

**UN PROCUREMENT DIVISION** 

Transition in Solicitation Methodology for Long-Term Air Charter Requirements
DOCUMENT #1 - SUMMARY OF ICAO'S MAIN RECOMMENDATIONS
19 July 2013



## Introduction (1/2)

In the perspective of its transition in solicitation methodology for the provision of long-term air charter requirements in support of Field Missions, the UN requested the assistance of ICAO in 2012



 As a result of the study, ICAO recently delivered a series of recommendations, which are currently under review by UN senior management





## Introduction (2/2)

- Among ICAO's recommendations are the following 7 key measures, which are hereby being brought to the attention of UN current and potential vendors for collection of their feedback
  - 1. New definition of requirements
  - 2. Adoption of an ACMI cost model
  - 3. New technical evaluation process
  - 4. Fuel consumption as part of technical and commercial evaluation
  - 5. Establishment of an air charter market monitoring system
  - 6. Consideration to modify payment terms
  - 7. Consideration to revise contract early termination clause





#### Recommendation #1: New definition of requirements

- Statement of Work (SOW) to express functional needs related to the five main DPKO/DFS tasks:
  - CASEVAC/MEDEVAC and emergency flights (SAR etc.)
  - o VIP liaison
  - Passenger Transport (including force rotations)
  - Cargo Transport
  - Aerial work, patrol & observation
- SOW related to a specific geographical area of operation (worldwide, regional and/or Mission specific)
- SOW to state operational constraints, anticipated network and air lift/movement forecast
- Solution comes from the industry
  - Types/combinations of aircraft with estimated utilization (block hours)





### Recommendation #2: Adoption of an ACMI cost model

- In line with industry practice, move to ACMI (Aircraft Crew Maintenance and Insurance) cost model for long-term air charter contracts
  - Fixed costs are minimized
  - Payment is tied to actual utilization
  - Allows for easier benchmarking with market prices
- Vendors to estimate the number of block hours required to provide the services described in the SOW and to quote a price on the ACMI basis for these block hours
- UN to consider guaranteed payment of a pre-determined percentage of block hours
  - With mechanism to allow for unused hours for a given period to be carried forward to the next
- Hours flown in excess of the guaranteed minimum should be offered at a discounted rate



#### Recommendation #3: New technical evaluation process

- UN to adopt a two-stage technical evaluation process:
  - First stage Qualification : mandatory requirements are evaluated on a Pass/Fail basis
  - Second stage Added value evaluation: technical merits of the mandatory and/or desirable requirements are rewarded through scoring, in line with the performance-based specifications of the requirements
- Contract award recommended for proposer obtaining the highest combined technical and commercial score on a 60% (Technical) / 40% (Commercial) basis
- The list of technical criteria and their weighting/scoring system will need to be adapted to each unique SOW



# Recommendation #4: Fuel consumption as part of technical and commercial evaluation

- Fuel consumption to be included as a major component in both technical and commercial evaluations
- Technical evaluation to award value-adding points to fuel efficient solutions
- Estimated cost of fuel to be included in total cost of ownership in commercial evaluation
- Successful vendor to be contractually bound to the fuel consumption rate quoted in its offer





## Recommendation #5: Market monitoring/benchmarking system

- UN to consider engaging the services of a specialized consulting firm to provide air charter market monitoring services on a continuous basis
- This air charter market monitoring system would provide updated indicative ACMI prices based on a series of criteria
  - Aircraft types
  - o Role/function
  - o Geographical area
  - o Etc.
- This would enhance the fairness, integrity and transparency in UN's commercial negotiations with vendors





## Recommendation #6: Consideration to modify payment terms

- UN to consider reviewing its payment terms under long-term air charter contracts and introducing monthly upfront payment of the contracted minimum guaranteed block hours
  - Upfront payments to be reconciled with actual aircraft utilization on a regular basis
- This would be in line with industry practices and savings achieved by contractors may result in reduced costs for the UN





## Recommendation #7: Consideration to revise contract early termination clause

- UN to consider reviewing its standard early termination clause (30-day notice) with the aim to limit the level of perceived risk for vendors, thus encouraging them to reduce their costs
- As an alternative, UN to consider adopting an early-termination fee to be paid to the contractor proportionally to the time remaining in the contract (in line with industry practices)

