombe agreement of 3 February 1922, which entered into force on 10 March 1923, delimiting the

³ Transmitted through a note verbale from the Permanent Mission of Lebanon to the United Nations dated 14 July 2010 addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations. Original: Arabic.

⁴ Note by the editor. Annex 1, which contains articles from the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, is not reproduced herewith.

southern border of Lebanon from Ra's Naqurah at point 1B, the coordinates of which were officially confirmed on the 1949 map detailing the borders of Lebanon, Syria and Palestine further to the armistice agreements between the concerned parties;

In accordance with the manual on technical aspects of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (1982);

The baseline of the southern Lebanese coast was delimited using the following available maps:

- Admiralty nautical chart No. 2634 (Beirut to Gaza, 1:300,000) produced by the United Kingdom Hydrographic Office;
- Admiralty nautical chart No. 183 (Ra's at Tin to Iskenderun, 1:1,100,000) produced by the United Kingdom Hydrographic Office;
- Chart B-1 (Area of Naqurah, 1:20,000) produced by the Office of Geographic Affairs, Lebanese Armed Forces Command, updated in June 2004 on the basis of aerial photographs taken in 2001-2002.

Using that baseline, and with reference to the provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, the southern limit of Lebanon's exclusive economic zone was determined as the median line every point of which is equidistant from the nearest point on the baselines of Lebanon and the neighbouring State.

The southern limit of Lebanon's exclusive economic zone was then plotted on Admiralty nautical chart No. 183, and a list of its coordinates was compiled.

The above-mentioned chart and list of coordinates are contained in annex 2.

There is a need to conduct a detailed survey, using a global positioning system, of the shore contiguous to the southern limit, including all islands and spurs, with a view to updating the nautical charts and the baseline accordingly in the future.

[Annex 2]

List of Geographical Coordinates

for the delimitation of the Exclusive Economic Zone in WGS 84

The following tables contain position information for the Median Line between Lebanon and Palestine

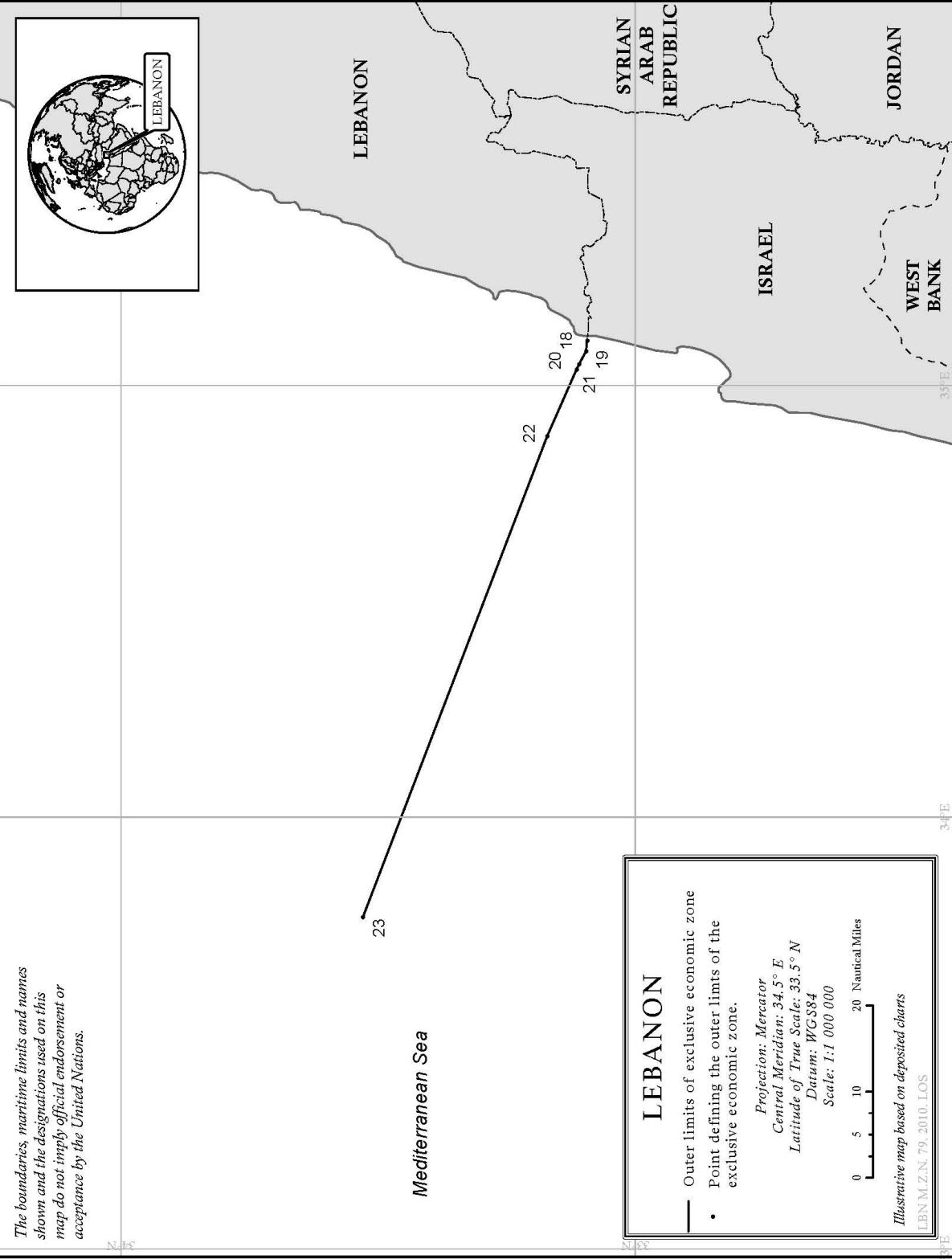
All positions are referred to WGS 84 joined consecutively by geodesics

Southern Median Line (Lebanon - Palestine)

Points	Degrees			Minutes			Seconds			Degrees	Minutes	Seconds
18	35	6	11.84	E	33	5	38.94		N			
19	35	4	46.14	E	33	5	45.79		N			
20	35	2	58.12	E	33	6	34.15		N			
21	35	2	13.86	E	33	6	52.73		N			
22	34	52	57.24	E	33	10	19.33		N			
23	33	46	8.78	E	33	31	51.17		N			



The boundaries, maritime limits and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.



A. Bilateral Treaties

Trinidad and Tobago and Grenada

Treaty between the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago and Grenada
on the Delimitation of Marine and Submarine Areas, 21 April 2010¹

The Republic of Trinidad and Tobago and Grenada, hereinafter referred to singly as a “Contracting Party” and collectively as the “Contracting Parties”:

Convinced that the establishment of a single maritime boundary will encourage and promote the wise use of the living and non-living natural resources of the Continental Shelf and the Exclusive Economic Zone and enhance the protection and preservation of the marine environment and the conduct of marine scientific and technological research in marine areas adjacent to the two countries for the mutual benefit of the Contracting Parties and their peoples;

Taking into account Articles 74 (1) and 83 (1) of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10th December, 1982, which entered into force on 16th November, 1994 and which is binding on the Contracting Parties;

Resolving in a true spirit of strengthened cooperation and friendship, born of their common history and shared membership in the Caribbean Community, to settle permanently as good neighbours through the establishment of a precise and equitable maritime boundary between the two States, the limits of the marine and submarine areas within which each Contracting Party exercises sovereign rights and jurisdiction in accordance with international law;

Have agreed as follows:

*Article I
Applicable Maritime Zones*

The maritime boundary in the Caribbean Sea between the Contracting Parties referred to in this Treaty is the single maritime boundary delimiting their respective continental shelves and exclusive economic zones which have been established by the Contracting Parties in accordance with international law.

*Article II
Delimitation Line*

The delimitation line with respect to the marine and submarine areas in the Caribbean Sea is as follows:

From point TTG1 whose geographic coordinates are 11°23'31"N and 61°43'56"W to point TTG2 whose coordinates are 11°59'03"N and 60°54'38"W and thence along a geodetic azimuth of 58°28'36" until it meets the jurisdiction of a third state.

*Article III
Geodetic Datum*

1. The geographic coordinates of the afore-mentioned points have been defined on the World Geodetic System 1984 (WGS-84).
2. The delimitation line and points indicated in Article II have been drawn solely for illustrative purposes on the Map accepted by the Contracting Parties and annexed to this Treaty.

*Article IV
Restriction on Exercise of Sovereign Rights and Jurisdiction*

Neither Contracting Party shall, for any purpose, claim or exercise sovereign rights or jurisdiction over the superjacent waters, seabed and subsoil of the marine and submarine areas appertaining to the other Contracting

¹ Registered with the Secretariat of the United Nations by Trinidad and Tobago on 25 June 2010. Registration No.: I-47548. Entry into force: 27 April 2010.

Party by virtue of the delimitation of the continental shelf and exclusive economic zone established in this Treaty.

*Article V
Protection of the Marine Environment and Management of the Living Resources*

1. The Contracting Parties shall adopt all necessary measures for the protection and preservation of the marine environment and for the conservation and management of the living resources, in accordance with international law, in the marine areas referred to in this Treaty.
2. The Contracting Parties, accordingly, agree to share information on:
 - (a) their respective legal regimes for the preservation and protection of the marine environment and for the prevention, reduction and control of pollution;
 - (b) research on fish stocks occurring within their exclusive economic zones; and
 - (c) safety of navigation and the regulation of marine traffic.

*Article VI
Cooperation*

Subject to the elaboration of specific implementing agreements and without prejudice to the right of each Contracting Party to adopt, within its maritime jurisdiction, such rules and regulations as it deems appropriate, the Contracting Parties may cooperate with each other in areas of common interest, including:

- (a) exploration for and exploitation of the non-living natural resources;
- (b) management of the use of living natural resources;
- (c) protection and preservation of the marine environment;
- (d) surveillance, monitoring and enforcement of laws in accordance with the laws of each Contracting Party and in conformity with the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea; and
- (e) the conduct of marine scientific research.

*Article VII
Unitization of Deposits*

If any single oil or gas structure or field or any other mineral deposit extends across the delimitation line established in Article II and the part of such structure, field or deposit which is situated on one side of the line is exploitable, wholly or in part, from the other side of the line, the Contracting Parties shall, after holding the appropriate technical consultations, make every effort to reach agreement on the manner in which any such structure, field or deposit shall be most effectively exploited and on the equitable sharing of the costs and benefits arising from such exploitation.

*Article VIII
Notification of Exploration or Exploitation Activities*

In cases where either Contracting Party decides to carry out or to permit drilling activities for exploration or exploitation in areas five hundred metres (500 m) from the delimitation line, such activities shall be notified in advance to the other Contracting Party through diplomatic channels.

*Article IX
Settlement of Disputes*

Any dispute arising between the Contracting Parties concerning the interpretation or application of this Treaty shall be resolved by peaceful means in accordance with international law.

Article X
Entry into Force

This Treaty shall be subject to ratification and shall enter into force on the date of the exchange of the instruments of ratification.

Article XI
Registration

Upon its entry into force, the present Treaty shall be registered with the Secretariat of the United Nations in accordance with Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the undersigned, being duly authorized thereto by their respective Governments, have signed this Treaty.

Done in the City of Port of Spain, on this 21st day of the month of April, Two Thousand and Ten in two originals in the English language.

For the Government of the

Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

Patrick Manning

Prime Minister

For the Government of

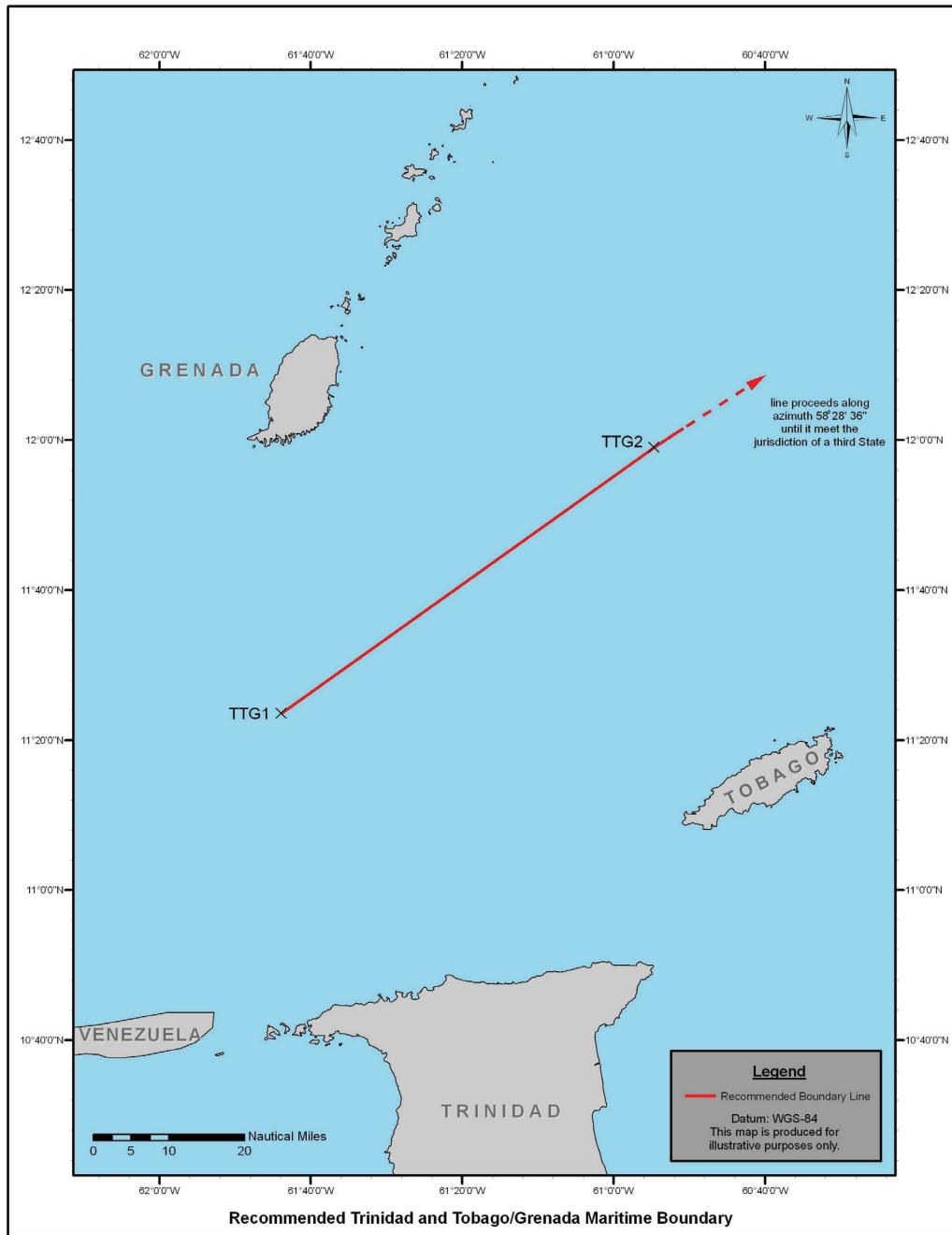
Grenada

Tillman Thomas

Prime Minister

Illustrative map

Illustrative map¹



¹ Source: http://www.gov.gd/egov/docs/other/delimitation_treaty_trinidad_tobago_grenada.pdf

III. COMMUNICATIONS BY STATES

Democratic Republic of CongoNote Verbale dated 14 June 2010¹

132.61/RDCONU/A1/353/10

New York, 14 June 2010

The Permanent Mission of the Democratic Republic of the Congo to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Secretariat of the United Nations and has the honour to refer to the preliminary information submitted by the Republic of Angola to the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf on 4 May 2009, and to note No. 7/003 addressed by the Permanent Mission of the Republic of Angola to the Secretariat on 31 July 2009.

In connection with those documents, the contents of which it found to be of particular interest, the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo wishes to make the following points:

1. The Democratic Republic of the Congo confirms the terms of the Act delimiting its maritime areas, and reiterates its intention to establish the outer limits of its continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles. The Act affirms its rights and legitimate interests in a spirit of fairness.
2. The Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo notes with regret that the plan submitted by the Republic of Angola to the Commission on 4 May 2009 delimits the continental shelf of that country without reference to the rights of the Democratic Republic of the Congo as a coastal State. It therefore contravenes the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982, and in particular article 7, paragraph 6, which provides that "the system of straight baselines may not be applied by a State in such a manner as to cut off the territorial sea of another State from the high seas or an exclusive economic zone"; article 77, paragraph 1, which provides that "the coastal State exercises over the continental shelf sovereign rights for the purpose of exploring it and exploiting its natural resources"; and article 77, paragraph 2, which provides that "the rights referred to in paragraph 1 are exclusive in the sense that if the coastal State does not explore the continental shelf or exploit its natural resources, no one may undertake these activities without the express consent of the coastal State".
3. The Democratic Republic of the Congo does not consider itself bound by the Republic of Angola's delimitation of those maritime spaces, and rejects the plan to the Committee by that State on 4 May 2009.
4. The Democratic Republic of the Congo intends to study the plan of the Republic of Angola to extend its continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles, and will make its position on the subject known in due course.
5. The Democratic Republic of the Congo stands ready to resolve any dispute arising from this situation through the relevant mechanism provided for by international law.

¹ Note verbale from the Permanent Mission of the Democratic Republic of Congo to the United Nations, dated 14 June 2010, addressed to the Secretariat of the United Nations. The Note verbale dated 31 July 2009 from the Permanent Mission of Angola, in respect to the submission by the Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo of "Preliminary information for the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf, pursuant to article 76, paragraph 8, of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 1982, concerning the Gulf of Guinea region" and of "Act delimiting the maritime areas of the Democratic Republic of the Congo", was published in *Law of the Sea Bulletin* no. 71. Preliminary informations submitted by States to the Secretary-General are available on the DOALOS web site at: http://www.un.org/Depts/los/clcs_new/commission_preliminary.htm.

The Government of the Democratic Republic of the Congo requests the Secretary-General to register this letter and have it distributed and published in the *Law of the Sea Bulletin* and any other relevant United Nations publications.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE LAW OF THE SEA

A. Relevant Resolutions from the Security Council of the United Nations concerning the situation in Somalia

Resolution 1918 (2010)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 6301st meeting, on 27 April 2010

The Security Council,

Recalling its previous resolutions concerning the situation in Somalia, especially resolutions 1814 (2008), 1816 (2008), 1838 (2008), 1844 (2008), 1846 (2008), 1851 (2008) and 1897 (2009),

Continuing to be gravely concerned by the threat that piracy and armed robbery at sea against vessels pose to the situation in Somalia and other States in the region, as well as to international navigation and the safety of commercial maritime routes,

Reaffirming that international law, as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 (“the Convention”), in particular its articles 100, 101 and 105, sets out the legal framework applicable to combating piracy and armed robbery at sea, as well as other ocean activities,

Reaffirming also that the authorizations renewed in resolution 1897 (2009) apply only with respect to the situation in Somalia and shall not affect the rights, obligations or responsibilities of Member States under international law, including any rights or obligations under the Convention, with respect to any other situation, and *underscoring in particular* that resolution 1897 shall not be considered as establishing customary international law,

Stressing the need to address the problems caused by the limited capacity of the judicial system of Somalia and other States in the region to effectively prosecute suspected pirates,

Noting with appreciation the assistance being provided by the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) and other international organizations and donors, in coordination with the Contact Group on Piracy off the Coast of Somalia (“CGPCS”), to enhance the capacity of the judicial and the corrections systems in Somalia, Kenya, Seychelles and other States in the region to prosecute suspected, and imprison convicted, pirates consistent with applicable international human rights law,

Commending the role of the EU operation Atalanta, North Atlantic Treaty Organization operations Allied Protector and Ocean Shield, Combined Maritime Forces’ Combined Task Force 151, and other States acting in a national capacity in cooperation with the Transitional Federal Government (the TFG) and each other, in suppressing piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, including by bringing persons suspected of piracy to justice,

Commending the efforts of the Republic of Kenya to date to prosecute suspected pirates in its national courts and imprison convicted persons, and *encouraging* Kenya to continue these efforts, while acknowledging the difficulties Kenya encounters in this regard,

Also commending the efforts to date of other States to prosecute suspected pirates in their national courts,

Acknowledging the decision of the Seychelles to engage in the prosecution of suspected pirates, and *welcoming in particular* their decision on 6 February 2010 to consider hosting a regional prosecution centre,

Commending the decision by the CGPCS to create the International Trust Fund supporting initiatives of the Contact Group on Piracy off the Coast of Somalia administered by the UNODC to defray the expenses associated with prosecution of suspected pirates and to support other counter-piracy initiatives, *welcoming* the contributions of participating States and *encouraging* other potential donors to contribute to the fund,

Welcoming the adoption of the CGPCS regional capability needs assessment report and *urging* States and international organizations to provide fullest possible support to enable early implementation of its recommendations,

Commending those States that have amended their domestic law in order to criminalize piracy and facilitate the prosecution of suspected pirates in their national courts, consistent with applicable international law, including human rights law, and *stressing* the need for States to continue their efforts in this regard,

Noting with concern at the same time that the domestic law of a number of States lacks provisions criminalizing piracy and/or procedural provisions for effective criminal prosecution of suspected pirates,

Acknowledging the ongoing efforts within the CGPCS to explore possible mechanisms to more effectively prosecute persons suspected of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia,

Emphasizing that peace and stability within Somalia, the strengthening of State institutions, economic and social development and respect for human rights and the rule of law are necessary to create the conditions for a durable eradication of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, and further emphasizing that Somalia's long-term security rests with the effective development by the TFG of the National Security Force and Somali Police Force, in the framework of the Djibouti Agreement and in line with a national security strategy,

Being concerned over cases when persons suspected of piracy are released without facing justice and *determined* to create conditions to ensure that pirates are held accountable,

1. *Affirms* that the failure to prosecute persons responsible for acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia undermines anti-piracy efforts of the international community;

2. *Calls on* all States, including States in the region, to criminalize piracy under their domestic law and favourably consider the prosecution of suspected, and imprisonment of convicted, pirates apprehended off the coast of Somalia, consistent with applicable international human rights law;

3. *Welcomes* in this context the progress being made to implement the IMO Djibouti Code of Conduct, and *calls upon* its participants to implement it fully as soon as possible;
4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to present to the Security Council within 3 months a report on possible options to further the aim of prosecuting and imprisoning persons responsible for acts of piracy and armed robbery at sea off the coast of Somalia, including, in particular, options for creating special domestic chambers possibly with international components, a regional tribunal or an international tribunal and corresponding imprisonment arrangements, taking into account the work of the CGPCS, the existing practice in establishing international and mixed tribunals, and the time and the resources necessary to achieve and sustain substantive results;
5. *Decides to remain seized* of the matter.

B. Table of claims to maritime jurisdiction (as at 31 July 2010)

Introductory note: The present, unofficial table of claims to maritime jurisdiction is a reference material based on national legislation and other relevant information obtained from reliable sources with a view to ensuring the most accurate representation of the status of claims. Despite extensive research and periodic review, however, the table may not always reflect the latest developments, especially those which have not been brought to the attention of the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of Legal Affairs of the United Nations, the publisher of the *Law of the Sea Bulletin*. To report any new developments or inaccuracies regarding the status of claims, please contact the Division, Room DC2-0460, United Nations, New York, NY 10017, or send an email to: doalos@un.org.

Concerning the approach which has been adopted with respect to the information regarding the continental shelf, the following is to be noted:

The Convention on the Continental Shelf which was adopted in Geneva on 29 April 1958 ("the 1958 Geneva Convention") defines the term "continental shelf" as: (a) the seabed and subsoil of the submarine areas adjacent to the coast but outside the area of the territorial sea, to a depth of 200 metres or, beyond that limit, to where the depth of the superjacent waters admits of the exploitation of the natural resources of the said areas; and (b) the seabed and subsoil of similar submarine areas adjacent to the coasts of islands.

Under the provisions of article 76 of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 ("the 1982 Convention"), the continental shelf extends up to the outer edge of the continental margin, or up to 200 nautical miles where the outer edge does not extend up to 200 nautical miles, or up to the line of delimitation.

The table reflects the fact that, under international law,¹ the rights of a coastal State over the shelf do not depend on occupation, effective or notional, or on any express proclamation. However, in a number of cases, discrepancies seem to exist between the limits as reflected in the national legislation, originally based on the 1958 Geneva Convention, and the entitlements of States Parties under the 1982 Convention. That Convention, pursuant to its article 311, paragraph 1, prevails, as between States Parties, over the 1958 Geneva Convention. As it appears, certain States that became States Parties to the 1982 Convention have not yet completed the process of harmonization of their national legislation with its provisions. However, the entitlement of coastal States to their respective continental shelves up to the limit allowed by international law is not affected.

In this connection, it has also to be noted that, under current international law of the sea and all legal aspects considered, the outer limits of the continental shelf would extend, in most cases, up to 200 nautical miles or up to the line of maritime delimitation. Regarding the limits of the continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles, States Parties to the 1982 Convention need to make a submission to the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf in order to seek its recommendation. A considerable number of submissions have already been made and a number of other States Parties are in the process of preparing such submissions, many of them having submitted preliminary information indicative of the outer limits of the continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles, pursuant to SPLOS/183 - Decision regarding the workload of the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf and the ability of States, particularly developing States, to fulfil the requirements of article 4 of Annex II to the Convention, as well as the decision contained in SPLOS/72, paragraph (a).

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¹ Article 2, paragraph 3, of the 1958 Geneva Convention and article 77, paragraph 3, of the 1982 Convention.

LEGEND

*: Asterisks mark information which has been deposited with the Secretary-General in compliance with articles 16(2), 47(9), 75(2), 76(9), and/or 84(2), of the 1982 Convention.

6 – 6 nautical miles (1 nautical mile = 1852 meters)

12 – 12 nautical miles

24 – 24 nautical miles

200 – 200 nautical miles

CM: Continental Margin. Outer edge of the continental margin, or to 200 nautical miles where the outer edge does not extend up to that distance.

COORD: Defined by coordinates

DML: Delimitation. The symbol DLM is used when national legislation establishes the limits of a given zone by reference to the delimitation of maritime boundaries with adjacent or opposite States (or to a median (equidistant) line in the absence of a maritime boundary delimitation agreement).

p/i: preliminary information

EXPL: Exploitation

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³		Outer limit	Sub.
		Exclusive Economic Zone	Fisheries Zone		
Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)	Contiguous Zone				
Territorial Sea					
Does the State claim archipelagic status? ²		12			
Does the legislation provide for straight baselines? ¹		12	24	32 or 52	DLM
UNCLOS Ratification, Accession Date	05/12/1990	12	24	200	CM/200 p/i
Albania	23/06/2003	•	12		
Algeria	11/06/1996	•	12		
Angola	02/02/1989	•	12	24	CM/200
Antigua and Barbuda	01/12/1995	•	12	24	CM/200
Argentina	05/10/1994	•	12*	24	CM/200 •
Australia	29/07/1983	•	12	200	CM/200 •
Bahamas				200	CM/200 p/i

¹ Including closing lines across the mouths of rivers and across the mouths of bays. The geographical coordinates of points for drawing the straight baselines may not have been necessarily established by the State concerned.

² The geographical coordinates of points for drawing the archipelagic baselines may not yet have been necessarily established by the State concerned.

³ The number reflects a claim regarding the breadth of the zone (in nautical miles), measured from the baselines, as contained in national legislation – regardless of whether this legislation contains an additional specific reference to the need for delimitation of maritime boundaries with adjacent or opposite States. However, where the national legislation establishes the limits of a given zone only by reference to the delimitation of maritime boundaries with adjacent or opposite States, or to a median (equidistant) line in the absence of a maritime boundary delimitation agreement, the symbol DLM is used.

⁴ The territorial sea boundaries between the islands of Aubusi, Boigu and Moimi and Papua New Guinea and the islands of Dauan, Kaumag and Saibai and Papua New Guinea, together with such other portion of the outer limit of the territorial sea of Saibai are determined by a treaty with Papua New Guinea. The territorial seas of the islands known as Anchor Cay, Aubusi Island, Black Rocks, Boigu Island, Bramble Cay, Dauan Island, Deliverance Island, East Cay, Kaumag Island, Kerr Islet, Moimi Island, Pearce Cay, Saibai Island, Turnagain Island and Turu Cay do not extend beyond three miles from the baselines. Deposit made in respect of the southern area of the Gulf of Carpentaria to include the part of the roadstead near the Port of Karumba in Queensland, and for drawing the limits of that roadstead.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³		Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone		
	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)				
	Fisheries Zone				
Bahrain	30/05/1985	12	24		
Bangladesh	27/07/2001	12	18	200	CM ⁵
Barbados ⁶	12/10/1993	12	200	CM/200	•
Belgium	13/11/1998	12*	24	COORD	DLM*
Belize	13/08/1983	12 ⁸	200		
Benin	16/10/1997	200		CM/200	p/i
Bosnia and Herzegovina	12/01/1994				
Brazil	22/12/1988	12	24	200*	CM/200
Brunei Darussalam	05/11/1996	12	200	CM/200	•
Bulgaria	15/05/1996	12	24	200	DLM
Cambodia		12	24	200	
Cameroon ⁹	19/11/1985	12 ¹⁰		CM/200	p/i

⁵ Outer edge of the continental margin.

⁶ See also the dispositif of the *Award of the Arbitral Tribunal Constituted pursuant to article 287, and in accordance with Annex VII, of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea in the Matter of an Arbitration between Barbados and the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago, 11 April 2006*

⁷ Coterminal with the exclusive economic zone.

⁸ Three-mile limit applies from the mouth of Sarstoon River to Ranguana Caye.

⁹ See also ICJ Judgment of 10 October 2002 in the Case concerning the land and maritime boundary between Cameroon and Nigeria.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³			Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone	Fisheries Zone		
	Territorial Sea					
Canada ¹¹	07/11/2003	12	24	200	CM/200	
Cape Verde	10/08/1987	•	12	24	200	p/i
Chile	25/08/1997	•	12*	24*	200*	p/i
China	07/06/1996	•	12	24	200	CM/200 p/i
Colombia		•	12	200	Not specified	
Comoros	21/06/1994	•	12	200	CM/200	p/i
Congo	09/07/2008	•	12	24	200	CM/200 p/i
Cook Islands	15/02/1995		12	200	CM/200	• ¹²
Costa Rica	21/09/1992	•	12	200 ^{*13}	CM/200	p/i
Côte d'Ivoire	26/03/1984	•	12	200	CM/200	•
Croatia	05/04/1995	•	12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> * ¹⁴	COORD	DLM

¹⁰ See article 45 of Law 96-06 of 18 January 1996 on the revision of the Constitution of 2 June 1972.

¹¹ See also the judgment in the *Case concerning Delimitation of the Maritime Boundary in the Gulf of Maine Area (Canada/United States of America) (ICJ, 1984)*

¹² In respect of the Manihiki Plateau.

¹³ Deposit made in respect of the Pacific Ocean coast.

¹⁴ The Decision on the Extension of the Jurisdiction of the Republic of Croatia in the Adriatic Sea of 3 October 2003 proclaimed only certain elements of the EEZ. The implementation of the legal regime of the “ecological and fisheries protection zone” of Croatia commenced twelve months after its establishment.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³			Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone	Fisheries Zone		
	Territorial Sea					
Cuba	15/08/1984	12	24	200* ¹⁵	CM/200	•
Cyprus	12/12/1988	12	24	200* ¹⁶	EXPL ¹⁷	
Democratic People's Republic of Korea		12	X ¹⁸	200		
Democratic Republic of the Congo	17/02/1989	12	24	200/DLM		
Denmark ¹⁹	16/11/2004	12 ²⁰	24	200/DLM ²¹	200 ²²	200m/EXPL ²³ • ²⁴
Djibouti	08/10/1991	12	24	200		
Dominica	24/10/1991	12	24	200		

¹⁵ Deposit made in respect of the area of the Gulf of Mexico.

¹⁶ Deposit made in respect of the median line as referred to in the *Delimitation Agreement between the Republic of Cyprus and the Arab Republic of Egypt*.

¹⁷ Depth of exploitability.

¹⁸ 50-nautical mile military zone. Army Command Announcement of 1 August 1977.

¹⁹ See also the judgment in the *North Sea Continental Shelf Cases (Federal Republic of Germany/Denmark; (ICJ, 1969)*. Also, see the judgment in the *Case concerning Maritime Delimitation in the Area between Greenland and Jan Mayen (Denmark v. Norway) (ICJ, 1993)*,

²⁰ 12 nm also for Faroe Islands (by Executive Decree No. 306 of 16 May 2002) and Greenland. As far as Greenland and Faroe Islands are concerned, the outer limit of the external territorial waters may be measured at a distance shorter than 12 nautical miles from the baselines.

²¹ Applies also to Greenland.

²² For Greenland and Faroe Islands.

²³ 200m - depth of 200 metres.

²⁴ In respect of the area north of the Faroe Islands.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES		Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³	Outer limit	Sub.
	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)	Fisheries Zone			
	Exclusive Economic Zone	Contiguous Zone			
	Territorial Sea				
Does the State claim archipelagic status? ²					
Does the legislation provide for straight baselines? ¹					
UNCLOS Ratification, Accession Date					
Dominican Republic	10/07/2009	•	12	24	200
Ecuador		•	200 ²⁵		200 ²⁶
Egypt	26/08/1983	•	12	24	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 27
El Salvador			200		
Equatorial Guinea	21/07/1997	•	12*	200*	CM/200
Eritrea ²⁸			12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Estonia	26/08/2005	•	12 ²⁹ COORD	COORD	COORD
Fiji	10/12/1982	•	12*	200*	CM/200
Finland	21/06/1996	•	12* ³⁰ 14 ³¹ DLM	*COORD	200m/EXPL*

²⁵ Only between the continental territorial sea of Ecuador and its insular territorial sea around the Galápagos Islands.

²⁶ Also 100 nautical miles from isobath 2,500m (Only between the continental territorial sea of Ecuador and its insular territorial sea around the Galápagos Islands).

²⁷ In March 2003, Cyprus and Egypt signed an agreement on the delimitation of their respective exclusive economic zones.

²⁸ See also the *Eritrea-Yemen Arbitration: Award of the Arbitral Tribunal in the Second Stage: Maritime Delimitation, 17 December 1999*

²⁹ In some parts of the Gulf of Finland.

³⁰ Extends, with certain exceptions, to 12 nautical miles, unless defined by geographical coordinates. In the Gulf of Finland, the outer limit of the territorial sea shall at no place be closer to the midline than 3 nautical miles, according to the Act amending the Act on the Limits of the Territorial Waters of Finland (98/1/95).

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³			Outer limit	Sub.
		Exclusive Economic Zone	Contiguous Zone	Territorial Sea		
Does the State claim archipelagic status? ²						
Does the legislation provide for straight baselines? ¹						
UNCLOS Ratification, Accession Date						

²¹ Two miles beyond the outer limits of the territorial sea.

²² See also the *Continental Shelf Arbitration (France/United Kingdom) (1977)*

²³ Applies to the North Sea, the English Channel and the Atlantic Ocean from the Franco-Belgian border to the Franco-Spanish border, Saint Pierre and Miquelon, French Guiana, Réunion, New Caledonia, French Polynesia, French Southern and Antarctic Lands, Wallis and Futuna, Tromelin, Glorioso, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India Islands, Clipperton Island, Mayotte, Guadeloupe and Martinique. Deposit made in respect of Tromelin Island and Reunion Island.

²⁴ Joint submission by France, Ireland, Spain and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland - in the area of the Celtic Sea and the Bay of Biscay.

²⁵ In respect of the areas of French Guiana and New Caledonia.

²⁶ In respect of the areas of the French Antilles and the Kerguelen Islands.

²⁷ Joint submission by France and South Africa - in the area of the Crozet Archipelago and the Prince Edward Islands.

²⁸ In respect of La Réunion Island and Saint-Paul and Amsterdam Islands.

²⁹ Coincides with the outer limit of the Exclusive Economic Zone.

³⁰ See also the judgment of the *North Sea Continental Shelf Cases (Federal Republic of Germany/Denmark; Federal Republic of Germany/Netherlands) (ICJ, 1969)*

³¹ The deposit does not include delimitation lines with the Netherlands and Denmark.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³			Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone	Fisheries Zone		
	Territorial Sea					
Ghana	07/06/1983	12	24	200	CM/200	•
Greece	21/07/1995	6 ⁴³			200m/EXPL	
Grenada	25/04/1991	•	12	200		
Guatemala	11/02/1997		12	200	Not specified	
Guinea ⁴⁴	06/09/1985		12	200	CM/200	p/i
Guinea-Bissau ⁴⁴	25/08/1986	•	12	200	CM/200	p/i
Guyana ⁴⁵	16/11/1993	•	12	200	CM/200	p/i
Haiti	31/07/1996	•	12	24	200	EXPL
Honduras ⁴⁶	05/10/1993	•	12	24	200	
Iceland	21/06/1985	•	12	200	CM/200	• ⁴⁷

⁴² The deposit does not include the delimitation with the Netherlands, Denmark and Poland.

⁴³ Ten-mile limit applies for the purpose of regulating civil aviation.

⁴⁴ See also the *Maritime Boundary Delimitation Arbitration (Guinea/Guinea-Bissau) Arbitral Award, 1985*

⁴⁵ See also the dispositif of the *Award of the Arbitral Tribunal Constituted pursuant to article 287, and in accordance with Annex VII, of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea in the Matter of an Arbitration between Guyana and Suriname, 17 September 2007*

⁴⁶ See also the judgment of the Case concerning Territorial and Maritime Dispute between Nicaragua and Honduras in the Caribbean Sea, *ICJ Judgment of 8 October 2007*

⁴⁷ In respect of the Ægir Basin area and in the western and southern parts of Reykjanes Ridge.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES			Outer limit	Sub.					
	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)		Fisheries Zone							
	Exclusive Economic Zone									
	Contiguous Zone	Territorial Sea								
			Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³							
India	29/06/1995	•	12	24	200 CM/200 ●					
Indonesia	03/02/1986	•	12	200 CM/200 ● ⁴⁸						
Iran (Islamic Republic of)		•	12	24 DLM	DLM					
Iraq	30/07/1985		12		Not specified					
Ireland	21/06/1996	•	12	24 200*	☒ ⁴⁹ , 52 ●					
Israel			12		EXPL					
Italy	13/01/1995	•	12	☒ ⁵⁰	200m/EXP ⁵¹					
Jamaica	21/03/1983	•	12	24 200 CM/200						
Japan	20/06/1996	•	12* ⁵²	24 200 CM/200 ●						

⁴⁸ In respect of the North West of Sumatra Island.⁴⁹ Deposit made in respect of the outer limits of its continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles in the area abutting the Porcupine Abyssal Plain.⁵⁰ In respect of the Porcupine Abyssal Plain.⁵¹ Joint submission by France, Ireland, Spain and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland - in the area of the Celtic Sea and the Bay of Biscay.⁵² In respect of Hatton-Rockall Area.⁵³ See Law 61 of 8 February 2006 on the establishment of an ecological protection zone beyond the outer limit of the territorial sea. The outer limits are determined on the basis of an agreement with States concerned. Pending such agreements, the outer limit is determined by reference to a median line.⁵⁴ Deposit made in respect of the delimitation between Italy and Tunisia.⁵⁵ Three-mile limit applies to the Soya Strait, the Tsugaru Strait, the eastern and western channels of the Tushima Strait and the Osumi Straits only.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³		Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone		
	Territorial Sea				
Jordan	27/11/1995	3			
Kenya	02/03/1989	•	12	200*/DLM	CM/200 •
Kiribati	24/02/2003	•	12	200	
Kuwait	02/05/1986		12		COORD
Latvia	23/12/2004	•	12 ⁵⁶	DLM* ⁵⁷	CM/200
Lebanon	05/01/1995		12	*COORD	
Liberia	25/09/2008		200		
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya ⁵⁸		•		DLM	62 ⁵⁹ COORD ⁵⁹
Lithuania	12/11/2003	•	12*	*COORD	DLM*
Madagascar	22/08/2001	•	12	24	200/DLM
Malaysia	14/10/1996		12	200	CM/200 • ⁶¹

⁵⁶ Deposit made in respect of the maritime boundary with Estonia.

⁵⁷ Deposit made in respect of the delimitation with Sweden.

⁵⁸ See also the judgment of the *Case concerning the Continental Shelf (Tunisia/Libyan Arab Jamahiriya) (ICJ, 1982)*. Also, see *Case concerning the Continental Shelf (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya/Malta) (ICJ, 1985)*

⁵⁹ Fisheries Protection Zone in the Mediterranean Sea, 21 June 2005.

⁶⁰ 200 nautical miles or delimitation agreement or 100 nautical miles from isobath 2,500m.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES				Outer limit	Sub.					
	Exclusive Economic Zone			Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³							
	Contiguous Zone										
	Territorial Sea	Fisheries Zone	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)								
Does the State claim archipelagic status? ²	•	12	24	200		•					
Does the legislation provide for straight baselines? ¹	•	12	24	25	200m/EXP _L						
UNCLOS Ratification, Accession Date	07/09/2000 Malta ⁵⁸ Marshall Islands Mauritania Mauritius Mexico Micronesia (Federated States of) Monaco Montenegro Morocco Mozambique Myanmar	09/08/1991 04/11/1994 18/03/1983 29/04/1991 20/03/1996 23/10/2006 31/05/2007 13/03/1997 21/05/1996	• • • • • • • • • • • •	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	CM/200 p/i CM/200 CM/200 CM/200* ⁵⁴ CM/200 CM/200 CM/200 CM/200 CM/200 CM/200 CM/200	• • • • • • • • • • • •					

¹ Joint submission by Malaysia and Viet Nam in respect of the southern part of the South China Sea.

² In respect of the joint submission by the Republic of Mauritius and the Republic of Seychelles - in the region of the Mascarene Plateau.

³ In respect of the region of Rodrigues Island.

⁴ Deposit in regards to the outer limits of its continental shelf beyond 200 nautical miles in respect of the western polygon in the Gulf of Mexico.

⁵ In respect of the western polygon in the Gulf of Mexico.

⁶ In respect of the joint submission by the Federated States of Micronesia, Papua New Guinea and Solomon Islands - concerning the Ontong Java Plateau.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES			Outer limit Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³	Sub.		
	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)						
	Fisheries Zone						
	Exclusive Economic Zone						
	Contiguous Zone						
	Territorial Sea						
Namibia	18/04/1983	12	24	200	CM/200		
Nauru	23/01/1996	12*	24	200*	•		
Netherlands ⁴⁰	28/06/1996	12*	24	COORD	200m/EXPL		
New Zealand	19/07/1996	12* ⁴¹	24	200* ⁴²	•		
Nicaragua ⁴⁶	03/05/2000	12	24	200	CM		
Nigeria ⁹	14/08/1986	12	200	CM/200	•		
Niue	11/10/2006	12	200				
Norway ¹⁹	24/06/1996	12* ⁴³	24	200*	200 ⁴⁴ CM/200* ⁴² • ⁴⁵ , ⁴⁶		
Oman	17/08/1989	•	12	24	200 CM/200 p/i		

⁴¹ Includes Tokelau.⁴² Includes Tokelau.⁴³ Deposit made in respect of the maritime boundary delimited between New Zealand and Australia.⁴⁴ Deposit includes mainland Norway, Svalbard, Jan Mayen and Bouvet Island.⁴⁵ Jan Mayen and Svalbard. Deposit includes the delimitation treaties with Denmark and Iceland in respect of Jan Mayen Island.⁴⁶ Deposit made in respect of mainland Norway, Svalbard and Jan Mayen, including the delimitation with Iceland and Denmark.⁴⁷ In respect of the North East Atlantic and the Arctic⁴⁸ In respect of Bouvetøya and Dronning Maud Land

STATE	MARITIME ZONES		Outer limit	Sub.
	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)	Fisheries Zone		
	Exclusive Economic Zone	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ²⁵		
	Contiguous Zone			
	Territorial Sea			
Does the State claim archipelagic status? ²⁶				
UNCLOS Ratification, Accession Date	Pakistan 26/02/1997 ●	12	24	200 CM/200 ●
	Palau 30/09/1996	12	24	200* ²⁷ CM/200 ●
	Panama 01/07/1996	12	24	200 CM/200
	Papua New Guinea 14/01/1997 ●	12 ²⁸	200	CM/200 ●
	Peru	200 ²⁹	200	200
	Philippines 08/05/1984 ●	COORD ⁷⁹	200	CM/200 ●
	Poland 13/11/1998 ●	12	DLM	
	Portugal 03/11/1997 ●	12	24	200 CM/200 ●
	Qatar 09/12/2002	12	24	DLM
	Republic of Korea 29/01/1996 ●	12	24	200 CM/200 p/i

²⁵ Deposit includes the line of delimitation between Palau and Micronesia.

²⁶ Three nautical miles in certain areas.

²⁷ In respect of the joint submission by the Federated States of Micronesia, Papua New Guinea and Solomon Islands - concerning the Ontong Java Plateau

²⁸ Called "Maritime Dominion" in article 54 of the 1993 Constitution: "...In its maritime dominion, Peru exercises sovereignty and jurisdiction, without prejudice to the freedoms of international communication, in accordance with the law and the treaties ratified by the State..."

²⁹ Polygon defined by coordinates. Claim extends beyond 12 nautical miles.

³⁰ In respect of the Benham Rise region.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³			Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone	Fisheries Zone		
	Territorial Sea					
Romania ⁸¹	17/12/1996	•	12*	24	200	
Russian Federation	12/03/1997	•	12	24	200	CM/200
Saint Kitts and Nevis	07/01/1993	•	12	24	200	CM/200
Saint Lucia	27/03/1985		12	24	200	CM/200
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	01/10/1993	•	12	24	200	
Samoa	14/08/1995	•	12	24	200	
Sao Tome and Principe	03/11/1987	•	12	200*	CM/200	p/i
Saudi Arabia	24/04/1996	•	12	18		Not specified
Senegal	25/10/1984	•	12	24	200	CM/200
Seychelles	16/09/1991	•	12	24	200*/DLM	CM/200* ⁸² , • ⁸³
Sierra Leone	12/12/1994		12	24	200	CM/200
Singapore	17/11/1994	12 ⁸⁴			☒	p/i

⁸¹ See also the judgment of the *Maritime Delimitation in the Black Sea (Romania v. Ukraine) –ICJ, 3 February 2009*

⁸² In respect of the joint submission by the Republic of Mauritius and the Republic of Seychelles - in the region of the Mascarene Plateau.

⁸³ In respect of the Northern Plateau Region.

⁸⁴ “Should the limits of its territorial sea or Exclusive Economic Zone overlap with claims of neighbouring countries, Singapore will negotiate with those countries with a view to arriving at agreed delimitations in accordance with international law.”

STATE	MARITIME ZONES			Outer limit	Sub.					
	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)		Fisheries Zone							
	Exclusive Economic Zone									
	Contiguous Zone	Territorial Sea								
			Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³							
Slovenia	16/06/1995	•	12/DLM	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 12	DLM					
Solomon Islands	23/06/1997	•	12	200	CM/200					
Somalia	24/07/1989	•	200		CM/200					
South Africa	23/12/1997	•	12	24	CM/200					
Spain	15/01/1997	•	12	24	200 ³⁴ .COORD ³⁵ CM/200 ³⁶					
Sri Lanka	19/07/1994	•	12	24	CM/200					
Sudan	23/01/1985	•	12	18	200m/EXP _L					
Suriname ⁴⁵	09/07/1998		12	200	CM/200					
					•					

³⁵ See “Ecological Protection Zone and Continental Shelf of the Republic of Slovenia Act” adopted on 4 October 2005. The delimitation of the ecological protection zone shall be effected by agreement with the neighbouring States. The Act provides for its provisional outer limits.

³⁶ In respect of the joint submission by the Federated States of Micronesia, Papua New Guinea and Solomon Islands - concerning the Ontong Java Plateau.

³⁷ In respect of the mainland of the territory of the Republic of South Africa.

³⁸ Joint submission by France and South Africa - in the area of the Crozet Archipelago and the Prince Edward Islands.
³⁹ In the Atlantic Ocean.

⁴⁰ In the Mediterranean Sea.
⁴¹ With the exception of the Mediterranean Sea.

⁴² Joint submission by France, Ireland, Spain and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland - in the area of the Celtic Sea and the Bay of Biscay.
⁴³ In respect of the area of Galicia.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³		Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone		
	Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)			200m/EXPL	
	Fisheries Zone			CM	
	Territorial Sea			CM/200	
Sweden	25/06/1996	12	DLM		
Syrian Arab Republic		12	24	200	CM
Thailand		12	24	200	
Timor-Leste		12	24	200	CM/200
Togo	16/04/1985	30	200	CM/200	p/i
Tonga	02/08/1995	12	200	CM/200	•
Trinidad and Tobago ⁶	25/04/1986	•	12*	24	CM/200
Tunisia ⁵⁸	24/04/1985	•	12	24	DLM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ⁹⁴
Turkey			6/12 ⁹⁵	200 ⁹⁶	
Tuvalu	09/12/2002	•	12	24	200
Ukraine	26/07/1999	•	12	200 ⁸¹	81
United Arab Emirates		•	12	24	200
				CM/200	

⁹⁴ Up to 50-m isobath - Off the Gulf of Gabès.⁹⁵ Six nautical miles in the Aegean Sea, 12 nautical miles in the Black Sea.⁹⁶ In the Black Sea.

STATE		MARITIME ZONES			Outer limit	Sub.
		Continental Shelf, including submissions to the CLCS (see introductory note)	Fisheries Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone		
	Territorial Sea	Contiguous Zone	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³			
United Kingdom	25/07/1997	•	12 ⁹⁷	200 ⁹⁸	200 or 12* ⁹⁹	CM/200 ³²
United Republic of Tanzania	30/09/1985		12	200	DLM	CM/200
United States of America ¹¹			12	24	200 ¹⁰⁴	CM/200

⁹⁷ Also three nautical miles. (Three nautical miles in Anguilla, Guernsey, British Indian Ocean Territory, British Virgin Islands, Gibraltar, Monserrat and Pitcairn; 12 nautical miles in United Kingdom, Jersey, Bermuda, Cayman Islands, Falkland Islands (Malvinas), Isle of Man, St Helena and Dependencies, South Georgia, South Sandwich Islands, and Turks and Caicos Islands.) Note: A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).¹⁰³

⁹⁸ Bermuda, Pitcairn, South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands.

⁹⁹ 12 nautical miles in Guernsey; 200 nautical miles in United Kingdom, Anguilla, British Indian Ocean Territory, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Falkland Islands (Malvinas), Monserrat, St. Helena and Dependencies, and Turks and Caicos Islands. Deposit made exclusively in respect of the British Indian Ocean Territory. | Note: A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).¹⁰⁴

¹⁰⁰ Joint submission by France, Ireland, Spain and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland - in the area of the Celtic Sea and the Bay of Biscay.
¹⁰¹ In respect of Ascension Island.
¹⁰² In respect of Hatton Rockall Area.

¹⁰³ “In respect of the Falkland Islands, and of South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands” (see the Executive Summary). | Note: A dispute exists between the Governments of Argentina and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning sovereignty over the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).

¹⁰⁴ Includes Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, Johnston Atoll, Palmyra Atoll, Midway Island, Wake Island, Jarvis Island, Kingman Reef, Howland Island, Baker Island, Northern Marianas, and Navassa Island.

STATE	MARITIME ZONES	Breadth of the zone in nautical miles ³			Outer limit	Sub.
		Contiguous Zone	Exclusive Economic Zone	Fisheries Zone		
	Territorial Sea					
Uruguay	10/12/1992	12*	24*	200*	CM/200	•
Vanuatu	10/08/1999	•	12	24	CM/200	p/i
Venezuela		•	12	15	200m/EXPL	
Viet Nam	25/07/1994	•	12* ¹⁰⁵	24	200* ¹⁰⁶	CM/200* ¹⁰⁷ • ¹⁰⁸ ₁₀₉
Yemen ²⁸	21/07/1987	•	12	24	200	CM/200 ¹¹⁰ •

¹⁰⁵ Deposit made in respect of the delimitation with China in the Gulf of Tonkin.

¹⁰⁶ Ibid.

¹⁰⁷ Ibid.

¹⁰⁸ Joint submission by Malaysia and Viet Nam in respect of the southern part of the South China Sea.

¹⁰⁹ In respect of the region of the North Area (VNM-N).

¹¹⁰ In respect of south east of Socotra Island.

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