

Bulletin No. 94

Law of the Sea



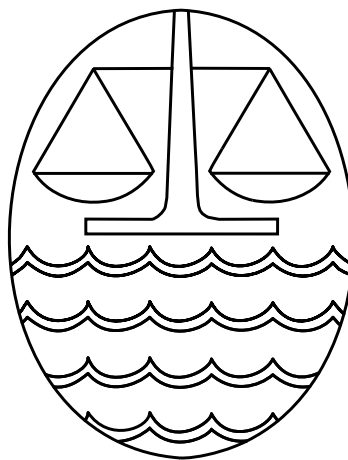
*Division for Ocean Affairs
and the Law of the Sea
Office of Legal Affairs*



United Nations

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Office of Legal Affairs

Law *of the Sea*



Bulletin No. 94



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I. UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

STATUS OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA, OF THE AGREEMENT RELATING TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF PART XI OF THE CONVENTION AND OF THE AGREEMENT FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THE CONVENTION RELATING TO THE CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT OF STRADDLING FISH STOCKS AND HIGHLY MIGRATORY FISH STOCKS, AS AT 31 JULY 2017¹

1. Table recapitulating the status of the Convention and of the related Agreements

This consolidated table, prepared by the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, Office of the Legal Affairs, provides unofficial, quick reference information related to the participation in UNCLOS and the two implementing Agreements. For official information on the status of these treaties, please refer to the publication entitled *Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General* (<https://treaties.un.org>).

The symbol □ indicates (i) that a declaration or statement was made at the time of signature; at the time of ratification/accession or anytime thereafter, or (ii) declarations confirmed upon succession. A double icon □□ indicates that two declarations were made by the State. The abbreviation (fc) indicates a formal confirmation; (a) an accession; (s) a succession; (ds) a definitive signature; (p) the consent to be bound; (sp) a simplified procedure. Names of States in italics indicate non-members of the United Nations; shaded rows indicate landlocked States.

State or entity	United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (in force as from 16/11/1994)			Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention (in force as from 28/07/1996)		Agreement for the implementation of the provisions of the Convention relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks (in force as from 11/12/2001)		
	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration
TOTALS	157	168		79	150	59	86	
Afghanistan	18/03/83							
Albania		23/06/03(a)			23/06/03(p)			
Algeria	10/12/82□	11/06/96	□	29/07/94	11/06/96(p)			

¹ Source: Chapter XXI of the publication entitled *Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General*, available from <https://treaties.un.org>, under “Status of Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General”. In accordance with Article 308, paragraphs 1 and 2, of the Convention:

1. This Convention shall enter into force 12 months after the date of deposit of the sixtieth instrument of ratification or accession.
2. For each State ratifying or acceding to this Convention after the deposit of the sixtieth instrument of ratification or accession, the Convention shall enter into force on the thirtieth day following the deposit of its instrument of ratification or accession, subject to paragraph 1.

State or entity	United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (in force as from 16/11/1994)			Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention (in force as from 28/07/1996)		Agreement for the implementation of the provisions of the Convention relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks (in force as from 11/12/2001)		
	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration
Andorra								
Angola	10/12/82	05/12/90			07/09/10(a)			
Antigua and Barbuda	07/02/83	02/02/89			03/05/16(a)			
Argentina	05/10/84	01/12/95		29/07/94	01/12/95	04/12/95		
Armenia		09/12/02(a)			09/12/02(a)			
Australia	10/12/82	05/10/94		29/07/94	05/10/94	04/12/95	23/12/99	
Austria	10/12/82	14/07/95		29/07/94	14/07/95	27/06/96	19/12/03	
Azerbaijan		16/06/16(a)			16/06/16(a)			
Bahamas	10/12/82	29/07/83		29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)		16/01/97(a)	
Bahrain	10/12/82	30/05/85						
Bangladesh	10/12/82	27/07/01			27/07/01(a)	04/12/95	05/11/12	
Barbados	10/12/82	12/10/93		15/11/94	28/07/95(sp)		22/09/00(a)	
Belarus	10/12/82	30/08/06			30/08/06(a)			
Belgium	05/12/84	13/11/98		29/07/94	13/11/98(p)	03/10/96	19/12/03	
Belize	10/12/82	13/08/83			21/10/94(ds)	04/12/95	14/07/05	
Benin	30/08/83	16/10/97			16/10/97(p)			
Bhutan	10/12/82							
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	27/11/84	28/04/95			28/04/95(p)			
Bosnia and Herzegovina		12/01/94(s)						
Botswana	05/12/84	02/05/90			31/01/05(a)			
Brazil	10/12/82	22/12/88		29/07/94	25/10/07	04/12/95	08/03/00	
Brunei Darussalam	05/12/84	05/11/96			05/11/96(p)			
Bulgaria	10/12/82	15/05/96			15/05/96(a)		13/12/06(a)	
Burkina Faso	10/12/82	25/01/05		30/11/94	25/01/05(p)	15/10/96		
Burundi	10/12/82							

Cabo Verde	10/12/82	10/08/87		29/07/94	23/04/08			
Cambodia	01/07/83							
Cameroon	10/12/82	19/11/85		24/05/95	28/08/02			
Canada	10/12/82	07/11/03		29/07/94	07/11/03	04/12/95	03/08/99	
Central African Republic	04/12/84							
Chad	10/12/82	14/08/09			14/08/09(p)			
Chile	10/12/82	25/08/97			25/08/97(a)		11/02/16(a)	
China	10/12/82	07/06/96		29/07/94	07/06/96(p)	06/11/96		
Colombia	10/12/82							
Comoros	06/12/84	21/06/94						
Congo	10/12/82	09/07/08			09/07/08(p)			
Cook Islands	10/12/82	15/02/95			15/02/95(a)		01/04/99(a)	
Costa Rica	10/12/82	21/09/92			20/09/01(a)		18/06/01(a)	
Côte d'Ivoire	10/12/82	26/03/84		25/11/94	28/07/95(sp)	24/01/96		
Croatia		05/04/95(s)			05/04/95(p)		10/09/13(a)	
Cuba	10/12/82	15/08/84			17/10/02(a)			
Cyprus	10/12/82	12/12/88		01/11/94	27/07/95		25/09/02(a)	
Czech Republic	22/02/93	21/06/96		16/11/94	21/06/96		19/03/07(a)	
Democratic People's Republic of Korea	10/12/82							
Democratic Republic of the Congo	22/08/83	17/02/89						
Denmark	10/12/82	16/11/04		29/07/94	16/11/04	27/06/96	19/12/03	
Djibouti	10/12/82	08/10/91						
Dominica	28/03/83	24/10/91						
Dominican Republic	10/12/82	10/07/09			10/07/09(p)			
Ecuador		24/09/12(a)			24/09/12(p)		07/12/16(a)	
Egypt	10/12/82	26/08/83		22/03/95		05/12/95		
El Salvador	05/12/84							
Equatorial Guinea	30/01/84	21/07/97			21/07/97(p)			
Eritrea								

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	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration
Estonia		26/08/05(a)	☐		26/08/05(a)		07/08/06(a)	☐
Ethiopia	10/12/82							
European Union	07/12/84☐	01/04/98(fc)	☐	29/07/94	01/04/98(fc)	27/06/96☐	19/12/03	☐
Fiji	10/12/82	10/12/82		29/07/94	28/07/95	04/12/95	12/12/96	
Finland	10/12/82☐	21/06/96	☐	29/07/94	21/06/96	27/06/96	19/12/03	☐
France	10/12/82☐	11/04/96	☐	29/07/94	11/04/96	04/12/96☐	19/12/03	☐
Gabon	10/12/82	11/03/98	☐	04/04/95	11/03/98(p)	07/10/96		
Gambia	10/12/82	22/05/84						
Georgia		21/03/96(a)			21/03/96(p)			
Germany		14/10/94(a)	☐	29/07/94	14/10/94	28/08/96	19/12/03	☐
Ghana	10/12/82	7/06/83	☐	16/11/94	23/09/16(a)		27/01/17(a)	
Greece	10/12/82☐	21/07/95	☐	29/07/94	21/07/95	27/06/96	19/12/03	☐
Grenada	10/12/82	25/04/91		14/11/94	28/07/95(sp)			
Guatemala	08/07/83	11/02/97	☐		11/02/97(p)			
Guinea	04/10/84☐	06/09/85		26/08/94	28/07/95(sp)		16/09/05(a)	
Guinea Bissau	10/12/82	25/08/86	☐			04/12/95		
Guyana	10/12/82	16/11/93			25/09/08(a)			
Haiti	10/12/82	31/07/96			31/07/96(p)			
Holy See								
Honduras	10/12/82	05/10/93	☐		28/07/03(a)			
Hungary	10/12/82	05/02/02	☐		05/02/02(a)		16/05/08(a)	☐
Iceland	10/12/82	21/06/85	☐	29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)	04/12/95	14/02/97	
India	10/12/82	29/06/95	☐	29/07/94	29/06/95		19/08/03(a)	☐
Indonesia	10/12/82	03/02/86		29/07/94	02/06/00	04/12/95	28/09/09	
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	10/12/82☐						17/04/98(a)	

Iraq	10/12/82	30/07/85						
Ireland	10/12/82	21/06/96		29/07/94	21/06/96	27/06/96	19/12/03	
Israel						04/12/95		
Italy	07/12/84	13/01/95		29/07/94	13/01/95	27/06/96	19/12/03	
Jamaica	10/12/82	21/03/83		29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)	04/12/95		
Japan	07/02/83	20/06/96		29/07/94	20/06/96	19/11/96	07/08/06	
Jordan		27/11/95(a)			27/11/95(p)			
Kazakhstan								
Kenya	10/12/82	02/03/89			29/07/94(ds)		13/07/04(a)	
Kiribati		24/02/03(a)			24/02/03(p)		15/09/05(a)	
Kuwait	10/12/82	02/05/86			02/08/02(a)			
Kyrgyzstan								
Lao People's Democratic Republic	10/12/82	05/06/98		27/10/94	05/06/98(p)			
Latvia		23/12/04(a)			23/12/04(a)		05/02/07(a)	
Lebanon	07/12/84	05/01/95			05/01/95(p)			
Lesotho	10/12/82	31/05/07			31/05/07(p)			
Liberia	10/12/82	25/09/08			25/09/08(p)		16/09/05(a)	
Libya	03/12/84							
Liechtenstein								
Lithuania		12/11/03(a)			12/11/03(a)		01/03/07(a)	
Luxembourg	05/12/84	05/10/00		29/07/94	05/10/00	27/06/96	19/12/03	
Madagascar	25/02/83	22/08/01			22/08/01(p)			
Malawi	07/12/84	28/09/10			28/09/10(p)			
Malaysia	10/12/82	14/10/96		02/08/94	14/10/96(p)			
Maldives	10/12/82	07/09/00		10/10/94	07/09/00(p)	08/10/96	30/12/98	
Mali	19/10/83	16/07/85						
Malta	10/12/82	20/05/93		29/07/94	26/06/96		11/11/01(a)	
Marshall Islands		09/08/91(a)				04/12/95	19/03/03	
Mauritania	10/12/82	17/07/96		02/08/94	17/07/96(p)	21/12/95		
Mauritius	10/12/82	04/11/94			04/11/94(p)		25/03/97(a)	

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	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration
Mexico	10/12/82	18/03/83	☐		10/04/03(a)			
Micronesia (Federated States of)		29/04/91(a)		10/08/94	06/09/95	04/12/95	23/05/97	
Monaco	10/12/82	20/03/96		30/11/94	20/03/96(p)		09/06/99(a)	
Mongolia	10/12/82	13/08/96		17/08/94	13/08/96(p)			
Montenegro		23/10/06(d)	☐		23/10/06(d)			
Morocco	10/12/82	31/05/07	☐	19/10/94	31/05/07	04/12/95	19/09/12	
Mozambique	10/12/82	13/03/97			13/03/97(a)		10/12/08(a)	
Myanmar	10/12/82	21/05/96			21/05/96(a)			
Namibia	10/12/82	18/04/83		29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)	19/04/96	08/04/98	
Nauru	10/12/82	23/01/96			23/01/96(p)		10/01/97(a)	
Nepal	10/12/82	02/11/98			02/11/98(p)			
Netherlands	10/12/82	28/06/96	☐	29/07/94	28/06/96	28/06/96☐	19/12/03	☐
New Zealand	10/12/82	19/07/96		29/07/94	19/07/96	04/12/95	18/04/01	
Nicaragua	09/12/84☐	03/05/00	☐		03/05/00(p)			
Niger	10/12/82	07/08/13			07/08/13(p)			
Nigeria	10/12/82	14/08/86		25/10/94	28/07/95(sp)		02/11/09(a)	
Niue	05/12/84	11/10/06			11/10/06(p)	04/12/95	11/10/06	
Norway	10/12/82	24/06/96	☐		24/06/96(a)	04/12/95	30/12/96	☐
Oman	01/07/83☐	17/08/89	☐		26/02/97(a)		14/05/08(a)	
Pakistan	10/12/82	26/02/97	☐	10/08/94	26/02/97(p)	15/02/96		
Palau		30/09/96(a)	☐		30/09/96(p)		26/03/08(a)	
Panama	10/12/82	01/07/96	☐		01/07/96(p)		16/12/08(a)	
Papua New Guinea	10/12/82	14/01/97			14/01/97(p)	04/12/95	04/06/99	
Paraguay	10/12/82	26/09/86		29/07/94	10/07/95			
Peru								

Philippines	10/12/82	08/05/84		15/11/94	23/07/97	30/08/96	24/09/14
Poland	10/12/82	13/11/98		29/07/94	13/11/98(p)		14/03/06(a)
Portugal	10/12/82	03/11/97		29/07/94	03/11/97	27/06/96	19/12/03
Qatar	27/11/84	09/12/02			09/12/02(p)		
Republic of Korea	14/03/83	29/01/96		07/11/94	29/01/96	26/11/96	01/02/08
Republic of Moldova		06/02/07(a)			06/02/07(p)		
Romania	10/12/82	17/12/96			17/12/96(a)		16/07/07(a)
Russian Federation	10/12/82	12/03/97			12/03/97(a)	04/12/95	04/08/97
Rwanda	10/12/82						
Saint Kitts and Nevis	07/12/84	07/01/93					
Saint Lucia	10/12/82	27/03/85				12/12/95	09/08/96
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	10/12/82	01/10/93					29/10/10(a)
Samoa	28/09/84	14/08/95		07/07/95	14/08/95(p)	04/12/95	25/10/96
San Marino							
Sao Tome and Principe	13/07/83	03/11/87					
Saudi Arabia	07/12/84	24/04/96			24/04/96(p)		
Senegal	10/12/82	25/10/84		09/08/94	25/07/95	04/12/95	30/01/97
Serbia	²	12/03/01(s)		12/05/95	28/07/95(sp) ³		
Seychelles	10/12/82	16/09/91		29/07/94	15/12/94	04/12/96	20/03/98
Sierra Leone	10/12/82	12/12/94			12/12/94(p)		
Singapore	10/12/82	17/11/94			17/11/94(p)		
Slovakia	28/05/93	08/05/96		14/11/94	08/05/96		06/11/08(a)
Slovenia		16/06/95(s)		19/01/95	16/06/95		15/06/06(a)
Solomon Islands	10/12/82	23/06/97			23/06/97(p)		13/02/97(a)
Somalia	10/12/82	24/07/89					

² For further details, see Chapter XXI, section 6, of the publication entitled *Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General*, available from https://treaties.un.org/Pages/ViewDetailsIII.aspx?src=TREATY&mtdsg_no=XXI-6&chapter=21&Temp=mtdsg3&clang=_en.

³ For further details, see Chapter XXI, section 6.a of the publication entitled *Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General*, available from https://treaties.un.org/Pages/ViewDetails.aspx?src=TREATY&mtdsg_no=XXI-6-a&chapter=21&clang=_en.

State or entity	United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (in force as from 16/11/1994)			Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the Convention (in force as from 28/07/1996)		Agreement for the implementation of the provisions of the Convention relating to the conservation and management of straddling fish stocks and highly migratory fish stocks (in force as from 11/12/2001)		
	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Signature (dd/mm/yy)	Ratification/ accession; (dd/mm/yy)	Declaration
South Africa	05/12/84	23/12/97	☐	03/10/94	23/12/97		14/08/03(a)	
South Sudan								
Spain	04/12/84☐	15/01/97	☐☐	29/07/94	15/01/97	03/12/96	19/12/03	☐
Sri Lanka	10/12/82	19/07/94		29/07/94	28/07/95(sp)	09/10/96	24/10/96	
State of Palestine		02/01/15(a)			02/01/15(p)			
Sudan	10/12/82☐	23/01/85		29/07/94				
Suriname	10/12/82	09/07/98			09/07/98(p)			
Swaziland	18/01/84	24/09/12		12/10/94	24/09/12(p)			
Sweden	10/12/82☐	25/06/96	☐	29/07/94	25/06/96	27/06/96	19/12/03	☐
Switzerland	17/10/84	01/05/09	☐	26/10/94	01/05/09			
Syrian Arab Republic								
Tajikistan								
Thailand	10/12/82	15/05/11	☐		15/05/11(a)		28/4/17 (a)	
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia		19/08/94 (s)			19/08/94(p)			
Timor-Leste		08/01/13(a)	☐		08/01/13(p)			
Togo	10/12/82	16/04/85		03/08/94	28/07/95(sp)			
Tonga		02/08/95(a)			2/08/95(p)	04/12/95	31/07/96	
Trinidad and Tobago	10/12/82	25/04/86	☐☐	10/10/94	28/07/95(sp)		13/09/06(a)	
Tunisia	10/12/82	24/04/85	☐☐	15/05/95	24/05/02			
Turkey								
Turkmenistan								
Tuvalu	10/12/82	09/12/02			09/12/02(p)		02/02/09(a)	
Uganda	10/12/82	09/11/90		09/08/94	28/07/95(sp)	10/10/96		
Ukraine	10/12/82☐	26/07/99	☐	28/02/95	26/07/99	04/12/95	27/02/03	

United Arab Emirates	10/12/82							
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland		25/07/97(a)	☐☐	29/07/94	25/07/97	04/12/95	10/12/01 19/12/03 ⁴	☐☐
United Republic of Tanzania	10/12/82	30/09/85	☐	07/10/94	25/06/98			
United States of America				29/07/94		04/12/95	21/08/96	☐
Uruguay	10/12/82☐	10/12/92	☐	29/07/94	07/08/07	16/01/96☐	10/09/99	☐
Uzbekistan								
Vanuatu	10/12/82	10/08/99		29/07/94	10/08/99(p)	23/07/96		
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)								
Viet Nam	10/12/82	25/07/94	☐		27/04/06(a)			
Yemen	10/12/82☐	21/07/87	☐		13/10/14(a)			
Zambia	10/12/82	07/03/83		13/10/94	28/07/95(sp)			
Zimbabwe	10/12/82	24/02/93		28/10/94	28/07/95(sp)			
TOTALS	157	168		79	150	59	86	

6

⁴ For further details, see Chapter XXI, section 7, of the publication entitled *Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General*, available from https://treaties.un.org/Pages/ViewDetails.aspx?src=TREATY&mtdsg_no=XXI-7&chapter=21&clang=_en.

2. *Chronological lists of ratifications of, accessions and successions to the Convention and the related Agreements*

(a) *The Convention*

1. Fiji (10 December 1982)
2. Zambia (7 March 1983)
3. Mexico (18 March 1983)
4. Jamaica (21 March 1983)
5. Namibia (18 April 1983)
6. Ghana (7 June 1983)
7. Bahamas (29 July 1983)
8. Belize (13 August 1983)
9. Egypt (26 August 1983)
10. Côte d'Ivoire (26 March 1984)
11. Philippines (8 May 1984)
12. Gambia (22 May 1984)
13. Cuba (15 August 1984)
14. Senegal (25 October 1984)
15. Sudan (23 January 1985)
16. Saint Lucia (27 March 1985)
17. Togo (16 April 1985)
18. Tunisia (24 April 1985)
19. Bahrain (30 May 1985)
20. Iceland (21 June 1985)
21. Mali (16 July 1985)
22. Iraq (30 July 1985)
23. Guinea (6 September 1985)
24. United Republic of Tanzania (30 September 1985)
25. Cameroon (19 November 1985)
26. Indonesia (3 February 1986)
27. Trinidad and Tobago (25 April 1986)
28. Kuwait (2 May 1986)
29. Nigeria (14 August 1986)
30. Guinea Bissau (25 August 1986)
31. Paraguay (26 September 1986)
32. Yemen (21 July 1987)
33. Cabo Verde (10 August 1987)
34. Sao Tome and Principe (3 November 1987)
35. Cyprus (12 December 1988)
36. Brazil (22 December 1988)
37. Antigua and Barbuda (2 February 1989)
38. Democratic Republic of the Congo (17 February 1989)
39. Kenya (2 March 1989)
40. Somalia (24 July 1989)
41. Oman (17 August 1989)
42. Botswana (2 May 1990)
43. Uganda (9 November 1990)
44. Angola (5 December 1990)
45. Grenada (25 April 1991)
46. Micronesia (Federated States of) (29 April 1991)
47. Marshall Islands (9 August 1991)
48. Seychelles (16 September 1991)
49. Djibouti (8 October 1991)
50. Dominica (24 October 1991)
51. Costa Rica (21 September 1992)
52. Uruguay (10 December 1992)
53. Saint Kitts and Nevis (7 January 1993)
54. Zimbabwe (24 February 1993)
55. Malta (20 May 1993)
56. Saint Vincent and the Grenadines (1 October 1993)
57. Honduras (5 October 1993)
58. Barbados (12 October 1993)
59. Guyana (16 November 1993)
60. Bosnia and Herzegovina (12 January 1994)
61. Comoros (21 June 1994)
62. Sri Lanka (19 July 1994)
63. Viet Nam (25 July 1994)
64. The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (19 August 1994)
65. Australia (5 October 1994)
66. Germany (14 October 1994)
67. Mauritius (4 November 1994)
68. Singapore (17 November 1994)
69. Sierra Leone (12 December 1994)
70. Lebanon (5 January 1995)
71. Italy (13 January 1995)
72. Cook Islands (15 February 1995)
73. Croatia (5 April 1995)
74. Bolivia (Plurinational State of) (28 April 1995)
75. Slovenia (16 June 1995)
76. India (29 June 1995)
77. Austria (14 July 1995)
78. Greece (21 July 1995)
79. Tonga (2 August 1995)
80. Samoa (14 August 1995)
81. Jordan (27 November 1995)
82. Argentina (1 December 1995)

83. Nauru (23 January 1996)
84. Republic of Korea (29 January 1996)
85. Monaco (20 March 1996)
86. Georgia (21 March 1996)
87. France (11 April 1996)
88. Saudi Arabia (24 April 1996)
89. Slovakia (8 May 1996)
90. Bulgaria (15 May 1996)
91. Myanmar (21 May 1996)
92. China (7 June 1996)
93. Algeria (11 June 1996)
94. Japan (20 June 1996)
95. Czech Republic (21 June 1996)
96. Finland (21 June 1996)
97. Ireland (21 June 1996)
98. Norway (24 June 1996)
99. Sweden (25 June 1996)
100. Netherlands (28 June 1996)
101. Panama (1 July 1996)
102. Mauritania (17 July 1996)
103. New Zealand (19 July 1996)
104. Haiti (31 July 1996)
105. Mongolia (13 August 1996)
106. Palau (30 September 1996)
107. Malaysia (14 October 1996)
108. Brunei Darussalam (5 November 1996)
109. Romania (17 December 1996)
110. Papua New Guinea (14 January 1997)
111. Spain (15 January 1997)
112. Guatemala (11 February 1997)
113. Pakistan (26 February 1997)
114. Russian Federation (12 March 1997)
115. Mozambique (13 March 1997)
116. Solomon Islands (23 June 1997)
117. Equatorial Guinea (21 July 1997)
118. United Kingdom of Great Britain
and Northern Ireland (25 July 1997)
119. Chile (25 August 1997)
120. Benin (16 October 1997)
121. Portugal (3 November 1997)
122. South Africa (23 December 1997)
123. Gabon (11 March 1998)
124. European Union (1 April 1998)
125. Lao People's Democratic Republic
(5 June 1998)
126. Suriname (9 July 1998)
127. Nepal (2 November 1998)
128. Belgium (13 November 1998)
129. Poland (13 November 1998)
130. Ukraine (26 July 1999)
131. Vanuatu (10 August 1999)
132. Nicaragua (3 May 2000)
133. Maldives (7 September 2000)
134. Luxembourg (5 October 2000)
135. Serbia (12 March 2001)
136. Bangladesh (27 July 2001)
137. Madagascar (22 August 2001)
138. Hungary (5 February 2002)
139. Armenia (9 December 2002)
140. Qatar (9 December 2002)
141. Tuvalu (9 December 2002)
142. Kiribati (24 February 2003)
143. Albania (23 June 2003)
144. Canada (7 November 2003)
145. Lithuania (12 November 2003)
146. Denmark (16 November 2004)
147. Latvia (23 December 2004)
148. Burkina Faso (25 January 2005)
149. Estonia (26 August 2005)
150. Belarus (30 August 2006)
151. Niue (11 October 2006)
152. Montenegro (23 October 2006)
153. Republic of Moldova (6 February 2007)
154. Lesotho (31 May 2007)
155. Morocco (31 May 2007)
156. Congo (9 July 2008)
157. Liberia (25 September 2008)
158. Switzerland (1 May 2009)
159. Dominican Republic (10 July 2009)
160. Chad (14 August 2009)
161. Malawi (28 September 2010)
162. Thailand (15 May 2011)
163. Ecuador (24 September 2012)
164. Swaziland (24 September 2012)
165. Timor-Leste (8 January 2013)
166. Niger (7 August 2013)
167. State of Palestine (2 January 2015)
168. Azerbaijan (16 June 2016)

(b) *Agreement relating to the Implementation of Part XI of the Convention*

1. Kenya (29 July 1994)
2. The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (19 August 1994)
3. Australia (5 October 1994)
4. Germany (14 October 1994)
5. Belize (21 October 1994)
6. Mauritius (4 November 1994)
7. Singapore (17 November 1994)
8. Sierra Leone (12 December 1994)
9. Seychelles (15 December 1994)
10. Lebanon (5 January 1995)
11. Italy (13 January 1995)
12. Cook Islands (15 February 1995)
13. Croatia (5 April 1995)
14. Bolivia (Plurinational State of) (28 April 1995)
15. Slovenia (16 June 1995)
16. India (29 June 1995)
17. Paraguay (10 July 1995)
18. Austria (14 July 1995)
19. Greece (21 July 1995)
20. Senegal (25 July 1995)
21. Cyprus (27 July 1995)
22. Bahamas (28 July 1995)
23. Barbados (28 July 1995)
24. Côte d'Ivoire (28 July 1995)
25. Fiji (28 July 1995)
26. Grenada (28 July 1995)
27. Guinea (28 July 1995)
28. Iceland (28 July 1995)
29. Jamaica (28 July 1995)
30. Namibia (28 July 1995)
31. Nigeria (28 July 1995)
32. Sri Lanka (28 July 1995)
33. Togo (28 July 1995)
34. Trinidad and Tobago (28 July 1995)
35. Uganda (28 July 1995)
36. Serbia (28 July 1995)
37. Zambia (28 July 1995)
38. Zimbabwe (28 July 1995)
39. Tonga (2 August 1995)
40. Samoa (14 August 1995)
41. Micronesia (Federated States of) (6 September 1995)
42. Jordan (27 November 1995)
43. Argentina (1 December 1995)
44. Nauru (23 January 1996)
45. Republic of Korea (29 January 1996)
46. Monaco (20 March 1996)
47. Georgia (21 March 1996)
48. France (11 April 1996)
49. Saudi Arabia (24 April 1996)
50. Slovakia (8 May 1996)
51. Bulgaria (15 May 1996)
52. Myanmar (21 May 1996)
53. China (7 June 1996)
54. Algeria (11 June 1996)
55. Japan (20 June 1996)
56. Czech Republic (21 June 1996)
57. Finland (21 June 1996)
58. Ireland (21 June 1996)
59. Norway (24 June 1996)
60. Sweden (25 June 1996)
61. Malta (26 June 1996)
62. Netherlands (28 June 1996)
63. Panama (1 July 1996)
64. Mauritania (17 July 1996)
65. New Zealand (19 July 1996)
66. Haiti (31 July 1996)
67. Mongolia (13 August 1996)
68. Palau (30 September 1996)
69. Malaysia (14 October 1996)
70. Brunei Darussalam (5 November 1996)
71. Romania (17 December 1996)
72. Papua New Guinea (14 January 1997)
73. Spain (15 January 1997)
74. Guatemala (11 February 1997)
75. Oman (26 February 1997)
76. Pakistan (26 February 1997)
77. Russian Federation (12 March 1997)
78. Mozambique (13 March 1997)
79. Solomon Islands (23 June 1997)
80. Equatorial Guinea (21 July 1997)
81. Philippines (23 July 1997)
82. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (25 July 1997)
83. Chile (25 August 1997)
84. Benin (16 October 1997)
85. Portugal (3 November 1997)
86. South Africa (23 December 1997)
87. Gabon (11 March 1998)
88. European Union (1 April 1998)
89. Lao People's Democratic Republic (5 June 1998)
90. United Republic of Tanzania (25 June 1998)
91. Suriname (9 July 1998)

92. Nepal (2 November 1998)
93. Belgium (13 November 1998)
94. Poland (13 November 1998)
95. Ukraine (26 July 1999)
96. Vanuatu (10 August 1999)
97. Nicaragua (3 May 2000)
98. Indonesia (2 June 2000)
99. Maldives (7 September 2000)
100. Luxembourg (5 October 2000)
101. Bangladesh (27 July 2001)
102. Madagascar (22 August 2001)
103. Costa Rica (20 September 2001)
104. Hungary (5 February 2002)
105. Tunisia (24 May 2002)
106. Cameroon (28 August 2002)
107. Kuwait (2 August 2002)
108. Cuba (17 October 2002)
109. Armenia (9 December 2002)
110. Qatar (9 December 2002)
111. Tuvalu (9 December 2002)
112. Kiribati (24 February 2003)
113. Mexico (10 April 2003)
114. Albania (23 June 2003)
115. Honduras (28 July 2003)
116. Canada (7 November 2003)
117. Lithuania (12 November 2003)
118. Denmark (16 November 2004)
119. Latvia (23 December 2004)
120. Botswana (31 January 2005)
121. Burkina Faso (25 January 2005)
122. Estonia (26 August 2005)
123. Viet Nam (27 April 2006)
124. Belarus (30 August 2006)
125. Niue (11 October 2006)
126. Montenegro (23 October 2006)
127. Republic of Moldova (6 February 2007)
128. Lesotho (31 May 2007)
129. Morocco (31 May 2007)
130. Uruguay (7 August 2007)
131. Brazil (25 October 2007)
132. Cabo Verde (23 April 2008)
133. Congo (9 July 2008)
134. Liberia (25 September 2008)
135. Guyana (25 September 2008)
136. Switzerland (1 May 2009)
137. Dominican Republic (10 July 2009)
138. Chad (14 August 2009)
139. Angola (7 September 2010)
140. Malawi (28 September 2010)
141. Thailand (15 May 2011)
142. Ecuador (24 September 2012)
143. Swaziland (24 September 2012)
144. Timor-Leste (8 January 2013)
145. Niger (7 August 2013)
146. Yemen (13 October 2014)
147. State of Palestine (2 January 2015)
148. Antigua and Barbuda (3 May 2016)
149. Azerbaijan (16 June 2016)
150. Ghana (23 September 2016)

(c) *Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks*

1. Tonga (31 July 1996)
2. Saint Lucia (9 August 1996)
3. United States of America (21 August 1996)
4. Sri Lanka (24 October 1996)
5. Samoa (25 October 1996)
6. Fiji (12 December 1996)
7. Norway (30 December 1996)
8. Nauru (10 January 1997)
9. Bahamas (16 January 1997)
10. Senegal (30 January 1997)
11. Solomon Islands (13 February 1997)
12. Iceland (14 February 1997)
13. Mauritius (25 March 1997)
14. Micronesia (Federated States of) (23 May 1997)
15. Russian Federation (4 August 1997)
16. Seychelles (20 March 1998)
17. Namibia (8 April 1998)
18. Iran (Islamic Republic of) (17 April 1998)
19. Maldives (30 December 1998)
20. Cook Islands (1 April 1999)
21. Papua New Guinea (4 June 1999)
22. Monaco (9 June 1999)
23. Canada (3 August 1999)
24. Uruguay (10 September 1999)
25. Australia (23 December 1999)
26. Brazil (8 March 2000)
27. Barbados (22 September 2000)
28. New Zealand (18 April 2001)
29. Costa Rica (18 June 2001)
30. Malta (11 November 2001)
31. United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (10 December 2001), (19 December 2003)
32. Cyprus (25 September 2002)
33. Ukraine (27 February 2003)
34. Marshall Islands (19 March 2003)
35. South Africa (14 August 2003)
36. India (19 August 2003)
37. European Union (19 December 2003)
38. Austria (19 December 2003)
39. Belgium (19 December 2003)
40. Denmark (19 December 2003)
41. Finland (19 December 2003)
42. France (19 December 2003)
43. Germany (19 December 2003)
44. Greece (19 December 2003)
45. Ireland (19 December 2003)
46. Italy (19 December 2003)
47. Luxembourg (19 December 2003)
48. Netherlands (19 December 2003)
49. Portugal (19 December 2003)
50. Spain (19 December 2003)
51. Sweden (19 December 2003)
52. Kenya (13 July 2004)
53. Belize (14 July 2005)
54. Kiribati (15 September 2005)
55. Guinea (16 September 2005)
56. Liberia (16 September 2005)
57. Poland (14 March 2006)
58. Slovenia (15 June 2006)
59. Estonia (7 August 2006)
60. Japan (7 August 2006)
61. Trinidad and Tobago (13 September 2006)
62. Niue (11 October 2006)
63. Bulgaria (13 December 2006)
64. Latvia (5 February 2007)
65. Lithuania (1 March 2007)
66. Czech Republic (19 March 2007)
67. Romania (16 July 2007)
68. Republic of Korea (1 February 2008)
69. Palau (26 March 2008)
70. Oman (14 May 2008)
71. Hungary (16 May 2008)
72. Slovakia (6 November 2008)
73. Mozambique (10 December 2008)
74. Panama (16 December 2008)
75. Tuvalu (2 February 2009)
76. Indonesia (28 September 2009)
77. Nigeria (2 November 2009)
78. Saint Vincent and the Grenadines (29 October 2010)
79. Morocco (19 September 2012)
80. Bangladesh (5 November 2012)
81. Croatia (10 September 2013)
82. Philippines (24 September 2014)
83. Chile (11 February 2016)
84. Ecuador (7 December 2016)
85. Ghana (27 January 2017)
86. Thailand (28 April 2017)

II. LEGAL INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

A. NATIONAL LEGISLATION

*Sudan*¹

Decree of the President of the Republic of Sudan No. 148 (2017) Concerning the baselines of the maritime zones of the Republic of Sudan, 2 March 2017

The President of the Republic

By virtue of the authority conferred under Article 58 (1) (q) of the Sudan Interim Constitution 2005, as amended in the year 2016, and having reviewed the Provisional Order, the law to ratify the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea of 1984, issued on 20 June 1984, approved by the People's Assembly on 27 November 1984 on the ratification of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which was concluded in Montego Bay, Jamaica, on 10 December 1982, I hereby promulgate the following law;

Article 1

The maritime zones under the sovereignty and rule of the Republic of Sudan, including its territorial water, shall be measured from the straight baseline connecting all the points defined by the coordinates referred to in article 2, hereunder.

Article 2

The coordinates referred to in article 1, in accordance with the geodetic datum (Mercator projection) (WGS 84), are laid in the Red Sea, in accordance with the attached annex 1, which constitutes an inseparable part of this Decree.

Article 3

The lists of coordinates referred to in article 2 of the above shall be published and declared in accordance with the relevant rules followed in this connection and shall be deposited with the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

Article 4

This Decree shall be published in the Official Gazette.

Article 5

All competent authorities shall put this Decree into effect.

Issued under my signature on the third day of the month of Jumada al-Akhra of the year 1438 AH corresponding to the second day of March 2017.

[Signed]

Field Marshal OMAR HASSAN AHMED AL BASHIR
The President of the Republic of the Sudan

¹ *Original:* Arabic. Transmitted by note verbale dated 26 March 2017 from the Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General. Annexed lists of geographical coordinates of points were deposited with the Secretary-General under article 16(2), of the Convention (see Maritime Zone Notification M.Z.N.127.2017.LOS of 12 April 2017).

**The Coordinates Of The Straight Base Line
Of The Sudan In The Red Sea**

No	Position	Coordinates	
		Latitude	Longitude
1	Dahrat Abid Island	18°20' 54.3"	38°44' 40.9"
2	Qab Miyum Island	18°30' 17.2"	38°50' 07.8"
3	Ed Domes Shesh Island	18°37' 30.6"	38°50' 48.1"
4	Masamirit Island	18°50' 10.1"	38°45' 33.4"
5	Dibsel Island	18°54' 06.9"	38°35' 44.0"
6	Biar Musa Kabir Island	19°13' 06.8"	38°11' 29.4"
7	Sanganeb Reef	19°43' 29.9"	37°26' 33.4"
8	Angarosh Island	20°51' 43.3"	37°26' 15.8"
9	Abington Reef	20°53' 17.0"	37°27' 20.3"
10	Elba Reef	21°59' 12.2"	37°01' 22.9"
11	Shab Abu Fendera Reef	22°54' 43.3"	36°16' 28.4"
12	Mirear Island	23°09' 42.7"	35°44' 34.0"

The Map Datum is:

World Geodetic System (WGS 1984)



B. BILATERAL TREATIES

Saudi Arabia and Egypt¹

Agreement of maritime delimitation between the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Arab Republic of Egypt, 8 April 2016

The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Arab Republic of Egypt, mindful of the fraternal ties between their peoples and countries, under the leadership respectively of the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques, King Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, King of Saudi Arabia, and His Excellency Mr. Abdelfattah Al Sisi, President of the Arab Republic of Egypt; determined to reaffirm the special fraternal ties between the two peoples and countries; desirous of realizing and sustaining their shared interests in a manner conducive to good and lasting neighbourly relations between them;

Recalling the record of the final meeting of the joint committee on maritime delimitation between the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Arab Republic of Egypt, which was signed on 7 April 2016;

Have agreed to delimit the maritime borders between them as follows:

Article I

1. The maritime boundary between the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Arab Republic of Egypt shall begin at the meeting point of the Saudi Arabian, Egyptian and Jordanian boundaries in the Gulf of Aqabah, which is to be agreed subsequently among the three States;
2. The maritime boundary between the two countries shall begin at the meeting point of the maritime boundaries referred to in paragraph 1 of the present article, and shall continue until boundary point 1. From there, it shall extend in straight lines connecting the points making the boundary between the two countries in the Gulf of Aqaba and the Red Sea, as far as maritime boundary point 61. The geographical coordinates of the maritime boundary points between the two countries shall be as follows:

<i>Boundary point</i>	<i>Latitude north</i>			<i>Longitude east</i>		
	<i>Degrees</i>	<i>Minutes</i>	<i>Seconds</i>	<i>Degrees</i>	<i>Minutes</i>	<i>Seconds</i>
1	29	22	20.52	34	52	57.79
2	29	22	01.07	34	52	44.71
3	29	20	34.64	34	52	15.54
4	29	19	16.95	34	51	17.94
5	29	17	22.18	34	50	25.28
6	29	16	36.62	34	49	56.94
7	29	13	57.13	34	49	32.16
8	29	11	05.34	34	48	45.80
9	29	06	48.06	34	46	48.54
10	29	03	30.27	34	45	47.35
11	29	00	21.60	34	45	57.74
12	28	57	19.46	34	45	35.36
13	28	54	40.53	34	44	01.74
14	28	53	05.76	34	44	00.41
15	28	51	20.74	34	44	10.32
16	28	50	01.45	34	44	03.66
17	28	48	17.83	34	43	26.27
18	28	43	56.98	34	42	39.52

¹ Registered with the Secretariat of the United Nations by Saudi Arabia on 25 July 2017, registration No. I-54577. Entry into force: 2 July 2017, in accordance with article 3.

19	28	39	53.44	34	41	08.74
20	28	36	27.48	34	40	50.77
21	28	32	51.59	34	40	05.29
22	28	31	03.93	34	39	04.89
23	28	28	05.03	34	38	09.90
24	28	25	37.36	34	37	09.42
25	28	23	38.18	34	36	03.81
26	28	22	45.81	34	35	12.85
27	28	20	37.70	34	34	23.05
28	28	16	51.73	34	32	38.10
29	28	14	44.23	34	32	43.07
30	28	11	10.42	34	32	02.68
31	28	03	38.89	34	29	27.17
32	28	02	06.30	34	28	08.61
33	28	00	23.96	34	27	42.27
34	27	58	40.59	34	27	50.09
35	27	58	03.92	34	27	48.95
36	27	54	40.74	34	27	20.45
37	27	50	11.15	34	28	26.00
38	27	19	40.03	34	43	31.70
39	26	46	43.54	34	57	13.46
40	26	40	38.36	34	58	21.29
41	26	22	03.95	35	10	48.33
42	26	05	26.29	35	24	00.48
43	26	00	16.28	35	28	53.18
44	25	44	08.31	35	37	08.59
45	25	23	07.52	35	41	47.42
46	25	15	20.45	35	47	52.71
47	25	01	25.75	36	00	58.41
48	24	49	50.41	36	09	14.70
49	24	48	08.69	36	10	23.70
50	24	41	52.93	36	14	44.68
51	24	34	59.62	36	18	26.50
52	24	28	23.26	36	22	34.05
53	24	12	18.69	36	27	07.26
54	23	31	22.20	36	59	53.79
55	23	17	27.65	37	09	52.12
56	22	58	30.47	37	29	43.99
57	22	48	21.65	37	38	53.66
58	22	37	01.57	37	44	13.38
59	22	29	54.83	37	47	26.12
60	22	17	32.73	37	53	10.70
61	22	00	00.00	37	53	43.70

3. The World Geodetic System (WGS 84) shall be the reference for the geographic coordinates of the maritime boundary points set out in the present article.

Article II

1. Annexed to the present agreement is a map combining United Kingdom admiralty charts No. 158 and 159 to a scale of 1:750,000. The map has been signed by both countries and shows the maritime boundary point between them. It has been included for purely explanatory purposes.
2. The fundamental reference for the maritime boundary between the two countries shall be the geographic coordinates of the maritime boundary points set out in article I of the present agreement.

Article III

1. The present agreement shall be ratified in accordance with the legal and constitutional procedures of each country. It shall enter into force on the date that instruments of ratification thereof are exchanged.
2. The Secretary-General of the United Nations shall be notified of the present agreement in order for it to be registered in accordance with Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations after its entry into force.

The present agreement has been drawn up in two original copies in the Arabic language. It was signed in the city of Cairo, in the Arab Republic of Egypt, on Friday, 1 Rajab A.H. 1437, corresponding to 8 April A.D. 2016.

On behalf of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia:
[Signed]
MUHAMMAD BIN SALMAN BIN ABDULAZIZ AL SAUD
Deputy Crown Prince
Second Deputy Prime Minister
Minister of Defence

On behalf of the Arab Republic of Egypt:
[Signed]
SHERIF ISMAIL
Prime Minister

III. COMMUNICATIONS BY STATES

A. SUDAN

Declaration of the Republic of the Sudan's Ministry of Foreign Affairs, 3 March 2017¹

Pursuant to Republican Decree No. 148 of 2 March 2017 regarding the baselines used for measuring the maritime areas of the Republic of the Sudan, and having reviewed the publications of the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea;

The Republic of the Sudan affirms its rejection and non-recognition of the Decree of the President of the Arab Republic of Egypt No. 27 of 9 January 1990 insofar as it concerns Sudanese maritime borders north of the 22nd parallel and the maritime coordinates claimed by Egypt in paragraphs 50 to 56 to be within its Red Sea maritime borders. Those coordinates are as follows:

<i>Sequence</i>	<i>Latitude (North)</i>	<i>Longitude (East)</i>
50	22° 53' 12"	36° 20' 06"
51	22° 36' 30"	36° 35' 12"
52	22° 20' 18"	36° 39' 24"
53	22° 16' 12"	36° 48' 54"
54	22° 03' 48"	36° 53' 54"
55	22° 01' 30"	36° 53' 48"
56	22° 00' 00"	36° 52' 54"

The coordinates above are within the maritime borders of the Hala'ib Triangle, which has been under Egyptian military occupation since 1995. Thus they fall within the Red Sea maritime areas of the Republic of the Sudan. It should be noted that the Hala'ib Triangle is Sudanese territory located within the political and geographical borders of the Republic of the Sudan, which have been recognized internationally over a number of historical eras, including during the British-Egyptian condominium of the Sudan, and that the Sudan inherited these borders upon independence in 1956. There is no dispute regarding this matter, as attested by United Nations records and maps. The Sudan has written to the Security Council regarding this matter every year since 1958, and it did so again on 5 January 2017 in order to reaffirm its rejection of the Egyptian military occupation of the Sudanese Hala'ib Triangle and its maritime borders, and any actions taken by the Egyptian Government on the basis of the current situation that are prejudicial to the sovereignty of the Sudan over the Hala'ib Triangle and its maritime borders.

Issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Sudan on 3 March 2017.

B. EGYPT

Declaration by the Arab Republic of Egypt, 4 May 2017²

We draw attention to Maritime Zone Notification No. M.Z.N.127.2017.LOS of the United Nations Secretariat dated 12 April 2017. In that Notification it is stated that on 10 April 2017 the Republic of the Sudan deposited, pursuant to article 16, paragraph 2, of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, a list of geographical coordinates defining the Red Sea baselines of the Sudan, as contained in Decree of the President of the Republic of the Sudan No. 148 (2017) of 2 March 2017 concerning the baselines of the maritime

¹ *Original:* Arabic. Transmitted by note verbale dated 7 April 2017 from the Permanent Mission of the Republic of the Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.

² *Original:* Arabic. Transmitted by note verbale dated 4 May 2017 from the Permanent Mission of the Arab Republic of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.

zones of the Republic of the Sudan. The above-mentioned was posted on the website of the United Nations Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea.

The Arab Republic of Egypt affirms its rejection and non-recognition of any Sudanese baseline points lying north of the international border between the Arab Republic of Egypt and the Republic of the Sudan (the 22nd parallel north), in particular baseline point No. 11, named Shab Abu Fandara, the coordinates of which are 36° 16' 28.4" east and 22° 54' 43.3" north, and baseline point No. 12, named Mirir, the coordinates of which are 35° 44' 34" east and 23° 09' 42.7" north. Those baseline points were annexed to Decree of the President of the Republic of the Sudan No. 148 of 2 March 2017 concerning the baselines for measuring the maritime areas of the Republic of the Sudan. It considers those to be null and void and without legal effect, as they violate the territorial integrity of the Arab Republic of Egypt and its sovereignty over its land and maritime territory.

The Arab Republic of Egypt reaffirms the information that it previously deposited, pursuant to article 16, paragraph 2, of the Convention, with the Secretary-General on 2 May 1990 with respect to baseline points Nos. 50 to 56 on the list of geographical coordinates defining the Red Sea baselines of Egypt. Those coordinates were set out in annex II to Decree of the President of the Arab Republic of Egypt No. 27 (1990) of 9 January 1990 concerning the baselines used for measuring the maritime areas of the Arab Republic of Egypt. Decree of the President of the Arab Republic of Egypt No. 27 (1990) and its annex II were published by the United Nations Secretariat in December 1990 in issue No. 16 of the Bulletin of the Law of the Sea, which is published by the Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea.

Issued in Cairo on 4 May 2017

C. EGYPT

Declaration by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Arab Republic of Egypt, 4 May 2017³

We draw attention to the memorandum dated 7 April 2017 from the Permanent Representative of the Republic of the Sudan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations transmitting a declaration issued on 3 March 2017 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Sudan, which was as published on the website of the United Nations. We furthermore draw attention to the declaration of the Arab Republic of Egypt regarding its objection to and rejection of the list of geographical coordinates deposited by the Republic of the Sudan defining the Red Sea baselines of the Sudan that was annexed to Decree No. 148 of the President of the Republic of the Sudan dated 2 March 2017 regarding the baselines used for measuring the maritime areas of the Sudan.

1. The Arab Republic of Egypt rejects and objects to the declaration issued on 3 March 2017 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Sudan and affirms that Egyptian sovereignty over all land north of the 22nd parallel north is historically and legally established by the 1899 Agreement between Her Britannic Majesty's Government and the Government of His Highness the Khedive of Egypt, Relative to the Future Administration of the Sudan, which was concluded on 19 January 1899 by the Egyptian and British Governments in their capacity as administrators of the Sudan. Article I of that Agreement clearly and unambiguously sets the border between the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan and Egypt, stating that the term "the Sudan" in the agreement means all territories south of the 22nd parallel of latitude. That border was inherited by the Sudan in 1956.
2. Since the signing of the 1899 Agreement, Egypt has continuously exercised sovereignty over the Hala'ib and Shalatin area, which lies within the territory of the Arab Republic of Egypt north of the 22nd parallel north. Furthermore, since the signing of that Agreement, all official maps of Egypt have shown the 22nd parallel north to be the international boundary between Egypt and the Sudan.
3. It is firmly established that the maritime areas under the sovereignty and jurisdiction of a State are determined on the basis of its land territory. Decree of the President of the Arab Republic of Egypt No. 27 of 9 January 1990 on the baselines used for measuring the maritime areas of the Arab Republic of

³ *Original:* Arabic. Transmitted by note verbale dated 4 May 2017 from the Permanent Mission of the Arab Republic of Egypt to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.

Egypt sets the basis points and the straight baselines for Egyptian coastlines, including the Red Sea coast, which extend southward to 36° 52' 54" east and 22° 00' 00" north. That Decree was disseminated in the *Law of the Sea Bulletin No. 16* of December 1990.

4. The Arab Republic of Egypt considers the claims of the Sudan to be completely unfounded and inconsistent with the legal situation arising from the 1899 Agreement and the permanent nature of the international borders established thereby. The reference in the declaration issued on 3 March 2017 by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Sudan to the "Egyptian military occupation" of the Hala'ib and Shalatin region is incorrect and unacceptable.
5. The Arab Republic of Egypt declares its rejection and non-recognition of any action whatsoever that the Sudan has taken or might take in the future, as well as any international agreement with any other party that the Sudan has concluded or might conclude in the future, that would prejudice the sovereignty of Egypt over its land or maritime territory north of the 22nd parallel north.

Issued in Cairo on 4 May 2017

D. SUDAN

Declaration made by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Sudan, 6 July 2017⁴

In the name of God, the Merciful, the Compassionate

With reference to the declaration that was made by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Arab Republic of Egypt in Cairo on 4 May 2017 and published on the website of United Nations Division for Ocean Affairs and the Law of the Sea, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Sudan wishes to stress the following points:

1. The present geographical and political boundaries, including the Hala'ib triangle, which is located to the north of latitude 22°N, are the borders inherited by the Sudan upon its independence on 1 January 1956, according to documents and maps issued at the time, most importantly those deposited with the United Nations before and at the time of independence.
2. In accordance with the rules of international law, international conventions and the principles adopted by the Organization of African Unity, particularly the Cairo Declaration of July 1964, African States must abide by the borders that they inherited when gaining independence. It is therefore not acceptable from a legal standpoint to put forward any argument contrary to that principle, which has been applied by the Organization of African Unity to all border disputes in Africa and invoked by the International Court of Justice in numerous relevant precedents.
3. The Sudan expresses its reservation regarding the soundness and legality of the arguments made by the Egyptian Ministry of Foreign Affairs in its declaration. It reserves the right to demonstrate that those arguments are invalid from a legal and historical standpoint, particularly in the light of the agreement reached in 1899.
4. The Government of the Sudan rejects the unsubstantiated allegations to the effect that Egypt has exercised continuous sovereignty over the Hala'ib triangle. It is in possession of legal arguments, historical documents and legal evidence confirming that Egypt did not exercise any kind of sovereignty in the Hala'ib triangle before it occupied that territory in 1995.
5. The Republic of the Sudan stresses that it does not recognize the Egyptian military presence or any of the ways in which Egypt currently exercises sovereignty in the Hala'ib triangle. It deems that presence to be an illegal occupation. It rejects all of Egypt's practices and acts of sovereignty in the Hala'ib triangle, whether land or at sea, and rejects all of the declarations made by Egypt in that regard. Nor will it recognize any rights assumed by a third party on the basis of any actions taken by the Arab Republic of Egypt in the context of the current occupation.

⁴ *Original: Arabic.* Transmitted by note verbale dated 13 July 2017 from the Permanent Mission of the Republic of the Sudan addressed to the Secretary-General.

In particular, the Government of the Republic of the Sudan demands that the Egyptian occupation authorities comply with the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and all of the rules of international humanitarian law. Egypt must refrain from changing the demographics of the land or its inhabitants, harming the Sudanese citizens living under occupation in the Hala'ib triangle or their property, and denying their fundamental rights, including the right to life, freedom of expression and freedom from torture, arbitrary detention and enforced disappearance.

The Republic of Sudan rejects the allegations contained in the declaration made by the Arab Republic of Egypt on 4 May 2017. It calls upon the Government of the Arab Republic of Egypt to promptly resort to arbitration and resolve the crisis peacefully in accordance with the principles of international law and the Charter of the United Nations.

This declaration was made by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of the Sudan on 6 July 2017.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE LAW OF THE SEA

A. LIST OF CONCILIATORS, ARBITRATORS AND EXPERTS NOMINATED UNDER ARTICLE 2 OF ANNEXES V, VII AND VIII TO THE CONVENTION, AS AT 31 JULY 2017

1. *List of conciliators and arbitrators nominated under article 2 of annexes V and VII to the Convention*¹

<i>State Party</i>	<i>Nominations</i>	<i>Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General</i>
Algeria	Mr. Boualem Bouguetaia, Judge and Vice-President of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea	23 November 2016
Argentina	Dr. Frida María Armas Pfrirer, Conciliator and Arbitrator	28 September 2009
	Ambassador Horacio Adolfo Basabe, Conciliator and Arbitrator	4 September 2013
	Professor Marcelo Gustavo Kohen, Conciliator and Arbitrator	4 September 2013
	Minister Holger Federico Martinsen, Conciliator and Arbitrator	4 September 2013
Australia	Mr. Henry Burmester QC, former Chief General Counsel in the Australian Government Solicitor and former head of the Attorney-General's Department's Office of International Law, Conciliator and Arbitrator	19 August 1999, 10 April 2017
	Professor Ivan Shearer AM, Emeritus Professor of Law, University of Sydney; Adjunct Professor of Law, University of South Australia; Australian nominated Member, Permanent Court of Arbitration; Judge ad hoc, International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Arbitrator	19 August 1999, 10 April 2017
	Dr. Rosalie Balkin, former Director of Legal Affairs and External Relations, former Secretary of the Legal Committee and former Assistant Secretary-General, International Maritime Organization, Conciliator	10 April 2017
	Mr. Bill Campbell PSM QC, General Counsel of International Law in the Attorney-General's Department's Office of International Law, Conciliator and Arbitrator	10 April 2017
Austria	Professor Dr. Gerhard Hafner, Department of International Law and International Relations, University of Vienna, Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, The Hague, Conciliator at the OSCE Court of Conciliation and Arbitration, Former Member of the International Law Commission, Conciliator and Arbitrator	9 January 2008
	Professor Dr. Gerhard Loibl, Professor at the Diplomatic Academy of Vienna, Conciliator and Arbitrator	9 January 2008
	Ambassador Dr. Helmut Tichy, Deputy Head of the Office of the Legal Adviser, Austrian Federal Ministry for European and International Affairs, Conciliator and Arbitrator	9 January 2008
	Ambassador Dr. Helmut Türk, Judge at the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, The Hague, Conciliator and Arbitrator	9 January 2008
Belgium	Professor Erik Franckx, President of the Department of International and European Law at the Vrije University Brussels	1 May 2014
	Mr. Philippe Gautier, Registrar of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea	1 May 2014
Brazil	Walter de Sá Leitão, Conciliator and Arbitrator	10 September 2001

¹ Source: Chapter XXI, section 6, of the publication entitled *Multilateral Treaties Deposited with the Secretary-General* available from https://treaties.un.org/Pages/ViewDetailsIII.aspx?src=TREATY&mtdsg_no=XXI-6&chapter=21&Temp=mtdsg3&clang=_en.

<i>State Party</i>	<i>Nominations</i>	<i>Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General</i>
Chile	Helmut Brunner Nöer, Conciliator	18 November 1998
	Rodrigo Díaz Albónico, Conciliator	18 November 1998
	Carlos Martínez Sotomayor, Conciliator	18 November 1998
	Eduardo Vío Grossi, Conciliator	18 November 1998
	José Miguel Barros Franco, Arbitrator	18 November 1998
	María Teresa Infante Caffi, Arbitrator	18 November 1998
	Edmundo Vargas Carreño, Arbitrator	18 November 1998
	Fernando Zegers Santa Cruz, Arbitrator	18 November 1998
Costa Rica	Carlos Fernando Alvarado Valverde, Conciliator and Arbitrator	15 March 2000
Cyprus	Ambassador Andrew Jacovides, Conciliator and Arbitrator	23 February 2007
	Ms. Christine G. Hioureas, Conciliator and Arbitrator	15 January 2016
Czech Republic	Dr. Václav Mikulka, Conciliator and Arbitrator	27 March 2014
Estonia	Mrs. Ene Lillipuu, Head of the Legal Department of the Estonian Maritime Administration, Conciliator and Arbitrator	18 December 2006
	Mr. Heiki Lindpere, the Director of the Institute of Law of the University of Tartu, Conciliator and Arbitrator	18 December 2006
Finland	Professor Kari Hakapää, Conciliator and Arbitrator	25 May 2001
	Professor Martti Koskenniemi, Conciliator and Arbitrator	25 May 2001
	Justice Gutav Möller, Conciliator and Arbitrator	25 May 2001
	Justice Pekka Vihervuori, Conciliator and Arbitrator	25 May 2001
France	Alain Pellet, Arbitrator	16 December 2015
	Pierre-Marie Dupuy, Arbitrator	4 February 1998
	Jean-Pierre Queneudec, Arbitrator	4 February 1998
	Laurent Lucchini, Arbitrator	4 February 1998
Germany	Dr. (Ms.) Renate Platzoeder, Arbitrator	25 March 1996
Ghana	H.E. Judge Dr. Thomas A. Mensah, Conciliator and Arbitrator (Former Judge and First President of the United Nations Tribunal of the Law of the Sea (ITLOS))	30 May 2013
	Professor Martin Tsamenyi, Professor of Law, University of Wollongong, Australia and Director, Australian National Centre for Ocean Resources and Security (ANCORS), Conciliator and Arbitrator	30 May 2013
Guatemala	Minister Counsellor Lesther Antonio Ortega Lemus, Conciliator and Arbitrator	26 March 2014
Iceland	Ambassador Gudmundur Eiriksson, Conciliator and Arbitrator	13 September 2013
	Tomas H. Heidar, Legal Adviser, Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Conciliator and Arbitrator	13 September 2013
Indonesia	Prof. Dr. Hasjim Djalal, M.A., Conciliator and Arbitrator	3 August 2001
	Dr. Ety Roesmaryati Agoes, SH, LL.M., Conciliator and Arbitrator	3 August 2001
	Dr. Sudirman Saad, D.H., M.Hum, Conciliator and Arbitrator	3 August 2001
	Lieutenant Commander Kresno Bruntoro, SH, LL.M., Conciliator and Arbitrator	3 August 2001
Italy	Professor Umberto Leanza, Conciliator and Arbitrator	21 September 1999
	Ambassador Luigi Vittorio Ferraris, Conciliator	21 September 1999
	Ambassador Giuseppe Jacoangeli, Conciliator	21 September 1999
	Professor Tullio Scovazzi, Arbitrator	21 September 1999
	Paolo Guido Spinelli, Former Chief of the Service for Legal Affairs, Diplomatic Disputes and international Agreements of the Italian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Conciliator	28 June 2011
	Maurizio Maresca, Arbitrator	28 June 2011
	Tullio Treves, Arbitrator	28 June 2011

<i>State Party</i>	<i>Nominations</i>	<i>Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General</i>
Japan	Judge Hisashi Owada, Judge, International Court of Justice, Arbitrator	28 September 2000
	Dr. Nisuke Ando, Professor Emeritus, Kyoto University, Japan, Arbitrator	28 September 2000
	Judge Shunji Yanai, President of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Conciliator and Arbitrator	4 October 2013
Lebanon	H.E. Dr. Joseph Akl, Judge in the International Tribunal of the Law of the Sea, Arbitrator	31 January 2014
Mauritius	Mr. Dheerendra Kumar Dabee, G.O.S.K., SC, Solicitor-General, Arbitrator	5 November 2014
	Ambassador Milan J.N. Meetarbhan, G.O.S.K. Permanent Representative of Mauritius, Arbitrator	5 November 2014
	Ms. Aruna Devi Narain, Parliamentary Counsel, Arbitrator	5 November 2014
	Mr. Philippe Sands, QC, Professor, Arbitrator	5 November 2014
Mexico	Ambassador Alberto Székely Sánchez, Special Adviser to the Secretary for International Waters Affairs, Arbitrator	9 December 2002
	Dr. Alonso Gómez Robledo Verduzco, Researcher, Institute of Legal Research, National Autonomous University of Mexico, Member of the Inter-American Legal Committee of the Organization of American States, Arbitrator	9 December 2002
	Frigate Captain JN. LD. DEM. Agustín Rodríguez Malpica Esquivel, Chief, Legal Unit, Secretariat of the Navy, Arbitrator	9 December 2002
	Frigate Lieutenant SJN.LD. Juan Jorge Quiroz Richards, Secretariat of the Navy, Arbitrator	9 December 2002
	Ambassador José Luis Vallarta Marrón, Former Permanent Representative of Mexico to the International Seabed Authority, Conciliator	9 December 2002
	Dr. Alejandro Sobarzo, Member of the national delegation to the Permanent Court of Arbitration, Conciliator	9 December 2002
	Joel Hernández García, Deputy Legal Adviser, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Conciliator	9 December 2002
	Dr. Erasmo Lara Cabrera, Director of International Law III, Legal Adviser, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Conciliator	9 December 2002
Mongolia	Professor Rüdiger Wolfrum, Arbitrator	22 February 2005
	Professor Jean-Pierre Cot, Arbitrator	22 February 2005
Netherlands	E. Hey, Arbitrator	9 February 1998
	Professor A. Soons, Arbitrator	9 February 1998
	Prof. Dr. Liesbeth Lijnzaad, Legal Adviser, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Conciliator and Arbitrator	14 February 2017
	Professor Dr. Alex Oude Elferink, Director, Netherlands Institute for the Law of the Sea, Arbitrator	14 February 2017
	Prof. Dr. René Lefeber, Deputy Legal Adviser, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Conciliator	14 February 2017
Norway	Carsten Smith, President of the Supreme Court, Conciliator and Arbitrator	22 November 1999
	Karin Bruzelius, Supreme Court Judge, Conciliator and Arbitrator	22 November 1999
	Hans Wilhelm Longva, Director General, Department of Legal Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Conciliator and Arbitrator	22 November 1999
	Ambassador Per Tresselt, Conciliator and Arbitrator	22 November 1999
Poland	Mr. Janusz Symonides, Conciliator and Arbitrator	14 May 2004
	Mr. Stanislaw Pawlak, Conciliator and Arbitrator	14 May 2004
	Mrs. Maria Dragun-Gertner, Conciliator and Arbitrator	14 May 2004

<i>State Party</i>	<i>Nominations</i>	<i>Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General</i>
Portugal	Professor José Manuela Pureza, Conciliator	5 October 2011
	Dr. João Madureira, Conciliator	5 October 2011
	Dr. Mateus Kowalski, Conciliator	5 October 2011
	Dr. Tiago Pitta e Cunha, Conciliator	5 October 2011
	Professor Nuno Sérgio Marques Antunes, Arbitrator	5 October 2011
Republic of Korea	Professor Jin-Hyun Paik, Conciliator and Arbitrator:	14 February 2013
Romania	Mr. Bogdan Aurescu, Secretary of State, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, Arbitrator	2 October 2009
	Mr. Cosmin Dinescu, Director General for Legal Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Arbitrator	2 October 2009
Russian Federation	Vladimir S. Kotliar, Arbitrator	26 May 1997
	Professor Kamil A. Bekyashev, Arbitrator	4 March 1998
	Mr. Alexander N. Vylegjanin, Director of the Legal Department of the Council for the Study of Productive Forces of the Russian Academy of Science, Arbitrator	17 January 2003
Singapore	Professor S. Jayakumar, Professor of Law, National University of Singapore, Conciliator and Arbitrator	5 April 2016
	Professor Tommy Koh, Professor of Law, National University of Singapore, Ambassador-at-Large, Conciliator and Arbitrator	5 April 2016
	Mr. Chan Sek Keong, Retired Chief Justice, Former Attorney-General, Conciliator and Arbitrator	5 April 2016
	Mr. Lionel Yee Woon Chin S.C., Solicitor-General, Conciliator and Arbitrator	5 April 2016
Slovakia	Dr. Marek Smid, International Law Department of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Slovakia, Conciliator	9 July 2004
	Dr. Peter Tomka, Judge of the International Court of Justice, Arbitrator	9 July 2004
South Africa	Judge Albertus Jacobus Hoffmann, Vice-President, International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, Arbitrator	25 April 2014
Spain	José Antonio de Yturriaga Barberán, Ambassador at large, Conciliator and Arbitrator	23 June 1999
	Juan Antonio Yáñez-Barnuevo García, Ambassador at large, Conciliator	23 June 1999
	Aurelio Pérez Giralda, Chief, International Legal Advisory Assistance, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Conciliator	23 June 1999
	José Antonio Pastor Ridruejo, Judge, European Court of Human Rights, Arbitrator	23 June 1999
	D. Juan Antonio Yáñez-Barnuevo García, Arbitrator	26 March 2012
	Da Concepción Escobar Hernández, Conciliator and Arbitrator	26 March 2012
Sri Lanka	Hon. M.S. Aziz, P.C., Conciliator and Arbitrator	17 January 1996
	C. W. Pinto, Secretary-General of the Iran-US Tribunal in the Hague, Conciliator and Arbitrator	17 September 2002
Sudan	Sayed/Shawgi Hussain, Arbitrator	8 September 1995
	Dr. Ahmed Elmufti, Arbitrator	8 September 1995
	Dr. Abd Elrahman Elkhalifa, Conciliator	8 September 1995
	Sayed/Eltahir Hamadalla, Conciliator	8 September 1995
	Prof. Elihu Lauterpacht CBE QC, Arbitrator	8 September 1995
	Sir Arthur Watts KCMG QC, Arbitrator	8 September 1995

<i>State Party</i>	<i>Nominations</i>	<i>Date of deposit of notification with the Secretary-General</i>
Sweden	Dr. Marie Jacobsson, Principal Legal Advisor on International Law, Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Arbitrator	2 June 2006
	Dr. Said Mahmoudi, Professor of International Law, University of Stockholm, Arbitrator	2 June 2006
Switzerland	Ms. Laurence Boisson de Chazournes, Professor, Arbitrator	14 October 2014
	Mr. Andrew Clapham, Professor, Arbitrator	14 October 2014
	Mr. Lucius Cafilisch, Professor, Arbitrator	14 October 2014
	Mr. Robert Kolb, Professor, Arbitrator	14 October 2014
Trinidad and Tobago	Mr. Justice Cecil Bernard, Judge of the Industrial Court of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago, Arbitrator	17 November 2004
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Sir Michael Wood, Conciliator and Arbitrator	2 November 2010
	Sir Elihu Lauterpacht QC, Conciliator and Arbitrator	2 November 2010
	Professor Vaughan Lowe QC, Conciliator and Arbitrator	2 November 2010
	Mr. David Anderson, Conciliator and Arbitrator	2 November 2010
United Republic of Tanzania	Ambassador James Kateka, Judge of ITLOS, Conciliator and Arbitrator	18 September 2013

**2. List of experts for the purposes of article 2
of Annex VIII (Special Arbitration) to the Convention**

*List of experts in the field of fisheries maintained
by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations²*

ALBANIA

1. Mr. Roland Kristo, Director, Fisheries Policies Directory, Ministry of Environment, Forests and Water Management
2. Mrs. Mimoza Gobani, Expert, Fisheries Policies Directory, Ministry of Environment, Forests and Water Management

ARGENTINA

Prof. Dr. Frida Marfa Armas Pfirter

AUSTRALIA

1. Dr. Russell Reichelt, Director of the Australian Institute of Marine Science, Townsville
2. Dr. Peter Young, currently holder of a CSIRO Special Research Fellowship & Honorary Research Consultant to the University of Queensland's Department of Zoology

BAHRAIN

Prof. Dr. Ismael Mohamed El Medany, Vice-President of the Public Commission for the Protection of Marine Resources, Environment and Wildlife and Director-General of the General Directorate of Environment and Wildlife Protection

BENIN

1. Mr. Pascal Tanimomo
2. Mr. Benoît T. Adeke

BRAZIL

1. Mr. José Dias Neto, Brazilian Institute of Environment and Renewable Natural Resources (IBAMA), Brasilia
2. Mr. José Heriberto Menezes de Lima, Northeast Coastland Center for Research and Management of Fishery Resources (CEPENE), Brasilia

CHILE

1. Ms. Maria Angela Barbieri, Fishing Engineer, Chief of the Fishing Development Division, Undersecretary of Fisheries
2. Ms. Valeria Carvajal, Fishing Engineer, International Affairs, Undersecretary of Fisheries

CHINA

1. Shuolin Huang, Professor, Vice-President, Shanghai Fisheries University
2. Hanling Wang, The National Institute of Law, Chinese Academy of Social Sciences

CONGO, DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF

Mr. Sayeman Bula-Bula, Law of the Sea Professor, University of Kinshasa

² Transmitted by communication dated 12 January 2017 from the Food and Agriculture Organization.

CYPRUS

1. Andreas Demetropoulos, Director of Fisheries Department
2. Emilios Economou, Senior Officer, Department of Fisheries

CZECH REPUBLIC

Prof. Vladimír Kopal, Professor of Law, Charles University, Prague

EGYPT

1. Dr. Ahmed Abdel Moneim AlMizayen, Chief of Central Department for Damietta Region
2. Dr. Madani Ali Madani, Researcher at General Authority for Fisheries Resources Department

INDONESIA

1. Prof. Dr. Aprilani Soegiarto, M. Sc
2. It. Johanés Widodo, M.S. Ph.D.

ITALY

1. Prof. Tullio Scovazzi, Professor of International Law, Second Faculty of Law, University of Milan
2. Dr. Gian Piero Francalanci, Geologist for AGIP, Italian National Oil Company

IRAQ

1. Mohamed Mahmud Halwas, Engineer, Director, Development Fish Resources Division
2. Daud Salman Daud, University Degree (Marine), Development Fish Resources Division

JAPAN

1. Kunio Yonezawa, former Deputy Director General, Fisheries Agency, Japan
2. Moritaka Hayashi, Professor Emeritus, Waseda University School of Law, Japan

KUWAIT

1. Dr. Haidar Ali Murad, Deputy Director General for Fishery Resources in the Public Authority for Agriculture Affairs and Fish Resources, Kuwait
2. Dr. Mohsen Al-Hussaini, Fisheries Stock Assessment, Kuwait Institute for Scientific Research, Kuwait

MAURITIUS

1. Mr. Munesh Munbodh, Chief, Fisheries Officer
2. Mr. Atmanun Venkatasami, Ag. Principal Fisheries Officer

MEXICO

1. Jerónimo Ramos Saenz Pardo
2. Antonio J. Diaz de León Corral

NETHERLANDS

Prof. Dr. Erik Molenaar, Deputy Director, Netherlands Institute for the Law of the Sea (NILOS), Utrecht University & Professor, K.G. Jebsen Centre for the Law of the Sea (JCLOS), UiT The Arctic University of Norway

OMAN

1. Dr. Ahmad bin Hareb al Hosni, Director-General, Fisheries Research and Extension Department, Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries
2. Mr. Mohammad bin Soliman al Siabi, Economist/Researcher, Fisheries Department, Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

PANAMA

1. Mr. Ramón González, Biologist
2. Ms. Leyka Del C. Martinez, Biologist

POLAND

1. Mr. Jan Horbowy, Sea Fisheries Institute, Poland
2. Mr. Zbigniew Karnicki, Sea Fisheries Institute, Poland

PORTUGAL

1. Prof. Ricardo Serrão Santos
2. Ing. Carlos Garcia do Vale

RUSSIAN FEDERATION

1. Mr Vladimir N. Shibanov, Head of Division of Fishery, Department of Fishery, Ministry of Agriculture of the Russian Federation
2. Dr. Kamil A. Bekyashev, Adviser of the Minister of Agriculture of the Russian Federation, Federal Agency on Fishery

SAUDI ARABIA

1. Mr. Talal Loffi Abou Shousha, Director-General, Fishery Resources Research Centre, Jeddah
2. Mr. Waleed bin Khaled A. Qarmali, Senior Expert, Fishery Resources Division, Jeddah

SURINAME

1. Mr. R. J. Debipersad, M. Sc., Acting Director of Fisheries
2. Mrs. M. P. Jagesar-Wirjodirjo, Staff member, Legislation Office Fisheries Department

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

1. Ms. Ann Marie Jobity, Director of Fisheries
2. Ms Christine Chan-A-Shing, Senior Fisheries Officer

UGANDA

1. Dr Faustino L. Orach-Meza, Commissioner for Fisheries, Fisheries Department, Entebbe
2. Prof. John Okedi, Makerere University, Department of Zoology & Fisheries, Kampala

UNITED KINGDOM

1. Professor Dr. Robin Cook, Chief Executive, Fisheries Research Services Laboratory, Aberdeen
2. Professor Alan Boyle, Professor of Public International Law, University of Edinburgh

URUGUAY

1. Prof. Guillermo Arena
2. Dr. Hebert Nion Girado

**B. SELECTED DOCUMENTS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND THE SECURITY COUNCIL OF
THE UNITED NATIONS³**

1. A/71/875-S/2017/321: Letter dated 12 April 2017 from the Permanent Representative of Turkey to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.
2. A/71/900-S/2017/392: Letter dated 4 May 2017 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.
3. A/71/901-S/2017/416: Letter dated 10 May 2017 from the Permanent Representative of Greece to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General.

³ All United Nations documents are available online at [www.undocs.org/\[symbol of the document\]](http://www.undocs.org/[symbol of the document]).

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