Foreword by the United Nations Secretary-General

I have called this Summit to catalyze ambitious action on the ground to reduce emissions and strengthen climate resilience, and to mobilize political will for a meaningful, universal climate agreement in 2015 that limits the world to a less than 2-degree Celsius rise in global temperature.

Today I expect you, global Government, finance, business and civil society leaders, to make significant progress on cutting emissions, moving money and markets, pricing carbon, strengthening resilience and jointly announcing and mobilising new coalitions for climate action.

We all know climate change is already intensifying the vulnerability of individuals, communities and countries around the world. We know the warming of the planet is contributing to rising sea levels and more extreme weather. The implications for people, property, businesses, financial systems and Governments are profound. So, too, are the benefits of acting to curb greenhouse emissions and improve resilience: cleaner air; ample supplies of affordable, sustainably-produced electricity, water and food; better jobs; healthy families; and sustainable economic growth.

Affordable, workable solutions are already available to help people and countries create cleaner, more resilient, more equitable communities and economies. The Climate Summit has focused on eight critical areas for action. By accepting my invitation to make bold commitments across these areas, you are at the forefront of a growing movement that understands that reducing carbon emissions is compatible with economic growth, good business and global security. You are also building the momentum we need for even more ambitious commitments at the negotiations during the twenty-first Conference of Parties in Paris in December 2015.

It is time for all hands on deck.

By accepting my invitation to make bold commitments across these areas, you are at the forefront of a growing movement.

H.E. Mr. Ban Ki-moon, United Nations Secretary-General
The Science

There is overwhelming consensus across the scientific community that human activity is driving the planet’s changing climate. The latest report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) concludes that “the human influence on the climate system is clear and is evident from the increasing greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere, positive radiative forcing, observed warming, and understanding of the climate system.”

One of the major findings of the IPCC 2014 mitigation report is that global emissions of greenhouse gases have risen to unprecedented levels despite a growing number of policies to reduce climate change. Emissions grew more quickly between 2000 and 2010 than in each of the three previous decades.

The report also found that it is still possible, using a wide array of technological measures and changes in behaviour, to limit the increase in global mean temperature to less than two degrees Celsius above pre-industrial levels.

That is why we are here today at the Climate Summit: to lay out a global vision and strengthen national commitments, as well as to build the initiatives and action coalitions that will cut emissions and strengthen resilience.

National Announcements

The announcements being made today by global leaders are key for mobilizing the political will that already exists around the world for a meaningful global agreement in Paris in December 2015. These negotiations are being carried out under the auspices of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change process.

The Secretary-General has invited world leaders to use this Summit as a platform to announce specific actions to cut carbon emissions; support cities, communities and people to adapt to a changing climate; and achieve economy-wide decarbonisation by 2100. These actions could involve innovative national programs, domestic rules, policies and regulations to be put in place and implemented, substantial financial commitments, or decisions to sign onto action coalitions that involve collaborative multilateral action by multiple stakeholders.

By accepting the Secretary-General’s invitation to attend the Summit and make commitments, world leaders are demonstrating their intention to play an active role in creating a sustainable future not only for their own constituents, but also for our common global good.
Private Sector Participation

UN Private Sector Forum

Convened by the UN Global Compact in close cooperation with the World Bank Group and the support of UN partners, the forum welcomes leaders at the Summit to discuss innovative and workable climate change solutions. Carbon pricing is the theme of the luncheon. It will zero in on actions that the public and private sectors can take to fairly value carbon and pollution through long-term strategies, investments and policies. A set of Business Leadership Criteria on Carbon Pricing has been developed to inspire companies to reach the next level of climate performance as well as to recognize businesses that are leading the call for pricing carbon. These criteria complement the Statement on Putting a Price on Carbon supported by an action coalition that includes national and sub-national governments and corporations. It calls on countries and companies to demonstrate strong global support and action toward pricing carbon.
Action Areas: Mobilising New Coalitions

The IPCC and the Emissions Gap Report, synthesized by the United Nations Environment Programme on an annual basis since 2010, have helped identify eight critical areas that demand immediate and substantial responses from all sectors and parts of society to keep global temperature increases to less than two degrees Celsius and help communities and countries become resilient to the planet’s changing climate. The Secretary-General has invited leaders to come to the Summit and announce the specific actions they are ready to carry out in these areas – whether at a national level or through new coalitions mobilised through global initiatives composed of various stakeholders: Agriculture, Cities, Climate Financing, Energy Efficiency and Renewables, Forests, Industry, Resilience, Adaptation and Disaster Risk Reduction, and Transportation.

Agriculture
Sustainable and climate-smart agricultural policies and practices are possible that move agricultural markets, increase productivity and incomes, while strengthening the resilience of food systems, enhancing farmers’ livelihoods and curbing the emission of greenhouse gases. Need for these solutions will grow as demand for food production will have to increase by at least 60 per cent over the next 35 years to provide food security for the 9 billion people expected to be living on the planet by 2050; and as the already changing climate directly impacts food security and the supply of nutritious, ample and safe sources of reasonably priced food.

Cities
Cooperation at all levels of government is essential for any serious climate effort, including through the sub-national and city level – where ambitious greenhouse gas reduction goals, viable strategies, enhanced capacity and tangible financing are essential for cities to cut emissions and become increasingly resilient. Cities – responsible for about 70 per cent of global greenhouse gas emissions – can play a critical role as they face the challenges of climate change, given their important role in managing water, sewer, drainage, infrastructure and transportation, as well as considering the significance of local decision-making to these resources and communities.

Cooperation at all levels of government is essential for any serious climate effort, including through the sub-national and city level.
Energy

Currently more than two-thirds of global CO2 emissions stem from the energy sector. At the same time, energy demand is growing along with expanding global wealth, a world population expected to reach 9 billion by 2050, and efforts to provide electricity to the 1.3 billion people now living without it. A global push on moving energy markets can and will create a shift toward renewable sources of energy such as solar, wind and geothermal — along with greater energy efficiency in appliances, buildings, lighting and vehicles. This is essential to use the world’s resources sustainably, diversify economies and successfully address the challenge of climate change.

Transportation

Measures that advance sustainable transportation — by increasing efficiency and reducing motorized travel demand — could significantly reduce global greenhouse gas emissions, noise, and congestion, and could potentially save governments, companies and individuals up to USD 70 trillion by 2050. Moreover this shift could contribute significantly to a transitioning economy. An estimated $500 billion of the 2.5 billion global market volume for “environmental technologies” anticipated by 2020 is expected in sustainable transport (more-efficient engines, hybrids, fuel cells, alternative fuels and so on). Compare this future to 2009, when transport contributed approximately one-quarter of energy-related global greenhouse gas emissions and was responsible for about one-fifth of energy use — a portion of global emissions that could increase without a change in “business as usual” as demand and global wealth increases.

Finance: Moving Money and Markets

Financing is key to turning the initiatives announced today into a reality. The Climate Financing Session aims to galvanize the financing process by gathering executives from private financial institutions, institutional investors as well as multilateral and development banks, together with Government leaders. The intent is to advance financing mechanisms, markets and public policies and actions that decarbonise investments and move the trillions of dollars needed to cut carbon emissions, invest in climate resilient infrastructure around the world and build resilient communities. Initial capitalization of the Green Climate Fund will also take place.
Forests

Actions to combat deforestation and speed up the restoration of degraded lands can contribute to economic growth, poverty reduction and greater food security, as well as help communities adapt to climate change and secure the rights and livelihoods of indigenous peoples and local communities. Efforts to slow or halt deforestation have been successful, however needs remain pressing: approximately 13 million hectares of forests continue to be lost each year, contributing up to 20 per cent of annual global greenhouse gas emissions, and approximately 2 billion hectares of degraded forests and other lands – all around the globe – need to be restored. Through joint action by governments and the private sector, the market for sustainable forestry can be moved.

Industry

Action by industries to advance climate action is essential to control global temperature increases -- especially industries engaged in the production of energy, waste management, refrigerants and freight. Critical and common to many of these industries is the need to reduce short-lived climate pollutants -- primarily methane, hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), black carbon (or soot) and tropospheric ozone. These are pollutants, with lifetimes in the atmosphere of a few days to a few decades, which are responsible for a significant portion of global warming. They also are detrimental to human health, agriculture and ecosystems. By mobilising joint action by industry leaders, market failures can be overcome.

Strengthening Resilience, Adaptation and Disaster Risk Reduction

It is essential to strengthen the respective capacities of people, property, business, financial systems and state institutions to reduce and adapt to risks by carrying out comprehensive disaster and climate risk management programs. Climate change is increasing the incidence, frequency and magnitude of natural disasters and climate-related hazards – whether drought, powerful typhoons or sea level rise – and exacerbating the vulnerability of many countries and communities around the world, with potentially dire consequences. The global insurance industry is ready to step up both when it comes to their USD 30 trillion invested in assets and when it comes to pricing climate risk.
Thematic Sessions

Four thematic sessions, based on extensive consultations with Member States and civil society representatives, are being held at the Climate Summit to give voices integral to the climate change discourse a prominent platform to share their views and interact with Member States. Speakers will include representatives from civil society, academia, policy experts, public officials, decision-makers at the local and provincial levels, young people and other constituencies.

Climate, Health and Jobs

Actions that will help us mitigate and adapt to climate change can also provide significant and immediate benefits for human wellbeing. Curbing the emissions of climate pollutants, for example, can help reduce the approximately 7 million annual deaths associated with outdoor and indoor air pollution. Taking action on climate change can improve the quality of life in our cities, stimulate technological innovations, open up new employment opportunities while building a sustainable economy, and improve the quality of our air, food and water while creating safer workplaces, schools and public buildings.

Climate Science

Climate science is not static. That makes it crucial for decision-makers to be informed by quality scientific information. More creative approaches are needed to communicate the rapidly changing climate science in ways that can educate, motivate and empower people. Avoiding the most destructive impacts of climate change requires immediate, substantial and sustained reductions in greenhouse gas emissions. The IPCC reports that remaining below the internationally agreed two-degree Celsius temperature increases can only be achieved with urgent and ambitious action towards carbon-neutral economies and societies.

The Economic Case for Climate Action

Several recent analyses contend that the benefits of moving toward more sustainable, low-carbon economic growth far outweigh the risks of inaction: the extensive loss of life, livelihoods and infrastructure, greater food insecurity and scarcer water supplies. These studies demonstrate that decarbonising and creating strong economies is fully aligned with the pursuit of low-carbon, climate-resilient growth.
Voices from the Climate Front Lines

Climate change is not just an issue of rising sea levels, powerful storms and devastating droughts. It is also an issue of human rights, equity and justice. While impacting everyone, climate change acutely disrupts the lives and livelihoods of people on the ground, in local communities and in areas of greater risk. Poverty, discrimination and marginalization are circumstances which can further exacerbate the vulnerability of people and communities to the impacts of climate change. Therefore, equally if not more significant, are the effective practices, local solutions and bottom-up policy recommendations coming from experienced and empowered individuals, communities and champions at the local level – women, men, indigenous peoples, youth and others.

The Road to Paris

The commitments and actions made today by leaders from all parts of the global community are a crucial step in placing the planet on a trajectory of less than two degrees Celsius rise and securing a meaningful universal climate agreement with legal force in Paris in December 2015. Right now, world leaders can use the insights and action coalitions mobilised today to expand their commitments at the Twentieth Conference of Parties in Lima, Peru in December 2014 and into 2015 and beyond.

The political will expressed today and the joint action mobilised will serve to cut emissions, move money and markets, price carbon, strengthen resilience and make a real difference to people’s life and the planet.
**PROGRAMME: TUESDAY, 23 SEPTEMBER 2014**

**Opening Ceremony**
08.00 – 08.30 | General Assembly Hall

Welcoming words by H.E. Mr. Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations

Opening remarks:
- Mr. Bill de Blasio, Mayor of the City of New York
- Mr. Rajendra Pachauri, Chair, Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
- Mr. Al Gore, Chairman, Generation Investment Management and the Climate Reality Project
- Ms. Li Bingbing, Actress and Goodwill Ambassador, UN Environment Programme
- Mr. Leonardo DiCaprio, Actor and UN Messenger of Peace
- Ms. Kathy Jetnil-Kijiner, Civil Society Representative from the Marshall Islands

**National Action and Ambition Announcements (Plenary 1)**
08.45 – 12.30 | ECOSOC Chamber

Chair: H.E. Mr. Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations

**National Action and Ambition Announcements (Plenary 2)**
08.45 – 12.30 | Trusteeship Council Chamber

Chairs:
- H.E. Mr. François Hollande, President of France
- H.E. Mr. Ollanta Humala, President of Peru

**National Action and Ambition Announcements (Plenary 3)**
08.45 – 12.30 | General Assembly Hall

Chair: H.E. Mr. Sam Kutesa, President of the General Assembly

**Joint Conclusion of the Morning**
12.45 – 13.15 | General Assembly Hall

Chair: H.E. Mr. Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations

National Action & Ambition Announcements:
- H.E. Mr. Barack Obama, President of the United States
- H.E. Mr. Jakaya Kikwete, President of Tanzania and Coordinator of the Committee of the African Heads of State and Government on Climate Change
- H.E. Mr. Baron Waqa, President of Nauru and Chair of Alliance of Small Island States (AOSIS)
- H.E. Mr. Zhang Gaoli, Vice-Premier of China
Programme | Tuesday, 23 September 2014

Presentation of summaries of the morning National Action & Ambition Announcements:
- H.E. Mr. Sam Kutesa, President of the General Assembly
- H.E. Mr. François Hollande, President of France & H.E. Mr. Ollanta Humala, President of Peru
- H.E. Mr. Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations

Private Sector Forum High-level Luncheon (by invitation only)
13.30 – 15.15 | Delegates Dining Room
MC: Mr. Peter Ndoro, Broadcast Journalist and Producer, South African Broadcasting Corporation
Speakers:
- H.E. Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations
- Mr. Jim Yong Kim, President, World Bank
- Mr. Al Gore, Chairman, Generation Investment Management and the Climate Reality Project
- Hon. Jerry Brown, Governor of California, United States
- Mr. Peter Agnefjäll, President & CEO, IKEA
- Mr. Klaus Schwab, Founder and Executive Chairman, World Economic Forum
- Mr. Khalid A. Al-Falih, President and Chief Executive Officer, Saudi Aramco
- Mr. Gérard Mestrallet, Chairman and CEO, GDF Suez
- Mr. Liu Zhenya, Chairman, State Grid Corporation of China
- Mr. Fu Chengyu, Chairman, SINOPEC
- Mr. Jim Ovia, Founder and Chairman, Zenith Bank
- Ms. Anne-Marie Corboy, CEO, HESTA
- Mr. Peter Bakker, President and CEO, World Business Council for Sustainable Development
Closing:
- H.E. Mr. François Hollande, President of France
- H.E. Mr. Ollanta Humala, President of Peru

National Action and Ambition Announcements (Plenary 1)
15.30 – 18.30 | Conference Room 1
Chairs:
- H.E. Ms. Mary Robinson, Secretary-General’s Special Envoy for Climate Change
- H.E. Mr. Manuel Pulgar-Vidal, President Designate of 20th Conference of the Parties to the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change and Minister of Environment of Peru

National Action and Ambition Announcements (Plenary 2)
15.30 – 18.30 | Conference Room 2
Chairs:
- H.E. Mr. John Kufuor, Secretary-General’s Special Envoy for Climate Change
- H.E. Mr. Marcin Korolec, President of 19th Conference of Parties to the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change and Secretary of State for Climate of Poland
Multilateral and Multi-stakeholder Action Announcements

**Finance | 15.30 – 17.00 | General Assembly Hall**
- H.E. Mr. Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations
- Mr. Jim Yong Kim, President of the World Bank
- H.E. Mr. Enrique Peña Nieto, President of Mexico
- H.E. Ms. Park Geun-hye, President of the Republic of Korea
- H.E. Ms. Erna Solberg, Prime Minister of Norway
- H.E. Mr. Jose Manuel Durão Barroso, President of the European Commission
- H.E. Paul Kagame, President of Rwanda
- H.E. Ms. Annick Girardin, Minister for Development Cooperation, France
- H.E. Mr. Gerd Müller, Minister for Development Cooperation, Germany
- Mr. Luciano Coutinho, President, Brazilian National Development Bank (BNDES)
- Mr. Enrique García, President and CEO, CAF Development Bank of Latin America
- Mr. Luis Alberto Moreno, President, Inter-American Development Bank
- Mr. Brian Moynihan, CEO, Bank of America
- Mr. Jean-Yves Hocher, CEO, Credit Agricole
- Mr. Mats Andersson, CEO, AP4
- Ms. Angelien Kemna, CEO, APG Asset Management
- Mr. Shaun Tarbuck, CEO, International Cooperative & Mutual Insurance Federation
- Mr. Anthony Hobley, CEO, Carbon Tracker

**Forests | 15.30 – 16.20 | ECOSOC Chamber**
- H.E. Mr. Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono, President of Indonesia
- H.E. Ms. Erna Solberg, Prime Minister of Norway
- H.E. Mr. Joseph Kabila, President of the Democratic Republic of Congo
- Mr. Paul Polman, CEO, Unilever Global
- Mr. David MacLennan, CEO, Cargill, Incorporated
- Mr. Franky Widjaya, CEO, Golden Ag-Resources
- Mr. Kumi Naidoo, Executive Director, Greenpeace International
- Mr. Edwin Vasquez, Coordinator, Coordinating Body of the Indigenous Organizations of the Amazon River Basin (COICA)
- Hon. Mr. Teras Narang, Governor, Central Kalimantan, Indonesia

**Industry | 15.30 – 16.20 | Trusteeship Council Chamber**
- H.E. Ms. Doris Leuthard, Federal Councillor, Switzerland
- H.E. Mr. Hifikepunye Pohamba, President of Namibia
- H.E. Ms. Gina McCarthy, Administrator, United States Environment Protection Agency
- H.E. Ms. Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala, Minister of Finance, Nigeria
- Mr. Fred Krupp, Director, Environmental Defense Fund (EDF)
- Mr. Helge Lund, CEO, Statoil
- Mr. Khalid A. Al-Falih, CEO, Saudi Arabian Oil Company (Saudi Aramco)
- Mr. Antoine Frérot, CEO, Veolia Environnement
- Mr. Kevin Fay, Executive Director, Alliance for Responsible Atmosphere Policy
- Ms. Sophie Punte, Executive Director, Smart Freight Centre
- Mr. Parks Tau, Mayor, City of Johannesburg, South Africa
### Agriculture | 16.30 – 17.20 | ECOSOC Chamber

- H.E. Mr. Mahamadou Issoufou, President of Niger
- H.E. Mr. Mark Rutte, Prime Minister of the Netherlands
- H.E. Mr. Goodluck Johnathan, President of Nigeria
- H.E. Ms. Nkosazana Dlamini-Zuma, Chair of the African Union Commission
- Mr. Ishmael Sunga, CEO, Southern Africa Confederation of Agricultural Unions
- Mr. Don Thompson, CEO, McDonald's
- Mr. Mike Duke, Chairman, Executive Committee of the Board of Directors, Walmart International
- Ms. Sonali Bisht, Founder & Advisor, Institute of Himalayan Environmental Research and Education
- Mr. Juan Lucas Restrepo Ibiz, Chair, Global Forum on Agricultural Research (GFAR)

### Transport | 16.30 – 17.20 | Trusteeship Council

- H.E. Ms. Kamla Persad-Bissessar, Prime Minister of Trinidad and Tobago
- H.E. Ms. Connie Hedegaard, European Commissioner for Climate Action, European Union
- H.E. Mr. Prakash Javadekar, Minister of Environment, Forests and Climate Change, India
- H.E. Mr. Andrä Rupprechter, Federal Minister of Agriculture, Forestry, Environment and Water Management, Austria
- Mr. Alain Flausch, Secretary General, International Association of Public Transport (UITP)
- Mr. Jean-Pierre Loubinoux, Director General, International Union of Railways (UIR)
- Mr. Wang Chuanfu, CEO and Chairman, BYD Group
- Mr. Pierre Mongin, CEO and Chairman, Autonomous Operator of Parisian Transports (RATP Group)
- Mr. Alex Rugamba, Vice President, African Development Bank (AfDB)
- Mr. Olumuyiwa Benard Aliu, President, Governing Council of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO)

### Energy | 17.10 – 18.30 | General Assembly Hall

- H.E. Ms. Helle Thorning Schmidt, Prime Minister of Denmark
- H.E. Mr. Uhuru Muigai Kenyatta, President of Kenya
- H.E. Mr. Alassane Ouattara, President of Cote d’Ivoire
- H.E. Mr. Tuilaepa Aiono Sailele Malielegaoi, Prime Minister of Samoa
- H.E. Mr. Jose Manuel Durao Barroso, President of the European Commission
- H.E. Ms. Nkosazana Dlamini Zuma, Chairperson of the African Union Commission
- H.E. Mr. Sultan Ahmed Al Jaber, Chairman, MASDAR
- Mr. Hanson Sindowe, Executive Chairman, Copperbelt Energy Corporation
- Mr. Francesco Starace, CEO, ENEL S.p.A.
- Mr. Ulrich Spiesshofer, CEO, ABB Ltd
- Mr. Saul Billingsley, Director-General, FIA Foundation
- Mr. Charles O. Holliday, Chairman, Bank of America
- Mr. Liu Zhenya, Chairman, State Grid Corporation of China
### Resilience | 17.30 – 18.30 | ECOSOC Chamber

- H.E. Mr. Shinzo Abe, Prime Minister of Japan
- H.E. Mr. Freundel Stuart, Prime Minister of Barbados
- H.E. Mr. Keith Mitchell, Prime Minister of Grenada
- H.E. Mr. Y. Museveni, President of Uganda
- H.E. Mr. Andris Piebalgs, European Commissioner for Development, European Union
- H.E. Mr. John Holdren, Assistant to the President for Science and Technology and Director, Office of Science and Technology Policy, United States
- H.E. Ms. Ngozi Okonjo-Iweala, Chairperson, Governing Board, African Risk Capacity
- Ms. Judith Rodin, President, Rockefeller Foundation
- Mr. Elhadj As-Sy, Secretary-General, IFRC
- Mr. Jack Dangermond, CEO, ESRI
- Mr. Michael Lies, CEO, Swiss Re
- Mr. Dominic Casserley, CEO, Willis Re

### Cities | 17.30 – 18.30 | Trusteeship Council

- H.E. Mr. Matteo Renzi, Prime Minister of Italy
- H.E. Mr. Mohamed Moncef Marzouki, President of Tunisia
- H.E. Ms. Isabella Teixera, Minister of Environment, Brazil
- H.E. Mr. John Podesta, Counselor to the President of the United States of America
- H.E. Mr. Li Baodong, Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, China
- Mr. Michael Bloomberg, UN Secretary-General’s Special Envoy for Cities and Climate Change
- Hon. Jerry Brown, Governor of California, United States of America
- Ms. Zhu Xiaoming, Mayor of Zhenjiang, China
- Mr. Eduardo Paes, Mayor of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
- Mr. Park Won-soon, Mayor of Seoul, Republic of Korea
- Ms. Anne Hidalgo, Mayor of Paris, France
- Ms. Anne Paugam, CEO, Agence Française pour le Développement (AFD)
- Neeraj Sahai, President, Standard & Poors (S&P)
- Hon. Simon Edem Asimah, Minister of Parliament, Ghana
- Ms. Nomusa Dube, Member of Executive Council (MEC), Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, Kwazulu-Natal, South Africa

### Thematic Discussions

### Climate Science | 15.30 – 16.45 | Conference Room 3

- H.E. Mr. Tsakhiagiin Elbegdorj, President of Mongolia
- H.E. Mr. Donald Ramotar, President of Guyana
- Mr. Thomas Stocker, Co-chair, Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), Working Group I
- Ms. Aleqa Hammond, Premier of Greenland
- Ms. Julia Marton-Lefèvre, Director General, International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN)
- Ms. Barbara Frost, CEO, Water Aid
- Mr. Paul Tsietsi Monare, Weather Anchor, South Africa Broadcasting Corporation (SABC)
Climate, Health and Jobs | 15.30 – 16.45 | Conference Room 4

- H.E. Mr. Ali Bongo Ondimba, President of Gabon
- H.E. Mr. Sauli Niinistö, President of Finland
- H.E. Ms. Gro Harlem Brundtland, former Prime Minister of Norway
- Ms. Sharan Burrow, General-Secretary, International Trade Union Confederation (ITUC)
- Mr. Tang Jie, Vice Mayor of Shenzhen
- Mr. Veerabhadran Ramanathan, Scripps Institute for Oceanography, University of California, San Diego
- Mr. Richard Horton, Editor-in-chief, The Lancet

Voices from the Climate Frontlines | 17.15 – 18.30 | Conference Room 3

- H.E. Mr. Evo Morales, President of Bolivia
- H.E. Mr. Enele Sopoaga, Prime Minister of Tuvalu
- Ms. Mary Robinson, President, Mary Robinson Foundation – Climate justice
- Mr. Ronan Farrow, Host of ‘Ronan Farrow Daily’ on MSNBC
- Ms. Alina Saba, Researcher and Community Organizer, Mugal Indigenous Women’s Upliftment Institute / Asia Pacific Forum on Women, Law and Development, Nepal
- Ms. Christina Ora, Youth Activist, Pacific Youth Council, Solomon Islands
- Ms. Sylvia Atugonza Kapello, Head of the Riamiriam Civil Society Network in Karamoja, Uganda
- Ms. Femi Oke, International Journalist, Al Jazeera English

Economic Case for Action | 17.15 – 18.30 | Conference Room 4

- H.E. Mr. Recep Tayyip Erdoğan, President of Turkey
- H.E. Mr. Hailemariam Desalegn, Prime Minister of Ethiopia
- H.E. Mr. Felipe Calderón, Former President of Mexico; Chair, Global Commission on the Economy and Climate
- Mr. Jeffrey Sachs, Director, The Earth Institute, Columbia University
- Mr. Xu Jintao, Director, the China Center for Energy and Development at Peking University
- Ms. Leena Srivastava, Executive Director, The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI)
- Mr. Angel Gurría, Secretary-General, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

Closing Ceremony
18.45 – 19.15 | General Assembly Hall

Closing Remarks by:
- H.E. Mr. Ban Ki-moon, Secretary-General of the United Nations
- H.E. Mr. Ollanta Humala, President of Peru
- H.E. Ms. Graca Machel, Founder, Graca Machel Trust

Performance by Ms. Natasha Bedingfield, singer and songwriter, accompanied by Mr. Toby Gad, songwriter
#CLIMATE2014 is the official hashtag for the Summit.

High-level attendees are invited to visit the Social Media Zone located on the 3rd floor in the “neck” between the General Assembly building and Conference Building. A photographer will be available to take shots of attendees holding their choice of climate action sign against a red-carpet style photo backdrop.

WWW.UN.ORG/CLIMATECHANGE/SUMMIT